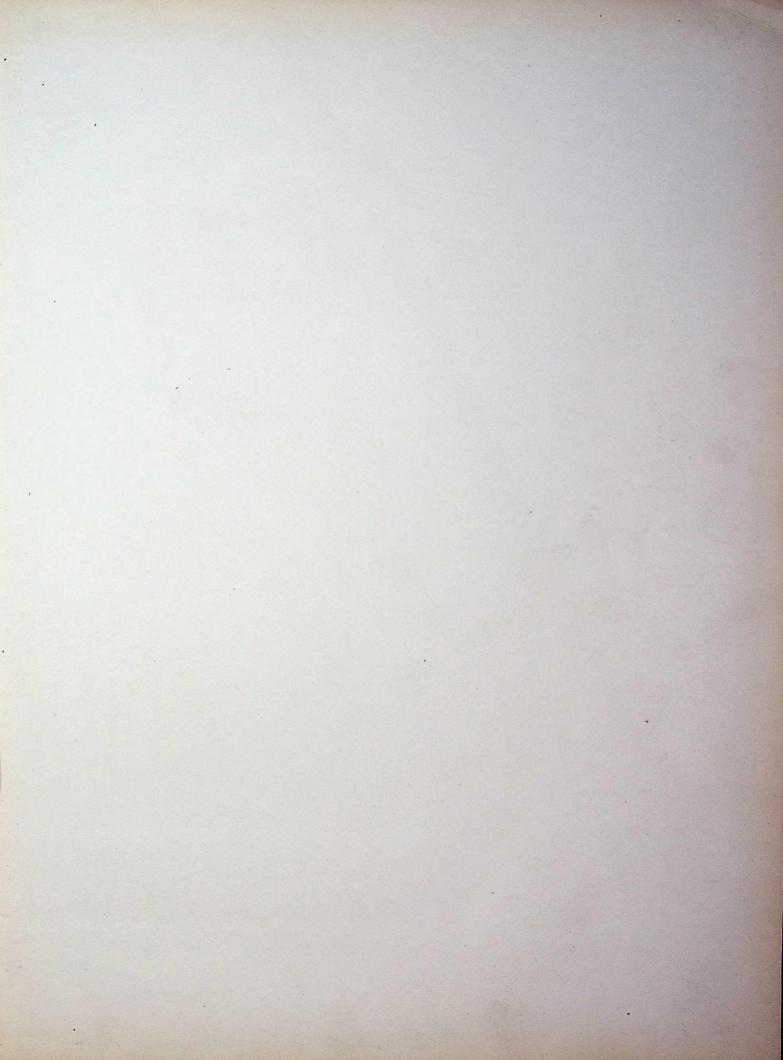
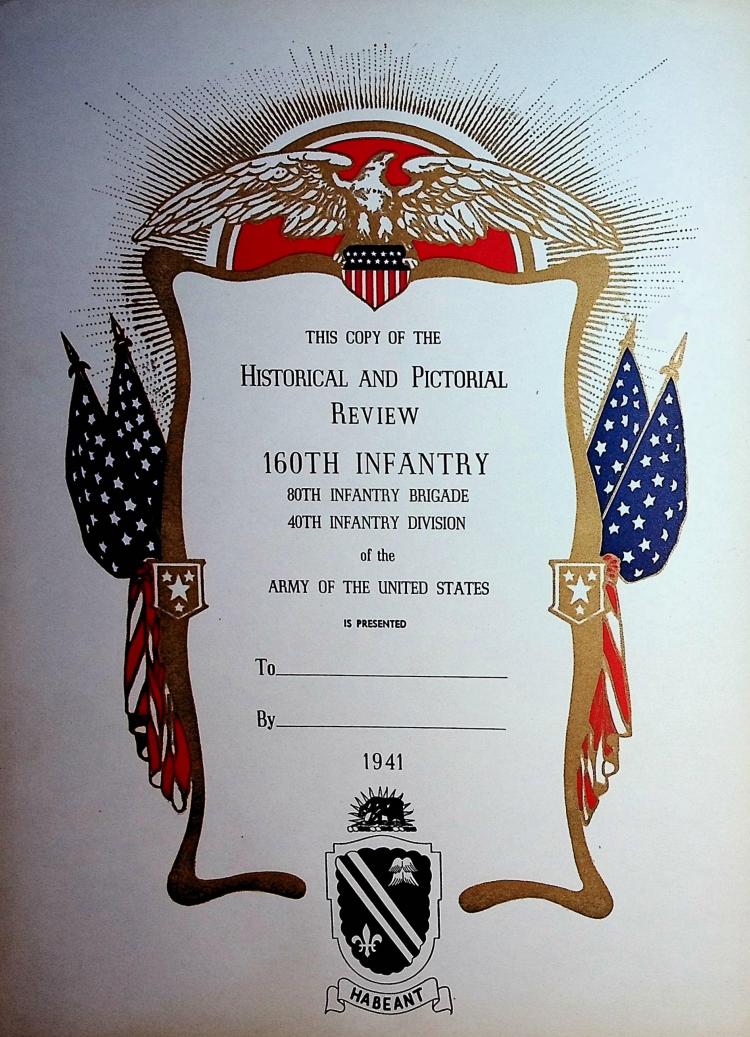


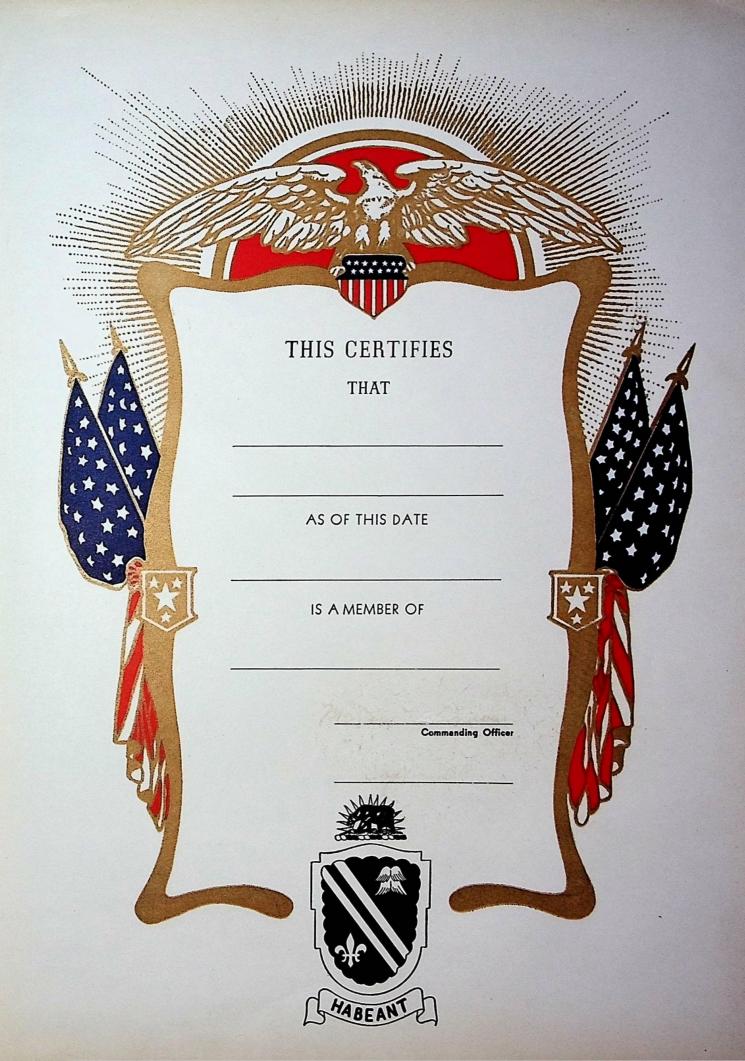
160th INFANTRY

40th INFANTRY
DIVISION

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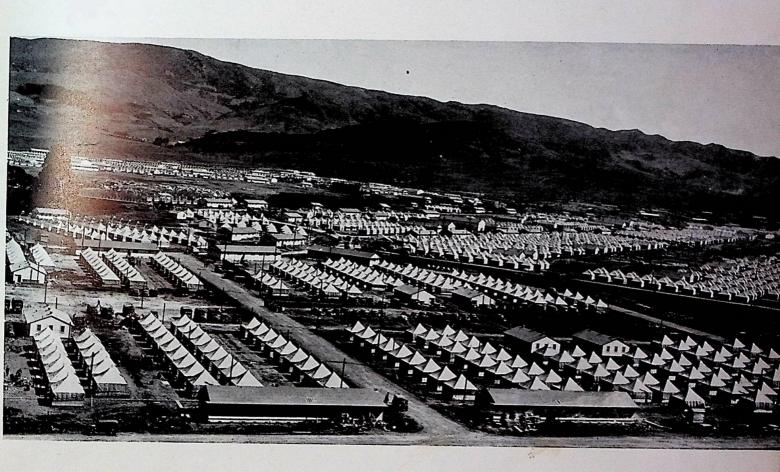






HISTORICAL and PICTORIAL REVIEW 40TH INFANTRY DIVISION

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES



SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

1941



HEADQUARTERS FORTIETH DIVISION OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL

To the Officers and men of the 40th Division:

Again the 40th Division has entered Federal service, and moves forward on the mission of intensive preparation to take its stand, shoulder to shoulder, with our comrades in arms, for the defense of our nation, our ideals, and our chosen way of life

This responsibility is a challenge to each and every officer and man of the Division which can only be met by sincere, willing and and liberty. diligent effort and application to duty. The Division can be no better than the officers and men who comprise it; therefore, each individual contributes to the Division just what he makes of himself, his squad, and his company or battery.

By our concerted effort, we will attain the objective which has long inspired the loyal group of citizen-soldiers who, throughout the years of waning general interest in the military, steadfastly gave of their time and effort that the 40th Division might be ready to answer the challenge of the day which is now upon us.

I am proud of the officers and men of the 40th Division, and am confident that this Division will be one of the finest in the

service.

WALTER P. STORY Major General, U.S. Army



WALTER P. STORY Major General

Commanding the 40th Infantry Division from June 28, 1937, through its initial period of induction into Federal service in 1941 until he was taken seriously ill in June, 1941.



RALPH D. MAXFIELD Major Aide to Major General Story

HEADQUARTERS FORTLETH DIVISION OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL GAMP SAN LUIS OBIEPO, CALIFORNIA

To the Personnel of The

Inducted in March, doubled in strength during June and July, seasoned by participation in the 1941 Fourth Army Maneuvers, the Division now faces further intensive training and testing. Beasoned by participation in the 1941 rourth Army waneuvers.

Division now faces further intensive training and testing.

The entire operation of the Division during the Washington Maneuvers was characterized by soldierly execution. I have from many observers william extreme laudatory remarks on the observers, military and civilian, extreme laudatory remarks on the efficiency and businesslike conduct of individuals of all ranks and observers, military and civilian, extreme laudatory remarks on the efficiency and businesslike conduct of individuals of all ranks and analysis and when it was completed the Division efficiency and businesslike conduct of individuals of all ranks and grades during that maneuver, and when it was completed the Division was in excellent condition and anxious to carry on.

I find high morale in the Division, I have found nothing but The tasks which lie ahead of the Division will be arduous.

I feel that no matter what they may be, the report will always be:

"The Fortieth Infantry Division is On The Nay!" the greatest eagerness and desire to excel.

E.J. DAVLEY, Brigadier General, U.S.A. Commanding.



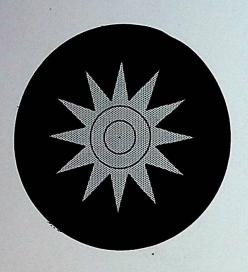
ERNEST J. DAWLEY Major General

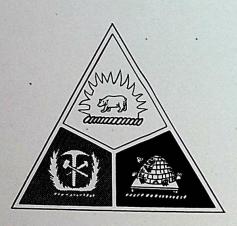
Attached to the 40th Infantry Division (temporary command) June 23, 1941. Assigned as Division Commander, September 2, 1941.



W. N. GILMORE Major Aide to Major General Dawley

Insignia and Shoulder Ornament 40TH INFANTRY DIVISION





CALIFORNIA

Crest: On a wreath or and gules the setting sun behind a grizzly bear passant on a grassy field all proper.

Description: California, the Sunset State, the Golden Gate Commonwealth. The grizzly bear was on the flag of the California Republic. The original white settlement within the State was of Spanish origin and the twists of the wreath are accordingly gold and red.

NEVADA

Crest: On a wreath or and gule, within a garland of sagebrush a sledge and a miner's drill crossed in saltire behind a pickax in pale proper.

Description: The miner's tools within the sagebrush. The mines are a great source of wealth in Nevada and the State flower is the sagebrush. The territory was originally within the Spanish possessions and the twists of the wreath are accordingly yellow and red.

UTAH

Crest: On a wreath of the colors, or and gules, a beehive beset with seven bees, all proper.

Description: The seal of the State of Utah. The territory was originally within the Spanish possessions and the twists of the heraldic wreath are accordingly yellow and red.

GENERAL STAFF

40TH DIVISION



W. F. DAUGHERTY Colonel Chief of Staff



GEORGE W. LATIMER Lieutenant Colonel



MARVIN C. BRADLEY Lieutenant Colonel G-3

CARLE H. BELT Lieutenant Colonel G-4









GEORGE C. HERRON Captain Assistant G-I

MERRYL C. SHAVER Major Assistant G-2

DANIEL H. HUDELSON Major Assistant G-3

JOSEPH H. TRAVERS Major Assistant G-4











HARCOURT HERVEY Brigadier General Artillery Officer



WILLIAM B. GRAHAM Colonel Training Advisory Team



WILLIAM F. WEILER Colonel Engineer Officer

SPECIAL STAFF



DANIEL B. MacCALLUM Colonel Surgeon



FLOYD W. STEWART Colonel Quartermaster



THOMAS H. MONROE Lieutenant Colonel Training Advisory Team

MORRIS DRAPER

Lieutenant Colonel

Adjutant General

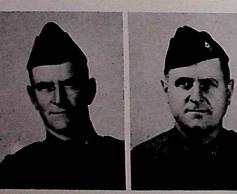


FRANK W. BONNEY Lieutenant Colonel Training Advisory Team



JOHN H. BALL Lieutenant Colonel Training Advisory Team

PAUL J. DOWLING Lieutenant Colonel Training Advisory Team



CHAS. R. FITZGERALD Lieutenant Colonel Chemical Officer



WILLIAM G. HARRIS Lieutenant Colonel Inspector General



CHARLES M. READING Lieutenant Colonel Finance Officer





HERSCHEL R. GRIFFIN Lieutenant Colonel Chaplain



LEWIS H. JONES Lieutenant Colonel Judge Advocate General



CLYDE R. SMITH Lieutenant Colonel Signal Officer



LEONARD H. SERVICE Lieutenant Colonel Provost Marshal



EDMUND P. STONE Major Post Exchange Officer

40TH DIVISION



EUGENE T. SEVERIN Major Assistant Adjutant General



R. V. JURDEN Major Veterinarian



PAUL J. ROBERTS Major Ordnance Officer



PHILIP WILSON Captain Morale Officer



RAY C. SCOTT Captain Assistant Adjutant General

ALBERT L. HILLIARD Captain Assistant Adjutant General



ROBERT E. GREIG Captain Assistant Chemical Officer



GEORGE C. WOEHRLE Captain Assistant Finance Officer



HUGH F. THURMAN First Lieutenant Assistant Adjutant General



WILLIAM M. CORDER First Lieutenant Postal Officer





Colonel W. F. Daugherty, Chief of Staff.

40th Division Headquarters



Lieutenant Colonel Marvin C. Bradley, G-3, talks with Assistant G-3.



Lieutenant Colonel Carle H. Belt, G-4. dictates a letter.





The Sergeant Major takes a letter from Major Eugene T. Severin, Assistant Adjutant General.









Lieutenant Colonel George W. Latimer, G-I.



Lieutenant Colonel Ralph A. Tudor confers with Major Ralph D. Maxfield, aide to Major General Story.

Lieutenant Colonel Lewis H. Jones, Judge Advocate.



Lieutenant Colonel Leonard H. Service, Provost Marshal, discusses military detail with Corporal.



Captain Philip Wilson, Morale Officer, with "Lefty" Murdock, formerly with the New York Giants.



Assistant Adjutant General, Captain Ray C. Scott, dictates a letter.



HISTORY OF THE 40TH DIVISION



GOVERNOR LELAND STANFORD AND STAFF

"Each generation gathers together the imperishable soldiers of the past, and increases them by new sons of light, alike radiant with immortality."

In recording the history of the 40th Division, United States Army, one must reckon back to the stirring "Days of '49"—"Gold Rush Days." Many of the present-day units of the 40th Division can trace their beginnings to independent bands of citizen-soldiers—"Militia Men," whose exploits and deeds of valor figure so prominently in the "Winning of the West."

In the "Days of '49," boundaries of states were very elastic, and little heed was given to border-lines. Early-day companies of the National Guard were organized principally in towns adjacent to the mining camps, and were far-reaching in authority.

The early-day National Guard organizations of California, Utah, and Nevada, were similarly constituted, and, as today, served in close harmony, with high purpose and mutual understanding. It is therefore more than mere coincidence that the 40th Division, since its organization, has included units of the National Guard of the states of California, Utah and Nevada.

In terms of miles, the distance from Sutter's Creek to San Luis Obispo, California, is perhaps but one day's march for modern, mechanized units of the 40th Division —perhaps well within the three hundred mile limit. But the 40th Division has traveled many more miles in its scope of action and years of activation than is represented in mileage from its place of origin to the present Command Post.

In terms of vehicles, many have been the types since the days of the "Covered Wagons," or "Prairie Schooners," of the "Days of '49," to the soldier-termed "Jeep" or motor truck of 1941.

In terms of soldiers the types have run true to form within the ranks of the 40th Division throughout the years of its existence. The names of countless outstanding Americans are inscrolled on the "Rolls of Honor" of the 40th Division.

Earlier-day Guardsmen of California, Nevada and Utah, served the "Community, State and Nation," not only in handling emergencies at home, but they followed The Flag across the Seven Seas, and saw service in many foreign lands.

The problems of the early days must have been difficult indeed. Hostile and disgruntled Indians were a source of trouble, and frequent uprisings had to be quelled. Outlaws and robbers, especially in the mountain areas were also frequently troublesome. Early-day labor troubles necessitated the "calling out" of the National Guard frequently.



Officers of the Second Battalion, California Heavy
Artillery.

Service to stricken communities, notably during the San Francisco earthquake and fire of 1906, and the Long Beach earthquake of 1933, are but two instances in their long history when California National Guardsmen responded to the call of humanity at a time of great emergency.

National Guardsmen of California, Utah and Nevada, served during the Spanish-American War of 1898, the Philippine Insurrection of 1899, Mexican Border service of 1916, and during the World War, 1917 to 1918.

To compile a composite history of the various organizations of the 40th Division, wherein the glorious deeds and accomplishments of the personnel would be fittingly recorded, would be indeed a task of great magnitude. Elsewhere will appear Historical and Pictorial Reviews of the Regimental Organizations of the 40th Division.

From these strong-hearted, sturdy Guardsmen of yesterday—their deeds and accomplishments, the present-day 40th Division, United States Army, has inherited a splendid morale and esprit-de-corps.

The 40th Division, United States Army, came into being during World War days. The war-time history of the division has been handed down to posterity in the form of a priceless report of its "War-Time" Adjutant and Inspector.

"God be thanked for books; they are the voices of the distant and the dead, and make us heirs of the spiritual life of ages past."

The imperishable "BOOK" of the 40th Division, United States Army, is, therefore, the following official report:

THE 40TH ("SUNSHINE") DIVISION, A. E. F.

By Lieutenant Colonel Ray I. Follmer, U. S. A.

Adjutant and Inspector, 40th Division, A. E. F.

(For 41 years a member of the California National Guard)

The 40th ("SUNSHINE") Division was organized at Camp Kearney, near San Diego, California, September 16, 1917, and was composed of National Guard organizations of the states of ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO and UTAH. The Division enjoyed a continuity of policy and tradition,

due to the unbroken command of Major General Frederick S. Strong, United States Army.

Major General Frederick S. Strong organized the 40th Divison, and was its beloved Commander during its World War days. An organization reflects its leader. General Strong was an accomplished soldier, an experienced administrator, a considerate and cultured gentleman of unblemished character and high ideals. He imparted his principles and spirit to his command. Especially and unceasingly was he solicitous for the physical and moral welfare of the men of his Division, in no way abating discipline, but constantly seeking to obtain for his men the best condition of life under the circumstances. The personnel of the 40th Division, old and new, will retain an abiding loyalty and affection for their "War-Time" Commanding General.

HISTORICAL SKETCH

There is a vast difference between 27,000 men and a Division. A Division is a living organism partaking a distinct individuality and a particular spirit. Napoleon, perhaps the greatest idealist in history, stated that "In war the MORAL is to the PHYSICAL, as three to one." Morally, a Division is a team developed to the highest state of technical efficiency, charged with the loftiest aspirations and the most intense patriotism, and bound with a confraternity of spirit which can only come from service of a great cause.

What was the composition of the "SUNSHINE" Division? It was the bone and sinew of the Great West, full of boldness, replete with a spirit of initiative and practicality. ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, and UTAH! Each of these states, in territory about two-thirds the size of France, is set aloft on the great Rocky Mountain Plateau that tops the American Continent, or borders the broad Pacific. These men of the 40th Division partook of the character of the country from which they came. They were of unsurpassed physique, hardy and enduring. They came from the ranches and the mines, from forests and the factory, from the vineyards and the marts of commerce. Every practical handicraft, every business, every learned profession was represented, and an analysis of its personnel would show the Division to contain all ele-

The last spike connecting the Union and Central Pacific Railways is driven May 10, 1869. Included in the picture are Leland Stanford, General G. M. Dodge, General William T. Sherman.





Camp scene of the Second Battalion.

ments that go to make up our highly intricate, modern civilization. And it is well that it is so, because modern warfare is simply the application of all means and force of civilization, in conflict of nations between nations.

It is difficult, in retrospect, to visualize the eagerness and intensity which men brought to the problem of training after the outbreak of the World War. The 40th Division had a great advantage over many units in the fact that the National Guard organizations which formed its foundation, had attained a high degree of efficiency during the mobilization of the National Guard on the Mexican Border. Favored by the climate of Southern California, they did not lose training owing to inclement weather, an advantage enjoyed by no other Division in the Army.

The great Aviation Camps at North Island were available for range work with the Artillery Brigade, and the Liaison Training with the Infantry. None can overstate the degree of enthusiasm, the persistency of effort, the completeness of cooperation, that combined to build the high esprit which characterized the 40th Division. How much loyalty, how much earnest effort were poured out in unstinted measure to forge a weapon that should be worthy of the country and its section, only those can realize who shared in the labor, the training, and the responsibility.

The entire Division looked forward with confidence and anticipation to the supreme moment when the Division should enter the conflict, in vindication of the high cause to which it was summoned.

But, by the fortunes of war, the Division was called to a role of abnegation and self-sacrifice, more difficult than the trials of the hardest campaign. After the receipt of 9,000 recruits from Camp Lewis and Camp Funston, in October and November, 1917, the Division was at war strength, and its training as a Division got under way.

In January, 1918, the first considerable reduction in this war-time strength came by way of a requisition from the War Department for 1,200 men for the Engineers. Only trained men were supplied and transferred January 26th to Washington Barracks, and designated as the 20th Engineers, and the 534th Pontoon Train.

And then, in April, 1918, a requisition was received for 1,500 trained Infantrymen, which call was filled with men, who, for the most part, had seen service with the old National Guard units on the Mexican Border. These

men were transferred to the 42nd ("RAINBOW")
Division.

During May and June, the 40th Division, like nearly every other Division then in the United States, was called on to furnish all trained Infantrymen and Artillerymen it could possibly sacrifice, for immediate service—overseas. In response to this call, 5,000 Infantrymen and 1,500 Artillerymen, all of whom had been over eight months in training, were supplied. These men, of the June DRAFT, were among the best ever trained by the Division, and subsequently proved their mettle with the Divisions they joined, with a glorious record of service.

When the 40th Division arrived in France, August 24, 1918, the enemy had completed a great series of smashing drives which started on March 21, 1918, and ended with his last, fatal attack of July 15, 1918.

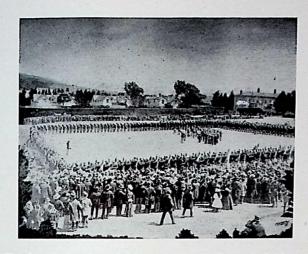
The Supreme Allied Command had instituted its counter-offensive between Soissons and Chateau-Thierry on July 18th, and was planning the chain of furious assaults which were to break Germany's threat, and end the war.

Other Divisions had been fortunate in arriving in France earlier, thus preceding the 40th Division to battle. In playing their high role, they had suffered great casualties, and there arose the problem of filling the depleted ranks. The cruel but essential solution was that our "SUNSHINE" Division (in the role of First Army Replacement Division), had to make a vicarious sacrifice, and was denied the long, anticipated reward of entering the battle line as a Division.

That Combat Divisions "On the Line" might carry on the fight, 11,000 of our Division had been stripped from us to help other Divisions write their pages of history. At first, the bitterness of our disappointment was supreme and unallayed. But, we played the game, and did with loyalty what we were ordered to do. We were disappointed . . . we always will be. Nothing can take away the keen disappointment of the individual officer and soldier whom fate denied the privilege of striking a direct blow; but will not the true analysis show that the "SUN-SHINE" Division contributed a full share to the success of our nation's arms, and helped write the glorious pages of history of those Divisions who served in the battle-line?

Mounted Officers of the Second Battalion, California Heavy Artillery, lead the way out of the gates of the Presidio as the Battalion prepares to embark for the Philippines.





The Second Battalion, California Heavy Artillery, of California, leaving the parade grounds at the Presidio in San Francisco on May 30, 1898, enroute to the Philippine Islands. Colors are presented by the Mayor of Sacramento to Major Rice.

When American troops barred the way to the enemy at Chateau-Thierry, men of the 40th Division were there.

With the 26th ("YANKEE") Division, replacements from the 40th Division stood in the trenches in the Toul Sector; fought in Foch's epic battle of mid-July; stormed the Bois des Eparges at the Battle of St. Mihiel; raced down the Grande Tranchee de Galonns on the famous night march that brought junction between the two American armies in attack, and cut off thousands of German prisoners, and fought to the last in the operations of the 26th Division, North of Verdun, which ended with the Armistice, November 11.

Our machine-gunners gained the highest commendation of their commanders in the 32nd ("RED-ARROW") Division, composed originally of the National Guard of Michigan and Wisconsin; they fought with this Division in its brilliance and glorious storming of the Kriemhilde-Stellung line, the last organized line of the enemy defense, south of the Meuse.

Four thousand of our beloved "SUNSHINERS" went to fill up the ranks of the 77th ("METROPOLITAN") Division, from New York, and drove forward with the 77th Division in its remarkable advance through the Argonne Forest, to the left bank of the Meuse, southeast of Sedan. The officers of this Division testifed in glowing terms to the splendid deportment of these men from the West.

One thousand "SUNSHINE" replacements went to the 81st ("WILDCAT") Division; 2,000 replacements went to the 28th ("KEYSTONE") Division from Pennsylvania; 2,000 each to the 80th ("BLUE RIDGE") Division, and the 82nd ("ALL-AMERICAN") and the 89th ("MIDDLE WEST") Divisions.

In all—the "SUNSHINE" Division sent more than 27,000 replacements to the Combat Divisions of the A. E. F.

Our officers and soldiers were with the famed "Lost Battalion" of the 77th Division, in the Argonne. Captain Nelson M. Holderman, of Company L, of the old Seventh California, and Captain Leo A. Stromee, of Company K, of the old Seventh California, served as Company Commanders in the Lost Battalion. Both were wounded in action, Captain Holderman suffering severe wounds on four successive days, October 4, 5, 6 and 7, 1918.

For "Conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty," Captain Holderman was awarded the Congressional MEDAL OF HONOR. He was also awarded the PURPLE HEART MEDAL, and received decorations for valor from France and Belgium.

Captain Stromee was awarded the SILVER STAR CITATION for valor, and the PURPLE HEART MEDAL.

Both Captains Holderman and Stromee were awarded the California State Medal for valor and distinguished service while serving with the California National Guard.

Another "SUNSHINER," Captain Arthur King, of Company C, old Seventh California, was awarded the DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS, while serving with the First Division, A. E. F.

Many other "SUNSHINERS" served with honor and distinction, with the Combat Divisions of the A. E. F. Many paid the supreme sacrifice in service to their country on the field of battle.

We of the 40th Division saw Division after Division leap forward to the battle, advance gloriously against stout resistance and enormous obstacles, and retire from the line with great gaps in their ranks. The battle must go on. The enemy must not be given a moment. Two hundred replacements here—three thousand replacements there—in groups of hundreds and thousands thrown into these gaps—these men of our "SUNSHINE" Division. Well trained, as we knew them to be, and inspired by an especially high morale that characterized our Division, these "SUNSHINE" replacements brought confidence and encouragement with them, wherever they were sent. Their graves are on every battlefield that bears witness to the valor of the American Army in Europe. As they carried away from us our abiding and affectionate interest, we knew that they bore with them an abiding faith and affectionate loyalty to the organization that trained them and sent them forth to battle.

It is of record that the 40th "SUNSHINE" Division ranked seventh among the Combat Divisions of the A. E. F., in casualties, 2,587 being killed in battle; 11,596 were wounded in action; 70 taken prisoners, and 103 died at Camp Kearney Base Hospital.

John A. Sutter, pioneer of 1839, who founded the City of Sacramento.



In no grudging sense, in no spirit of narrow sectionalism, do we say it, but, when our countrymen from other sections of these United States rightly acclaim the high deeds of the Divisions that were associated with their communities, we suggest that it be remembered that the lives of thousands of the incomparable sons of the Great West were laid down to write their pages of history,

Not in a spirit of detraction, not in a spirit of criticism, but in the spirit of fraternity, we emphasize the fact that the great military traditions established in the World War which will be treasured in New England, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, and in many other sections, were created in part by men of the "SUNSHINE" Division, from ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, and UTAH.

RAY I. FOLLMER,

Lieutenant Colonel, United States Army, Adjutant and Inspector, 40th Division, A. E. F.

The signing of the Armistice, November 11, 1918, brought about a cessation of hostilities. Peace, however, was not officially declared until a Joint Resolution, passed by the Congress of the United States, signed by President Harding, July 2, 1921; signed at Berlin, August 25, 1921, by United States and German representatives; ratified by the German National Council, September 17, 1921, and, finally, ratified by the United States Senate, October 18, 1921.

The general feeling after the World War throughout the United States was that the war had ended, and enthusiasm in military affairs was hard to arouse. Veteran National Guardsmen of California, Utah and Nevada, had different ideas, and as early as December, 1918, new companies were rapidly formed. It was not until 1920 and 1921, however, that organizations—by regiments—were reorganized by direction of the Adjutants General

Colonel Nelson M. Holderman, one of the two men to ever receive the California "Medal of Valor." While Captain, 160th Infantry (Seventh California Infantry), California National Guard, he was transferred to the 308th Infantry, 77th Division, actively participating in the operations of the "Lost Battalion" and, although severely wounded October 4, 5 and 7, and suffering from great pain, distinguished himself by his courageous conduct above and beyond the call of duty, which was an inspiration to the men of this command.





Lieutenant Colonel Leo A. Stromee, one of the two men to ever be awarded the California "Medal of Valor." While Captain, 160th Infantry (Seventh California Infantry), California National Guard, he was transferred to the 308th Infantry, 77th Division, where he actively participated in the operation of the "Lost Battalion" and although severely wounded distinguished himself by continuing to lead and encourage the officers and men of his command.

of these far-Western States. Again—the citizen-soldiery responded to the call of the "Community, State and Nation," and once more armories and drill halls resounded to the tramp of marching men, and the sharp rhythmic snap of rifles carrying on in the manual of arms.

On June 18, 1926, by War Department General Order, the 40th Division was reorganized, with Headquarters at Berkeley, California. Units of the National Guard of California, Utah and Nevada were assigned to the newly organized "SUNSHINE" Division.

Major General David S. Barrows commanded the 40th Division from June 18, 1926, to June 30, 1937.

Major General Walter P. Story assumed command of the 40th Division, July 7, 1937.

In 1937, the Headquarters of the 40th Division was moved to Los Angeles.

Encampments of the 40th Division have been held regularly since 1927, when the Division assembled at Del Monte, California.

On July 4, 1928, Camp San Luis Obispo was officially dedicated by Brigadier General Richard E. Mittelstaedt, Adjutant General, State of California. The original site included 2,989.67 acres, owned by the State of California, and 1,200 acres, leased.

During this present-day period of Army expansion, the facilities at Camp San Luis Obispo, have been increased to facilitate the operations and training of the 40th Division at its present war-strength of 18,000 officers and soldiers.

The components of the 40th Division are as follows:

Headquarters and Medical Detachment: Headquarters Detachment; Medical Department Detachment; Headquarters Company; 40th Military Police Company; 40th Signal Company; 115th Ordnance Company.

79th Infantry Brigade: 159th Infantry: 184th Infantry. 80th Infantry Brigade: 160th Infantry: 185th Infantry.

65th Field Artillery Brigade: 143rd Field Artillery; 145th Field Artillery; 222nd Field Artillery.

115th Engineers.

115th Medical Regiment.

115th Quartermaster Regiment.

THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES

The Constitution gives to Congress the power to raise and support armies and designates the President as Commander-in-Chief. By the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as later amended by other laws, Congress constituted the Army of the United States in six components: the Regular Army, the National Guard of the United States, the National Guard while in the service of the United States, the Officers' Reserve Corps, the Organized Reserves, and the Enlisted Reserve Corps.

Each component of the Army consists of officers and enlisted men divided into combat arms, such as the Infantry, Air Corps, and Field Artillery, and into services, such as the Medical Department and the Quartermaster Corps. Each arm, service, and bureau has a "Chief" in Washington. The arms, services, and bureaus are as follows:

ARMS

Infantry, Cavalry, Tank Corps, Coast Artillery, Air Corps, Field Artillery, Corps of Engineers, Signal Corps.

SERVICES

Adjutant General's Department, Inspector General's Department, Judge Advocate General's Department, Quartermaster Corps, Finance Department, Medical Department, Chemical Warfare Service, Corps of Chaplains.

BUREAU

National Guard Bureau.

In general the arms do the actual fighting in battle, and the services assist the arms by supplying them with food, clothing, weapons, ammunition, and other supplies, and by furnishing transportation, medical care, and other assistance.

Some of the services, however, may come into direct contact with the enemy and then have to fight for their own protection. On the other hand, a few of the arms, particularly the Corps of Engineers, and the Signal Corps, may not only engage directly in combat with the enemy but furnish certain special supplies to the other arms.

A few of the services are composed entirely of Army officers; the other arms and services consist of both officers and enlisted men, and are organized into units of different sizes running from squads of a dozen men or less up to regiments or brigades of several thousand men. The largest unit completely organized in peace is the division, which is composed of infantry or cavalry and other arms and services. Still larger units are, of course, organized for maneuvers or in our war-time Army corps, made up of several divisions and additional troops, and field armies which may be formed of several corps and other troops.

THE DIVISION

There are two types of Infantry Divisions—the triangular (streamlined) division and the square divison. The

Triangular Division (streamlined), consists of 12,500 officers and soldiers; the Square Division (Infantry), 18,500 officers and soldiers; the Cavalry Division, 10,000 officers and soldiers.

THE CORPS

The Corps—often called "Army Corps," to distinguish it from arms and services which have the word "corps" as part of their names, such as the Corps of Engineers and the Coast Artillery Corps, has a strength of 65,000 to 90,000 officers and soldiers. It is composed of infantry divisions of both types or of cavalry divisions, and of additional brigades, regiments, and battalions, from many different arms and services. It contains officers of all arms and services.

THE ARMY

The Army—often called "Field Army," to distinguish it from the whole Army of the United States, has a war strength of approximately 200,000 to 400,000 officers and soldiers. It is composed of corps, and of additional units from several arms and services.

For strategical military purposes, the United States is divided into four Army Areas, and for military administrative purposes, into Nine Corps Areas.

THE FOURTH ARMY

The Fourth Army consists of the 7th Corps Area, with Headquarters at Omaha, Nebraska, and the 9th Corps Area, with Headquarters at San Francisco, California.

THE NINTH CORPS AREA

The following states are included in the 9th Corps Area: Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, Arizona (in part), California and Alaska (in part).

THE 40TH DIVISION

The present-day 40th Division, United States Army, was inducted into the Federal Service March 3, 1941, as it is now constituted, made up for the most part by the National Guard of California, Utah and Nevada. The commissioned personnel has been increased by additional officers from the Officers' Reserve Corps. Since June, the enlisted strength of the Division has been increased by the addition to the ranks of Selective Service men. The 40th Division is now practically at its warstrength of 18,500 officers and soldiers.

The 40th Division has practically lost its identity as a "National Guard Division," being in every sense of the word—"In the Army." And, that is as it should be. Rapid Army expansion has increased the tempo of all things, and the 40th Division personnel has kept apace with the trend of events.

The commissioned personnel of the 40th Division has, by modern methods—fitness and selection—passed on to higher grades. Junior and Senior officers alike have received the benefits of Army Service and Technical and Specialists Schools. The enlisted personnel, likewise, especially the non-commissioned officers, have also become highly "specialized" by attendance at Professional and Specialty Schools.

Promotion "from the ranks" has created a high state of morale, and many "Shavetails"—Second Lieutenants—

of the 40th Division began their military career in the "rear rank" of their old National Guard Company.

The personnel, in its entirety, is, today, as it was in the beginning, and will continue to be so during the "March of Time." These "Sunshiners" of today resemble in every way the old National Guardsmen of yesteryear. Father and son, alike, have seen service in the 40th Division of yesterday, and are serving again today.

These "Sunshiners" of today, coming as they do from these far-Western States, have grown up in the spirit of the West—hardy and enduring. They have enjoyed life to its fullest, and with every facility constantly at hand for their mental and moral and physical well-being, they now stand today at the height of their manly glory.

MAJOR GENERAL WALTER P. STORY

Major General Walter P. Story, who commanded the 40th Infantry Division from June 28, 1937, through its initial period of induction into Federal service in 1941 until taken seriously ill in June, 1941, was born in the State of Montana, December 18, 1883, of pioneer stock whose origin dates back to 1640 in Massachusetts.

As a beginning to his distinguished service in World War I, General Story fathered what was then Battery A of the California Field Artillery (later Battery A, 143rd F. A.), recruited the Battery, raised funds to build an armory and stables in Los Angeles.

Shortly after discharge from World War I service, Captain Walter P. Story began devoting his energies toward reorganizing the National Guard of Southern California. He first organized a separate infantry company, later evolved it into the Third Separate Battalion. From this nucleus he formed the 160th Infantry, and as its Colonel commanded it for several years, inaugurating accredited schools directed by Army Instructors, and candidate classes through which enlisted men showing ability and initiative could become junior officers. He founded the 160th Infantry Guardsman, which continued in publication until discontinued to make possible the state-wide organ, The California Guardsman.

Upon formation of the 40th Division General Story took the Fort Leavenworth examinations before a Regular Army Board at the Presidio of San Francisco, passed with a high average and was assigned to command the 80th Brigade, a command which he held for 11 years until commissioned Major General and assigned to command the 40th Division in July, 1937.

General Story was a member of the Class of 1903, Shattuck Military Academy, graduate of the Army War College G-2 Course, the Ninth Corps Area Command and Staff Course and the General Officers' Class, Fort Benning, Georgia.

Only a few days after his arrival at home station from the Army War College in 1933 disaster struck the Long Beach area and General Story was placed in complete charge of the situation. The efficiency with which this duty was accomplished clearly indicated his leadership and ability to organize and command. Various types of special mobile equipment developed by the General through his experiences during this period have since proved their utility and necessity.

General Story brought to the military service a lifetime of experience as a businessman and an executive. The General's civic record is as outstanding as his military record. Citizen, soldier and gentleman, prominent member of the Los Angeles community, much of the General's life has been spent in service to his fellowman. The spirit of General Story has been reflected down through the ranks of the 40th Division. Having risen from a private in the rear rank to Commanding General he possesses an unusually deep understanding of the military. This understanding has been a clearly defined influence in the high morale of the 40th Division.

BRIGADIER GENERAL ERNEST J. DAWLEY

Brigadier General E. J. Dawley, present commander of the 40th Infantry Division, was born in Wisconsin on February 17, 1886.

His army career started in 1906 when he entered the United States Military Academy. Upon graduation four years later he was commissioned a Second Lieutenant of Field Artillery.

Prior to the World War he had seen service in the Philippines and various points in the continental limits of the United States, and in 1916 he served with the Punitive Expedition in Mexico with the Sixth Field Artillery. When the war broke out, General Dawley, then First Lieutenant, was with the Seventh Field Artillery at Fort Sam Houston, with which organization he went to France. He became a Captain in May, 1917.

After arriving in France he attended the French Artillery School at Fontainbleau and later became Executive Officer at the Samur Artillery School. On February 7, 1918, he was promoted to Major (temporary) and in May of that year joined and served on the Staff of the First Corps Artillery. In July he took command of the First Battalion, 12th Field Artillery, a part of the Second Division, and in August, 1918, he was assigned to the G-3 Section of the General Staff of the First Army. On September 18, 1918, he was promoted to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel.

Later he served as G-3 of the Second Army Artillery and with the 16th Field Artillery of the Fourth Division. On December 1, 1918, he was appointed to the G-3 Section GHQ.

In March, 1919, General Dawley was appointed a member of the Field Mission to the Baltic States for the Peace Conference, remaining on that duty until September of that year.

Upon his return from overseas he served in the Department of Tactics at the U. S. Military Academy, remaining there until July, 1924.

General Dawley is a graduate of the Advanced Course, Field Artillery School, 1926, and the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, 1927. From 1927 to 1930 he served in the office of the Chief of Field Artillery.

From August, 1930, to August, 1933, he commanded the Second Battalion, 76th Field Artillery at the Presidio of Monterey. He attended the Army War College for the 1933-1934 Course. In 1934 he held the post of the Field Artillery Instructor at the Infantry School.

Upon leaving the Infantry School in July, 1939, he commanded the 82nd Field Artillery, a part of the First Cavalry Division.

On October I, 1940, he was appointed a Brigadier General, U. S. A. (temporary), and on October 25, 1940, assumed command of the Seventh Division Artillery. He was attached to the 40th Infantry Division June 23, 1941, as temporary commander, and was assigned as Division Commander September 2, 1941. He was appointed a Major General October 1, 1941.



Left: National Colors, 159th Infantry; Regimental Colors, 159th Infantry; National Standard, 143rd Field Artillery; Regimental Standard, 143rd Field Artillery; National Colors, 160th Infantry; Regimental Colors, 160th Infantry; National Standard, 115th Field Signal Battalion; Regimental Standard, 144th Field Artillery.

Right: Flags No. 1 and 5 (reading left to right) are the National nad Regimental Colors of the Sixth Regiment of Infantry, California Volunteers, War of the Rebellion, mustered into service February 1, 1863. The following companies of the 185th Infantry were originally part of the Sixth Regiment: Headquarters Company, Service Company, Company B, Company C, and Company D.



Below: The Regimental Colors, 117th Engineers, with battle streamers, 42nd Division (National Guard). Bottom: Guidon, Company D. 117th Engineers (Sacramento) 42nd Division. The 117th Engineers are now the 115th Quartermaster Regiment.





Above: National Colors, 117th Engineers, 42nd (National Guard) Rainbow Division, World War I.

Below: World War Guidon of Battery D, 143rd Field Artillery, and Regimental Colors of the 67th Coast Artillery.





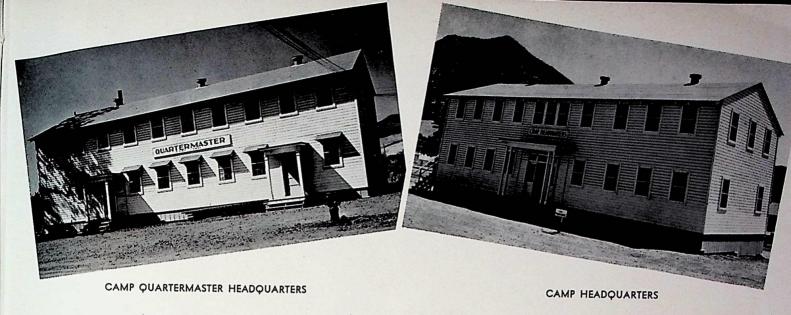
DIVISION STAFF AT CAMP KEARNY, 1919





OFFICERS OF THE FIRST ARIZONA INFANTRY, 1916, WHICH BECAME THE 158TH INFANTRY, 40TH DIVISION

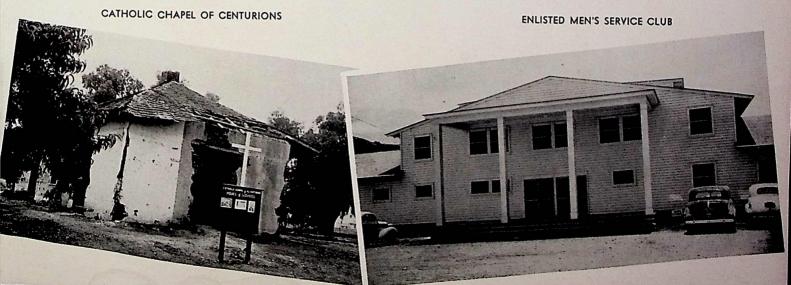


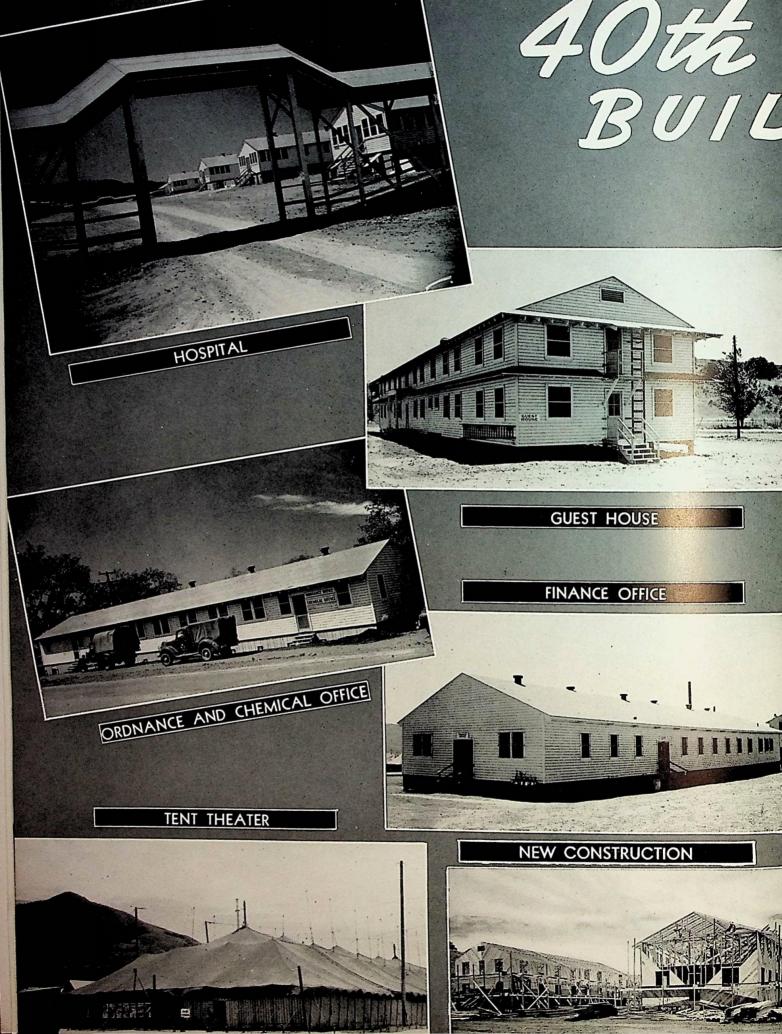


40TH DIVISION SCENES



HEADQUARTERS





US POST OFFICE CAUPS AN LLIS OBISPO CALIFORNIA U. S. POST OFFICE

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE

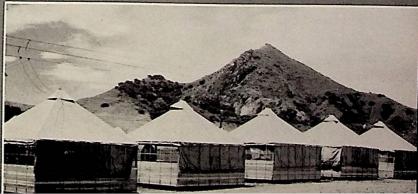
SIGNAL OFFICE



MOUNTAIN BACKGROUND FOR TENTS

SPECIAL STAFF OFFICES





SOLDIER

The stars swing down the western steep,
And soon the east will burn with day,
And we shall struggle up from sleep
And sling our packs and march away.

In this brief hour before the dawn

Has struck our bivouac with flame
I think of men whose brows have borne
The iron wreath of deadly flame.

I see the fatal phalanx creep

Like death, across the world and back,

With eyes that only strive to keep

Bucephalus' immortal track.



The pictures on this page were drawn especially for the 40th Division Pictorial and Historical Review by Private First Class Harvey Shade, Company F, 185th Infantry.





I see the legion wheel through Gaul,
The sword and flame on hearth and home,
And all the men who had to fall
That Caesar might be first in Rome.



I see the grizzled grenadier,

The dark dragoon, the gay hussar,

Whose shoulders bore for many a year

Their little emperor's blazing star.

And thunder over fair Cathay.

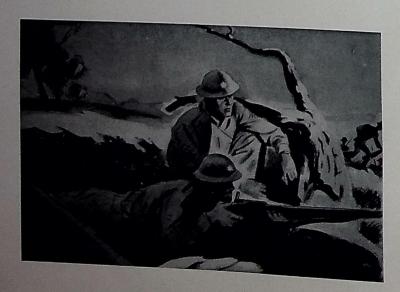
Spread outward like the dawn of day

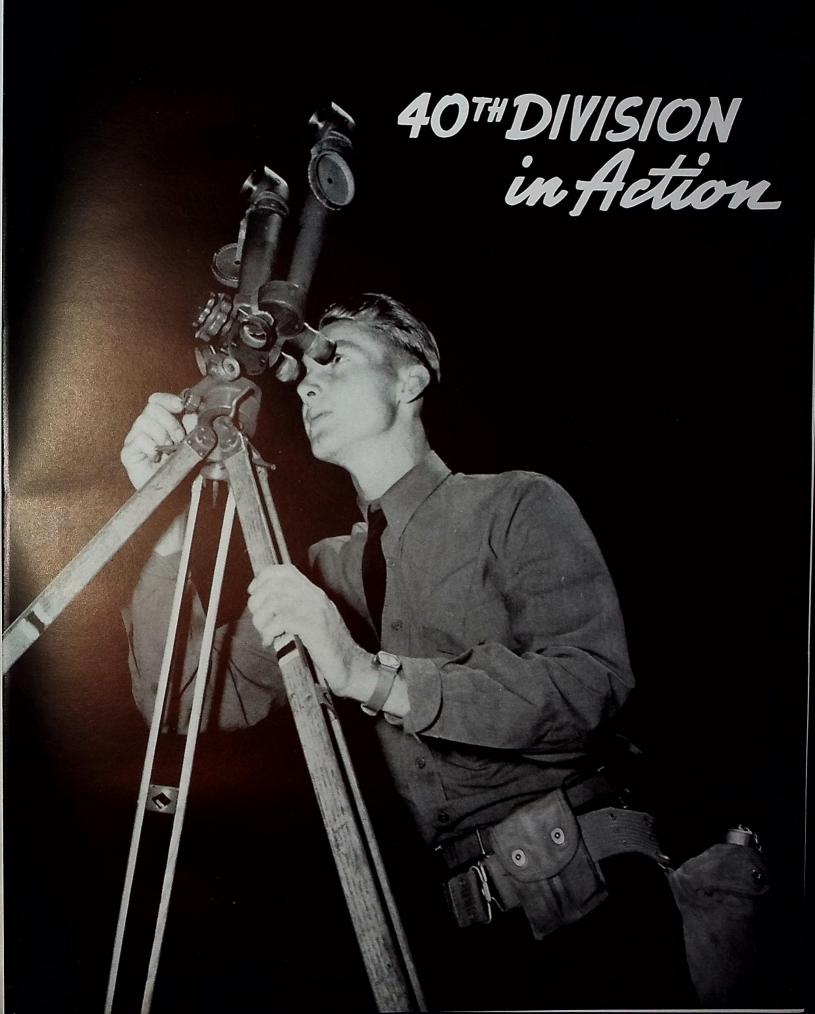
I see the horde of Genghis Khan

To trample golden Khorassan

I see these things, still I am slave
When banners flaunt and bugles blow,
Content to fill a soldier's grave,
For reasons I shall never know.

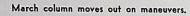
C. T. LANHAM, Major, Infantry, United States Army.





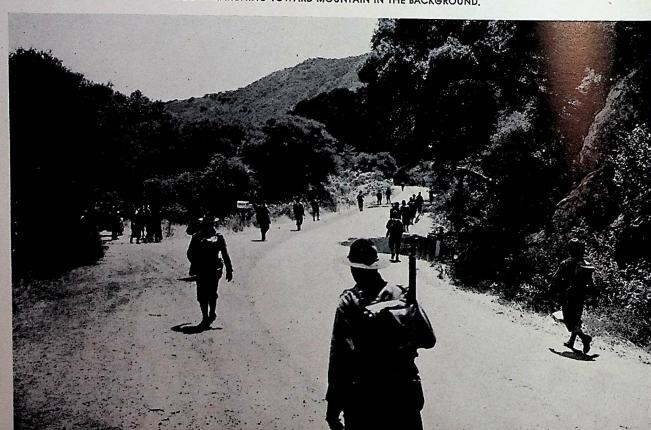
159th Infantry

Advance party on the march.



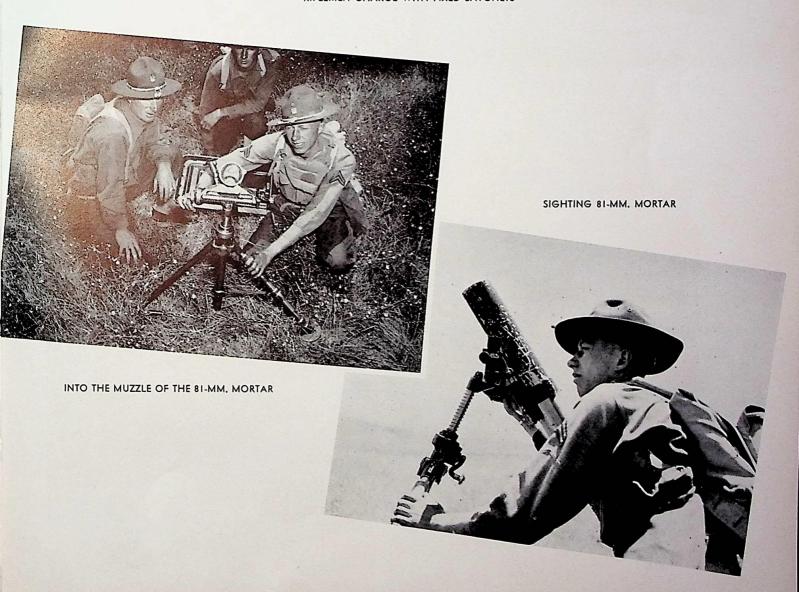


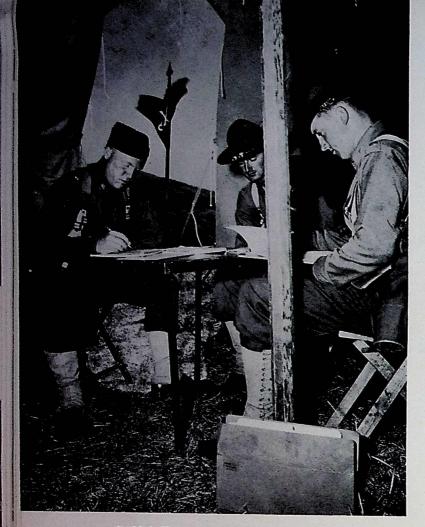
TROOPS MARCHING TOWARD MOUNTAIN IN THE BACKGROUND.





RIFLEMEN CHARGE WITH FIXED BAYONETS





THIRD BATTALION COMMAND POST TENT



CREW GETS 81-MM, MORTAR SET UP

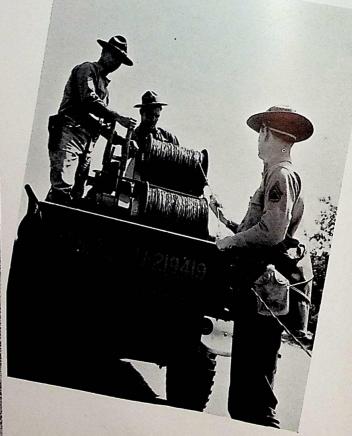


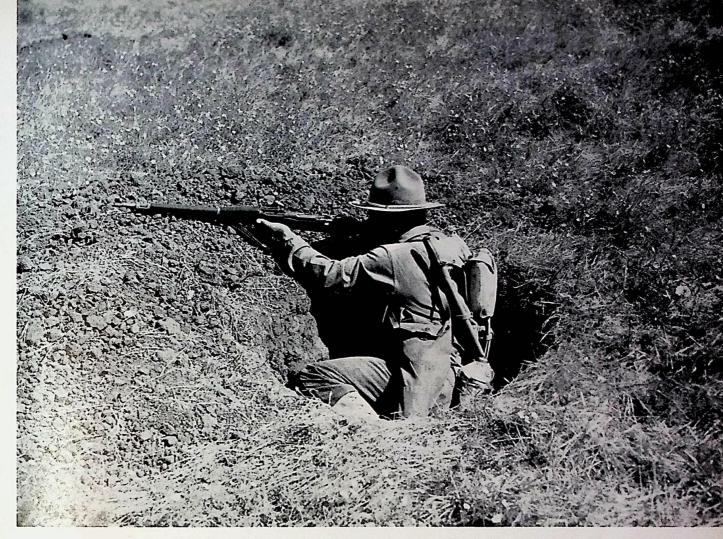
184th Infantry





PICKING UP WIRE WITH R. L. 26





DOUGHBOY IN FOX HOLE AIMS RIFLE



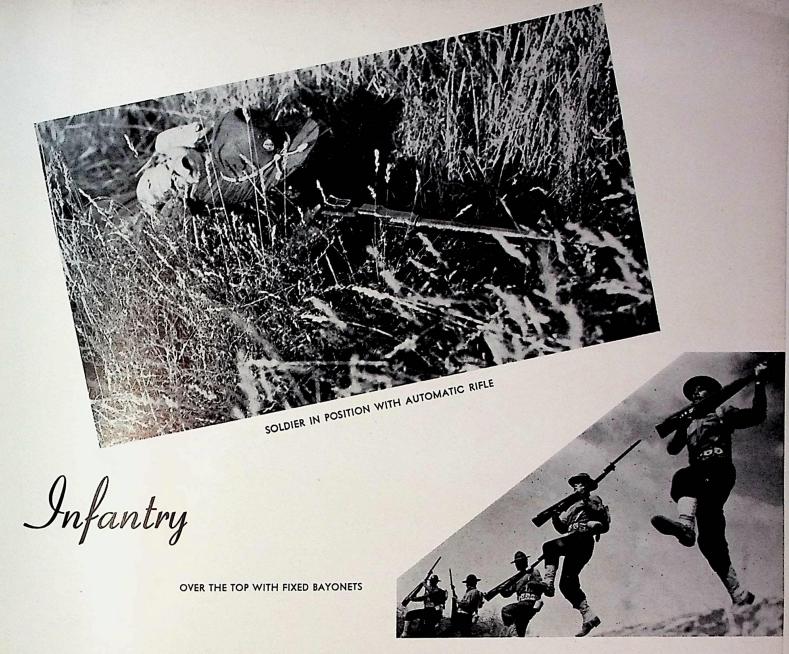


AUTOMATIC RIFLE INSTRUCTION



TWO SOLDIERS PUT .30 CALIBER MACHINE GUN TO USE





TERRAIN STUDY IN FIELD

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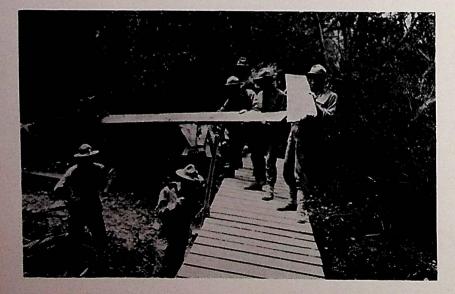
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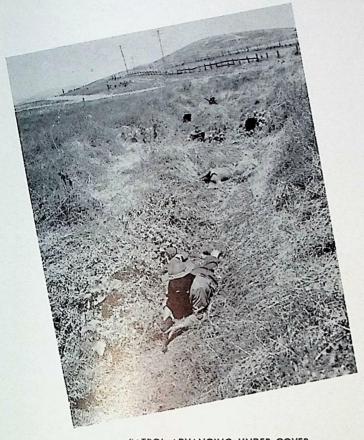
MORTAR AND CREW IN FIRING POSITION

CREW BUILDS BRIDGE ACROSS CREEK





185TH INFANTRY

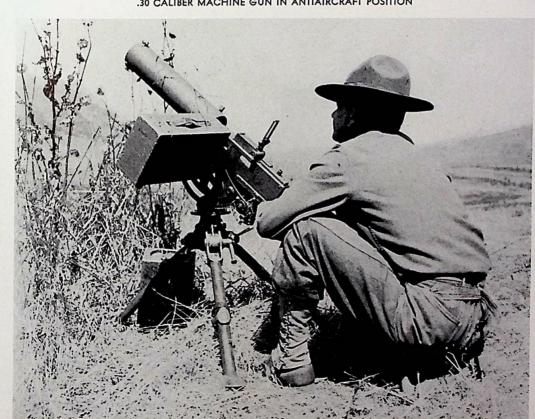


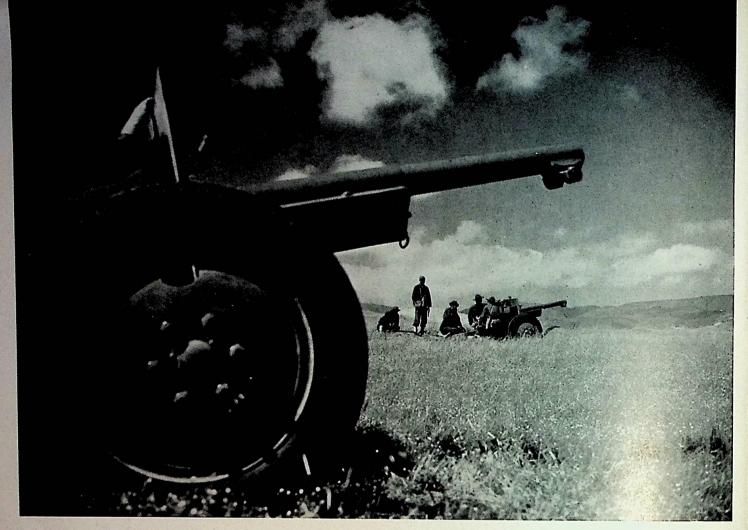
PATROL ADVANCING UNDER COVER



AUTOMATIC RIFLEMAN TAKES AIM

.30 CALIBER MACHINE GUN IN ANTIAIRCRAFT POSITION

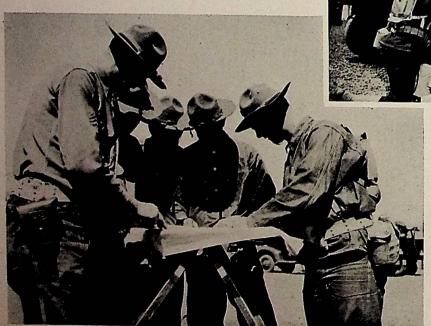




75-MM. GUNS IN OPEN FIRE



CREW AROUND PLANE TABLE



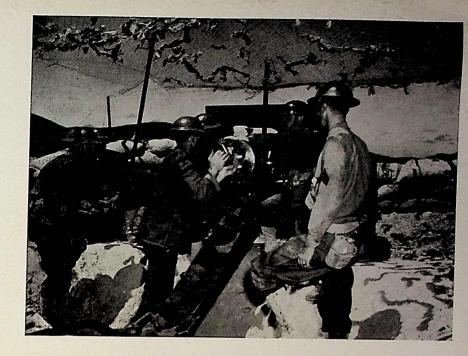


CAREFUL LOADING OF AMMUNITION ON TRUCK





143rd Field Artillery



CREW LOADS 75-MM, GUN UNDER CAMOUFLAGE NET



... READY TO FIRE. SIT TIGHT

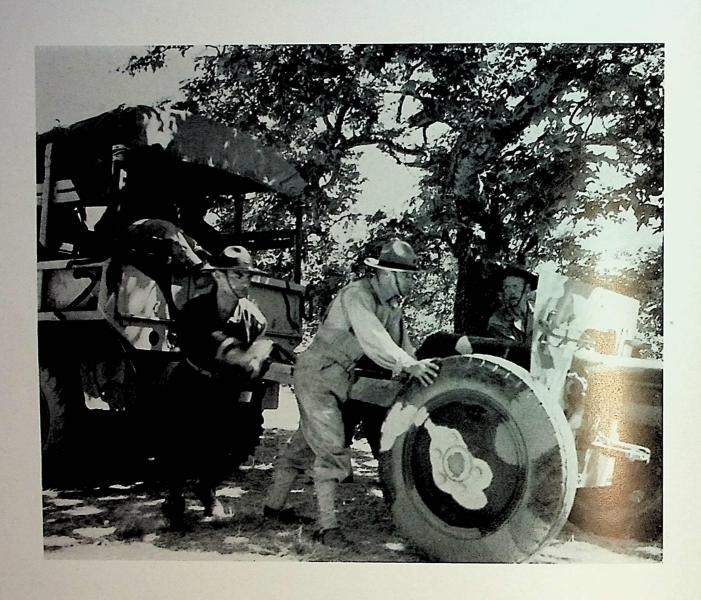


FIELD TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD IN USE

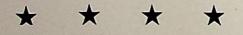




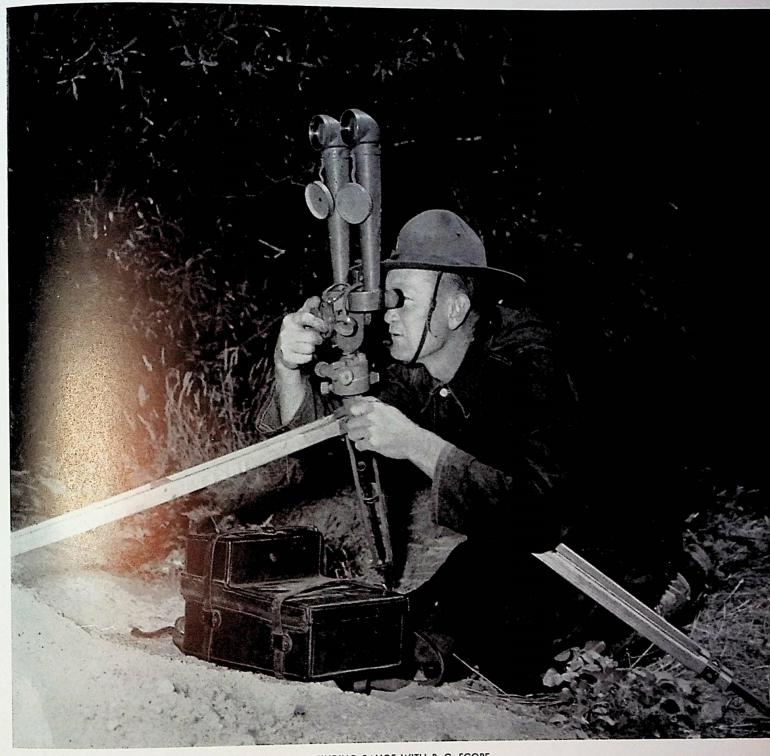
145TH FIELD ARTILLERY



UNCOUPLING (ABOVE) AND PREPARING (RIGHT)
CAMOUFLAGED 75-MM, GUN FOR ACTION







FINDING RANGE WITH B. C. SCOPE







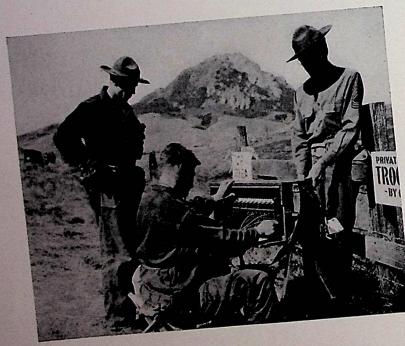
222nd Field Artillery

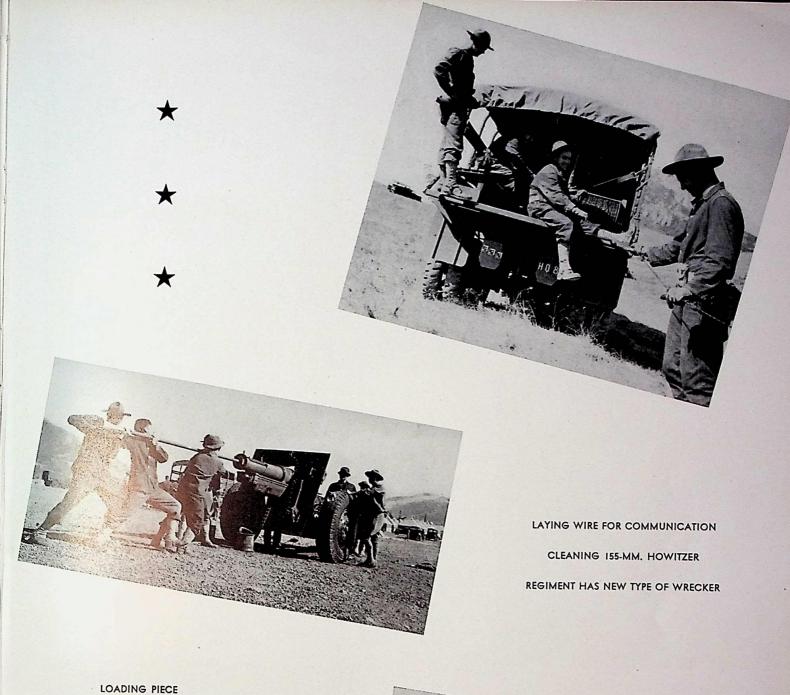
GUNNER'S QUADRANT IN USE

SWABBING THE BORE

FIELD SWITCHBOARD IN ACTION







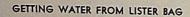




115TH MEDICAL REGIMENT



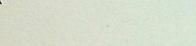
FIXING IDENTIFICATION TAG TO WOUNDED





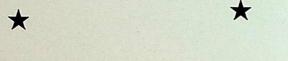


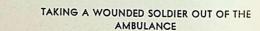
MEDICAL REGIMENT SETS UP HEADQUARTERS
IN THE FIELD

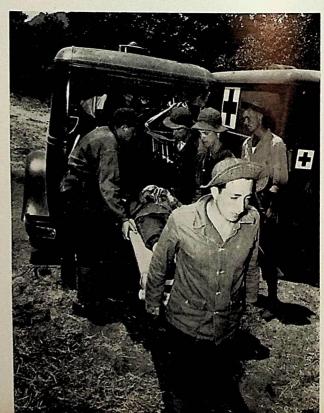


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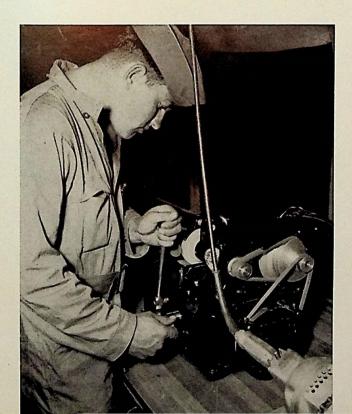


MECHANIC ADJUSTS TAPPETS

Top Right: RELINING BRAKES IN SHOP

Lower Right: USING DRILL PRESS IN MACHINE SHOP TRUCK

VALVES ARE GROUND IN MACHINE SHOP TRUCK



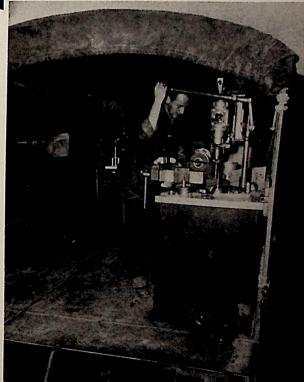






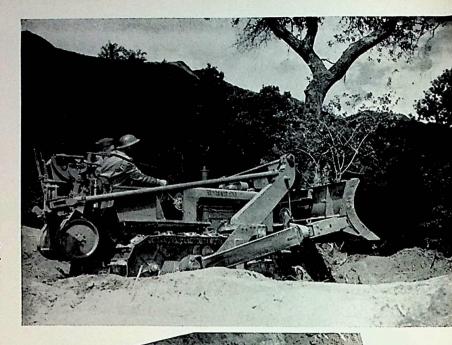






115TH ENGINEERS

BULLDOZER KNOCKS DOWN TREE IN MAKING ROAD THROUGH "ARROYO GRANDE" MANEU-VER GROUNDS



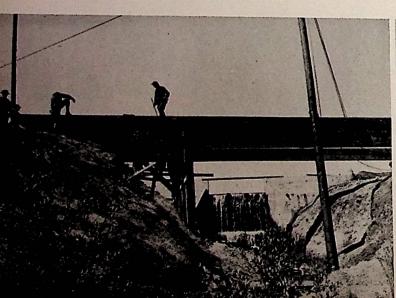
PNEUMATIC DRILL IS USED ON BRIDGE







Left: ERECTING THE BRIDGE Right: GRADER LEVELS GROUND







SIGNAL COMPANY TACKLES PROBLEM OF WIRE LAYING



DISPENSING "YE OLE ARMY SURE CURE"



REPAIRING RANGE FINDER

ADJUTANT, CAPTAIN GEORGE DOUGHERTY, AT DESK



S P E C I A L T R O O P S



GUARD AT GATE



San Luis Obispo County lies between the 35th and 36th parallels of latitude. It occupies about ninety miles, nearly one-tenth of California's ocean front. Beginning at the mouth of the Santa Maria River, the northern boundary of the neighboring county of Santa Barbara, the shore line winds northwesterly to the sixth parallel, the southern limit of Monterey County. Viewed from the ocean, during the long rainless summer months, in brilliant sunshine and under cloudless skies, with its long stretches of beach, laced and spangled with the slowreaching waves, with its boundary walls of beautifully colored hills, it is a fairy spectacle.

During the half century which followed the landing of Columbus, the armed hosts of Spain quite thoroughly explored the vast new territory which the nation had so wonderfully acquired. Cortez had overrun and con-quered Mexico; Vaca had traversed the continent from Florida to the Gulf of California; Ulloa, Mendoza and Ximines had traced the shores of that Gulf and skirted those of the peninsula of Lower California; Alarcon had sailed up the Colorado River; Coronado had reached the

plains of Kansas.

It was in 1542 that these long-continued efforts of the treasure hunters were finally directed to the northwestern coast of the continent. Mendoza was then Viceroy of Mexico and it was under his orders that the Portuguese Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo and his lieutenant Ferrolo, with two small vessels, the San Salvador and the Vitoria, sailed along the coast from Navidad to the 42nd degree of latitude, establishing for Spain, by right of their discoveries, dominion over all that part of the continent of North America. Cabrillo saw this part of the country from his ship but landed (and died) during the winter on the island of San Miguel.

The era of Spanish explorers practically ceased with the voyage of Cabrillo for nearly sixty years. But long before that the fond dream of Columbus of a new pathway for European commerce to the Indias had been realized. Magellan had discovered the Philippines and in a few years the islands became the shipping point for a

great commerce.

It was in the hope of finding harbors of refuge for the vessels embarked in this trade that in 1602, the Conde de Monterey finally commissioned Sebastian Viscaino, to sail with his ships for the discovery "of harbors and bays of the coast of the South Sea as far as Cape Mendocino." In December of that year Viscaino landed on the shores of the Bay of San Luis Obispo.

But 167 years were still to pass before any attempt at occupation or colonization was made.

It was only in 1769, after the political destinies of the rest of the North American continent had been practically settled, that Spain, recognizing that to hold the vast territory she claimed in Alta, California, actual possession had become necessary, organized expeditions for that purpose. They were confided to the direction of Father Junipero Serra and Gaspar de Portola, names ever illustrious in the history of the state.

The political object, that of peopling the country, was largely to be attained through the conversion and civilization of the natives.

For this purpose, Missions were to be established at short distances from each other as centers of influence, and a slender military force at each, lent its assistance and protection to the padres. The objects of the expeditions were very successfully attained and many Missions were established. Among them, on September 1, 1772, Father Serra founded that of San Luis Obispo de Toloso.

The attendant ceremonies were of the simplest. The great padre arrived from Monterey accompanied by the Commandante Fages, and, as guard, a corporal and four soldiers together with Fray Joseph Caballar, of the Mission of San Antonio, to be left in charge of the new institution.

With the unerring judgment exhibited in the location of all the California missions, the site for the new home for the church was determined. It was on a low hill, skirted by perennial streams of water and sheltered by two neighboring peaks, one of which, in some aspects of its rugged summit, exhibited a triple peak, suggesting

the form of a mitre and received the name of the Bishop's Peak.

Under the reign of Father Caballar, the Mission of San Luis Obispo prospered. Fertile valleys yielded huge crops, herds multiplied, and orchards reared their heads until the Mission became the wealthiest in the territory. Vessels from Mexico and the Philippines cast anchor in the harbor and carried away cargoes of hides and tallow, of wheat and olive oil. It became noted for its hospitality. A stranger might slaughter an animal from the nearest herd and it was quite understood that he had entirely met the exigencies of the case if he courteously suspended the hide

The Mission San Luis Obispo de Tolso as it appeared many years ago.



where the owner of the beast could find it. And it is only in recent years that this hospitable notion has been entirely eradicated from the minds of the still existing descendants of those ancient occupants of the land.

For a while peace descended on the land. It was a golden age of slumberous, measureless content. Foreigners, not Catholic or Spanish were hurriedly deported, but in the meantime, vast changes were taking place in other parts of the continent. Immigrants from Europe were arriving in great numbers, France had acquired a splendid domain in Canada and by the fortunes of war had lost it. The

of war had lost it. The "Thirteen Colonies" of England had revolted from the mother country. The Spanish possessions on the Pacific Coast were gazed at covetously by Russia and England. If Spain would hold her possessions she must prepare to defend her rights. She had slept too long upon them.

But, under the Mission leadership and with few soldiers except for defense against wild bands of Indians, it was a peaceful country and unable to change its nature over night.

It had been a time of continuous warfare in Mexico, between 1811 and 1821 and it was with bitter amazement and dismay that, in the latter year, Sola, then governor of California, beheld an armed vessel under a flag of strange design, anchoring in the Bay of Monterey. They were conquered in the name of Iturbide, Liberator and Emperor of Mexico.

A few months later the wheel of fortune turned again. Iturbide and his Empire vanished and a new revolution created the Republic of Mexico. With resignation and rapidity the Californians changed their allegiance. Within the year, they had been subjects of the Kingdom of Spain, the Empire of Mexico, and the new Republic.

The Missions were allowed to continue, although the new rulers helped themselves to the revenue of the Church and some of the Mission Fathers, including Father Luis Antonia Martinez of the Mission of San Luis Obispo fled to escape persecution.

But the Mission has remained throughout the years, despite the fact that the coffers were plundered, the bulging barns and storehouses depleted of their grain and stocks of various products, and the cattle on the hill driven off. Its quiet beauty remained, although scarred by the ravages of time. Perched upon a slight eminence with its long stretch of white walls and red-tiled roofs, the towering facade of the church, pierced and recessed for its bells and surmounted by its cross, is still a striking feature of the landscape. El Camino Real, "The King's Highway," ran before it and thousands in fast motor cars still follow the ancient trail of the Missions over asphalt and concrete to pass near that hallowed spot erected almost two centuries ago.

The history of California and San Luis Obispo is one of romance, adventure and heroic pioneering of hardy ancients. It is one of strife and bloodshed, of peace and happiness. From that day when Cabrillo, clinging to the rigging of his curious little cockle-shell vessel on a dark November day almost four centuries ago first laid eyes on



As the Mission appears today.

San Luis Obispo to its present day status as one of the outstanding counties in the State of California, is a story that would fill hundreds of pages with interesting historical reading matter. Many of the great names in history first saw the light of day with the Pacific Ocean before them and the rising sun at their backs. From that day in 1846 when California became a part of the United States and in 1849 when San Luis Obispo became one of the ten districts in the new Territory of California, it has gone forward with time, maintaining always by preservation of its missions, its names and its romance, the glory of the days that were.

Interior of the old Mission with its original ceiling. The altar is in the background.





Grand General Contract of the Contract of the

Above: GENERAL DAWLEY PRESENTS 3-MILE CUP TO CORPORAL GONZALES

Left: BOYS OF THE "GRUNT AND GROAN FRATERNITY" PUT ON WRESTLING MATCH

Above: START OF THE 3-MILE MARATHON

Left: 3-MILE MARATHON UNDERWAY

Recreation

Above: GETTING THE SUNBURST SENTINEL OUT



Right: "MARGIE," WINNER OF THE DIVISION MASCOT CONTEST



Right: "WALTZ ME AROUND AGAIN, WILLIE"



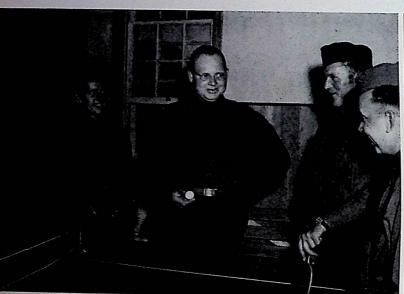


Lieutenant Colonel David T. Gillmor, Chaplain, and soldiers of the 143rd Field Artillery.



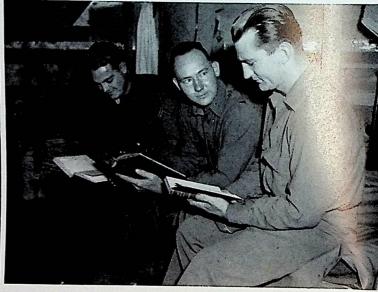
Captain W. A. Sessions, Jr., Chaplain, and a soldier of Special Troops.

40TH DIVISION CHAPLAINS



First Lieutenant H. E. Bottemiller, Chaplain, and soldiers of the 115th Medical Regiment.

First Lieutenant H. M. Bauer, Chaplain, and soldiers of the 160th Infantry.



First Lieutenant H. B. Varner, Chaplain, and soldiers of the 159th Infantry.

First Lieutenant Thomas B. Bracken, Chaplain, and a soldier of the 184th Infantry.





80TH INFANTRY BRIGADE

40TH INFANTRY DIVISION

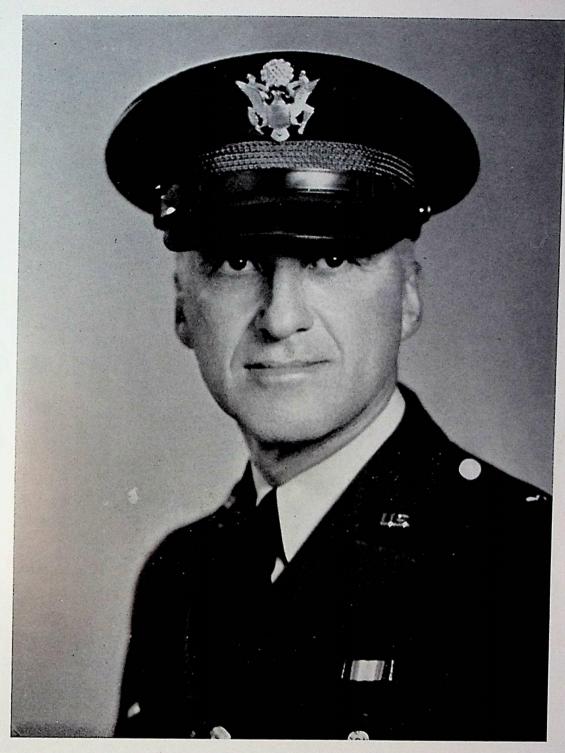
ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES



CAMP SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

1941

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTIETH BRIGADE OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL Camp San Luis Obispo, Calif. July 26, 1941. With the world once more in a chaotic state, and with nation which nation in Europe having already shadow across our own beloved country, in turn casts an ever darkening shadow across our own beloved country. To the Officers and Men of the 80th Brigade: nation in Europe having alreedy fallen and lost their liberties. Which beloved country, beloved country, each turn casts an ever darkening shadow across to make ready and in turn casts an ever darkening shadow across to make it becomes necesive turn casts an ever darkening of this nation if it becomes necesive turn casts and the freedom of this nation if it becomes necesive to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary to the freedom of this nation is not necessary to the freedom of this nation is not necessary to the freedom of this nation is not necessary to the freedom of this nation is not necessary to the freedom of this necessary to the freedom of the freedom of the freedom of this necessary to the freedom of the fre you have been called into the federal service to make ready and to prepare yourself to defend the freedom of this nation if it becomes necessary. You have already ettained a certain degree of combat efficiency, must continue for you must continue for to meet and to defeat the possible foe, The individual this teamwork until this bourage you have already shown in the individual this teamwork and courage you have and glorious history in the individual this teamwork and to make new and glorious history in the individual this brigade to make new and glorious history in the individual this teamwork ability, brigade to make new of life. The transfer of the courage you have and glorious history in the individual this teamwork ability, brigade to make new and glorious fected, enable this freedom and way of life. I trust that each of you will reach the goal and attain the effisary. ciency and success you so well deserve. R. E. MITTELSTAEDT Brigadier General Commarding REM: TTC



RICHARD E. MITTELSTAEDT Brigadier General

Commanding 80th Infantry Brigade

Brigadier General Richard E. Mittelstaedt was born in California April 28, 1884. He is a graduate of the Coast Artillery School and the Army War College, G-I Course. He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant, Infantry, August 12, 1905; First Lieutenant, November 15, 1906, to May 10, 1907; Second Lieutenant, Infantry, April 28, 1908; First Lieutenant, September 124, 1908; Captain, C. A. C., August 23, 1909; Major, June 25, 1915, to August 4, 1917. [Federal Service—Major, C. A. C., August 5, 1917. to August 1, 1919. Served in France with the 67th Coast Artillery, Coast

Artillery Training Center and General Staff, July, 1918, to July, 1919; (Officers' Reserve Corps, C. A. C., Lieutenant Colonel, December 30, 1919; Colonel, January 10, 1922, to December 29, 1926.) Major, Infantry, August 14, 1920; Ordnance Department, September 11, 1920; Coast Artillery, February 4, 1921; Lieutenant Colonel, August 3, 1921; Colonel, November 9, 1921; Brigadier General, October 8, 1938. Served as Adjutant General for the State of California, 1923 to 1930 (inclusive) and from June, 1940, to March 3, 1941.

Staff 80TH INFANTRY BRIGADE





SNYDER L. PEEBLES Lieutenant Colonel Executive Officer



ALLAN L. LEONARD, JR. Captain S-I and S-4



JAMES C. CAIRNS Captain S-2



WILLIAM W. BURGESS, JR.
Captain
S-3

JOHN G. MACKAY, JR. Captain Assistant S-3

JOHN C. JENNINGS First Lieutenant Aide and Assistant S-2

LACHLAN M. SINCLAIR
First Lieutenant
Aide and Assistant S-I and S-4

ROBERT R. FARNHAM
First Lieutenant
Communications Officer

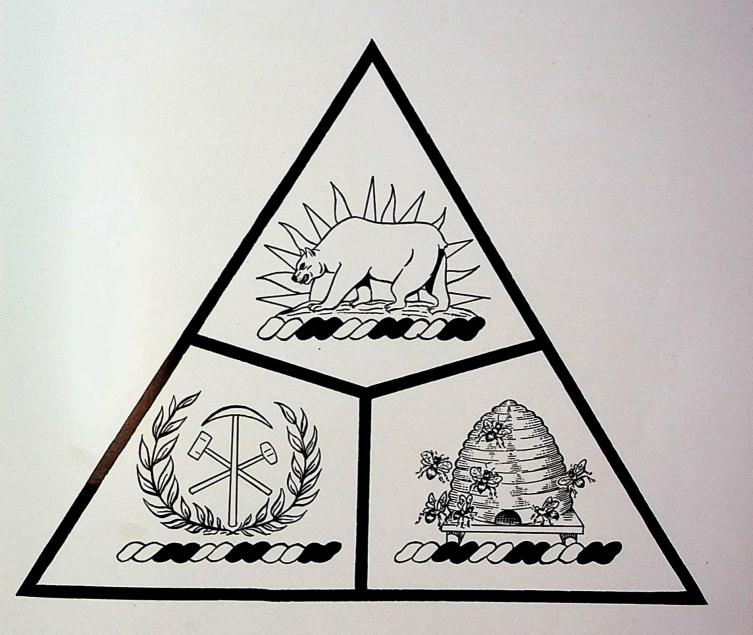








Insignia 80THINFANTRY BRIGADE



BLAZONRY

On an equilateral triangle azure (light blue) the crests for the National Guard of the States of California, Nevada and Utah proper, with the crest of California to the top, all separated by a narrow gold line pairlewise.

HISTORY OF THE 80TH INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 80th Infantry Brigade was composed of organizations formerly comprising the First Infantry Brigade, National Guard of California (excepting First Separate Squadron California Cavalry) which was commanded by Brigadier General Robert Wankowski from June, 1903, to August, 1917, when he was placed on the retired list with the rank of Major General. During the period above mentioned the California Brigade took part in every maneuver that has been held on the Pacific Coast by the combined forces of the Regular Army and the National Guard.

On June 19, 1916, the California Brigade was mustered into Federal Service at Sacramento, California, and on July 6, 1916, arrived at Nogales, Arizona, for Border Duty and served until October 18, 1916, when it was returned to Los Angeles for muster out.

The organizations composing the California Brigade, National Guard, were again mobilized for active service on March, 1917, and were mustered into the Federal service August 5, 1917, and formed the 80th Infantry Brigade, 40th Division, as follows: 145th Machine Gun Battalion (formerly First Separate Squadron, California, less Troop D), 159th Infantry (formerly Fifth California Infantry and Second California Infantry, less Secnod Battalion and Companies L and M, Third Battalion, 160th Infantry (formerly Seventh California Infantry, Second Battalion, and Companies L and M, Third Battalion, Second California Infantry.

The 80th Brigade was formerly commanded by Brigadier General George H. Cameron, who was also in command of the 40th Division, from September 17, 1917, to December 8, 1917, during the absence of Major General Frederick S. Strong, Division Commander, who had gone to France.

When General Cameron was appointed Major General and transferred to the Fourth Division, Brigadier General Herman Hall was assigned to command the 80th Infantry Brigade.

The first recruits to reach the Brigade for World War service were about 1,500 from Camps Lewis and Funston in October, 1917.

Immediatley upon organization, there was established an intensive course of training for individual soldiers, squads, sections and platoons, by company commanders, and the establishment of regimental, separate battalion and special troop schools, by regimental, separate battalion and special troops commanders under the supervision of the Brigade Commander. This course of progressive training was pursued for a period of 16 weeks, and at its completion showed a marked degree of uniform advancement by all troops.

March 16, 1918, a beautiful "Flag of the California Republic" was presented to the 80th Infantry Brigade as a token of love and esteem of the Native Daughters of the Golden West (a California society). The flag was received by Brigadier General Hall, with an address of acceptance in behalf of the Brigade, and then turned over to the Color Company. The flag bears the inscription "California's Brigade—California Republic" and is symbolic of the period between the secession of the Territory of California from the Mexican government and its admission to statehood.

After a long training period at Camp Kearney, confidential orders were finally received and on July 26, 1918, the 80th Brigade Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment entrained at Camp Kearny for Camp Mills, New York. Other units of the Brigade followed and during the stay at Camp Mills the units were inspected and equipped for overseas duty. On August 7, 1918, the Brigade Detachment, 80th Brigade, reported aboard the British Steamship Cretic. On the next day, in a convoy composed of the "Cretic, Osterley, Balmoral Castle, Teiresias, Otranto, Empress of Russia, Guyam, Louisville, Mantor, Lapland, Metegama, and Nestor," the Brigade left for Europe.

Arriving at Liverpool, port of debarkation, the Brigade marched to Knotty Ash Rest Camp, a distance of four miles, leaving the next day for France by way of Winchester and Southampton on the S. S. "Queen Alexandria."

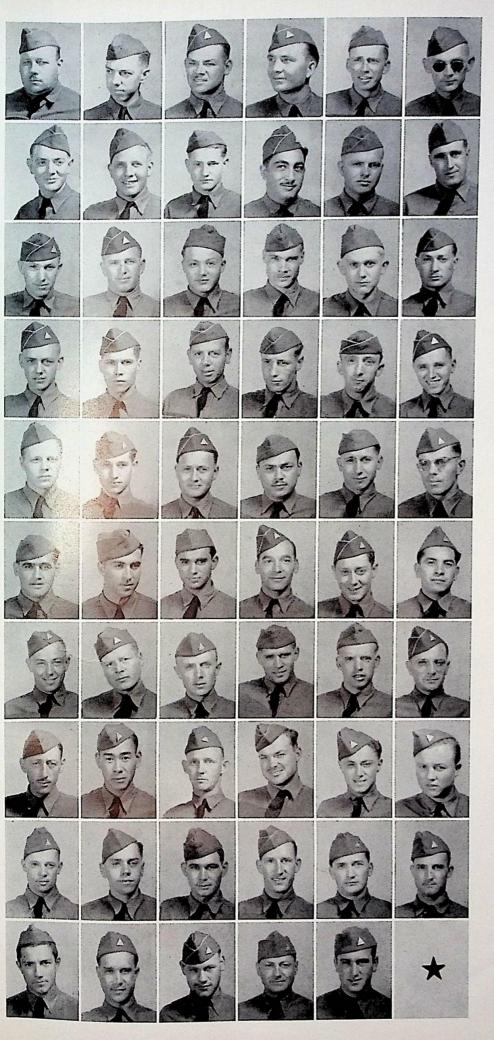
Debarking at Cherbourg August 24, 1918, the Brigade stayed one night at the British Rest Camp, Tour la Ville, and then took train for La Guerche (Cher) from whence they proceeded by truck to Chateau Fontenay, Nerondes, Department of Cher, France, where they established headquarters.

Changing their name with the Division to the Sixth Depot Division, the Brigade engaged in their duties of training troops for replacement. This continued until October 27, 1918, when an order came through that the 40th Division, with the exceptions of the 158th Infantry, 159th Infantry, 143rd Machine Gun Battalion, would entrain at La Guerche for St. Dizier (Department Haute-Marne). The 160th Infantry and the 145th Machine Gun Battalion left La Guerche October 28.

This was the disposition of the Brigade and its units when the Armistice was signed and they remained at these posts until ordered to leave for the United States and demobilization.

The history of the 80th Brigade began again May 6, 1929, when the 79th Brigade Headquarters, located in Los Angeles, was redesignated Headquarters, 80th Brigade. The 160th Infantry Regiment was withdrawn from the 79th Brigade and attached to the 80th Brigade, and the newly organized 185th Infantry was also attached to the new Brigade. Brigadier General Walter P. Story was transferred from the 79th Brigade to the 80th.

General Story was succeeded in command of the 80th Brigade by Colonel Harcourt Hervey, former commander of the 160th Infantry. Colonel Hervey was promoted to Brigadier General July 7, 1937.



HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

80TH INFANTRY BRIGADE



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Lundahl, A. T.; Master Sergeant Franck, L. R.; Staff Sergeants Bell, J. E.; Jarman, M. M.; Johnston, D. K.; Snead, C. H.

Second Row: Sergeants Craig, W. R.; Dolson, E. R.; Corporals Chatelain, R. L.; Franklin, S.; Watson, V. W.; Private First Class Bowman, W. F.

Third Row: Privates First Class Claussen, R. P.; Clayton, R. H.; Farriell, M. T.; Hall, Cecil R.; Herzog, D. S.; Lewis, L. Z. F.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Lott, F. F.; Magruder, P. S.; McLeod, W. H.; McLaughlin, R. E.; Moncrief, C. E.; Mossor, K. O.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Niemeyer, J. G.; Packard, J. H.; Plank, M. J.; Sola, R. B.; Washa, J. F.; Private Abbott, O. L.

Sixth Row: Privates Buzzini, T. R.; Cabral, M.; Castro, A. T.; Curran, R. R.; Davis, K. J.; Frausto, C.

Seventh Row: Privates Harris, J. J.; Hickenbottom, S. A.; King, G.; Krzeminski, J.; LaMarr, A. F.; Lams, J. E.

Eighth Row: Privates Mason, J. R.; Masunaga, G.; Norquist, W. N.; Palmer, N. J.; Petrigala, E.; Ray, W. C.

Ninth Row: Privates Schiebe, W.; Schioniger, H. J.; Shull, W. O.; Stepp, M. J.; Tarzon, J. F.; Terry, M. E.

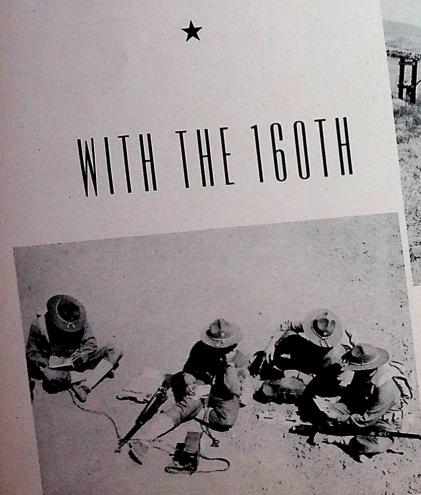
Tenth Row: Privates Hethcock, E. F.; Walker, F. F.; Walton, L. E.; Wencel, D. J.; Yaffee, W.

.30 caliber machine gun drill.

THE 185TH IN THE FIELD



Riflemen jump ditch in assault drill.





Bayonet practice.

Regimental message center in action in the field.

160TH INFANTRY

80th Infantry Brigade

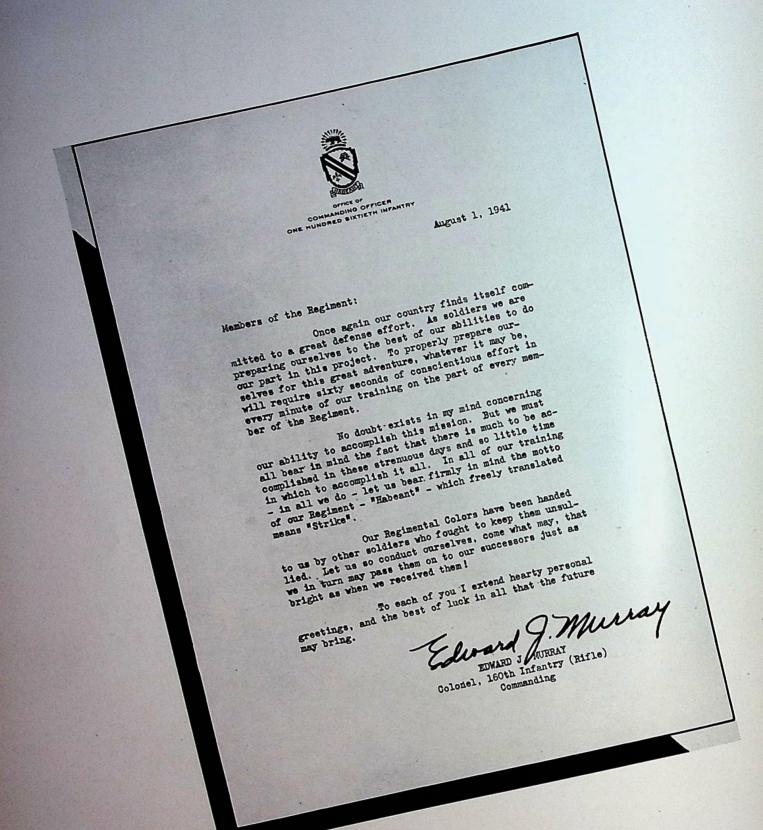
40TH INFANTRY DIVISION

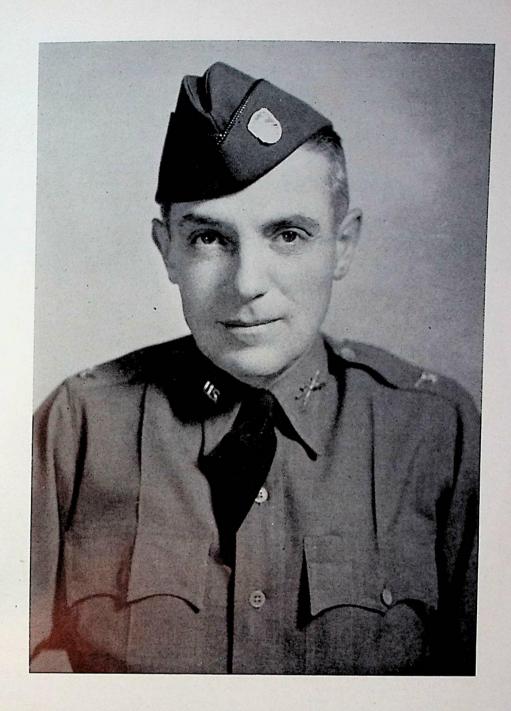
ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES



CAMP SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

1941





EDWARD J. MURRAY

Colonel

Commanding 160th Infantry

Born in California August 22, 1891. Commissioned a Second Lieutenant, Infantry, June 19, 1916, (Federal Service—Second Lieutenant, Infantry, June 27 to November 15, 1916) to March 24, 1917 (Federal Service—Second Lieutenant, Infantry, March 25, 1917; First Lieutenant, April 5, 1917, to July 28, 1919). (Officers' Re-

serve Corps, Infantry, First Lieutenant, May 13, 1922; Captain, July 11, 1923, active October 11, 1924, inactive October 26, 1924, to June 9, 1925). Captain, Infantry, April 28, 1925; Major, March 31, 1926; Lieutenant Colonel, May 3, 1930; Colonel, November 9, 1937.



FRANK B. DeLANO
Lieutenant Colonel
Executive Officer

REGIMENTAL

ROBERT A. LOVELL Major Regimental Surgeon



MARTIN L. THOMAS Major Chaplain



GERVASE G. SHERWOOD First Lieutenant Chaplain



HERMAN M. BAUER First Lieutenant Chaplain

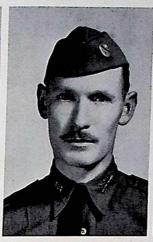




ELMER J. WILES Captain S-I



HOWARD R. LINK First Lieutenant S-2



HOMER O. EATON, JR. Major S-3



A. I. GILLASPIE Captain S-4



STAFF

JACK H. DALY First Lieutenant Personnel Officer



JOHN L. GRATTAN First Lieutenant Assistant S-2



EDWARD D. FITZGERALD First Lieutenant Communications Officer





Coat of Arms



BLAZONRY

Crest: The approved crest of the National Guard of California. On a wreath of the colors (or and azure) the setting sun behind a grizzly bear passant on a grassy field all proper.

Shield: Azure, two bendlets gules and vert fimbriated or between an angel's wings conjoined and inverted argent and a fleur-de-lis, within a diminished border engrailed of the fourth.

Motto: Habeant (Strike).

DESCRIPTION

Crest: California, the Sunset State, the Golden Gate Commonwealth. The grizzly bear was on the flag of the California Republic. The original white settlement within the state was of Spanish origin and the twists of the wreath are accordingly gold and red.

Shield: The shield is blue for Infantry. The red bendlet denotes Spanish War service and the green bendlet Mexican Border duty. The angel's wings represent Los Angeles, the headquarters of the 160th Infantry, and the fleur-de-lis symbolizes World War I service. The gold engrailed border symbolizes the State of California on the shores of the Parific symbolizes the State of California on the shores of the Pacific.

ACTIVITIES OF THE 160TH INFANTRY



The history of the 160th Infantry Regiment began on October 14, 1917, when the former Seventh Infantry Regiment, California National Guard, and six companies of the Second Infantry, California National Guard, were consolidated and redesignated the 160th Infantry Regiment, 40th Division, United States Army. The Regiment saw service in France during the World War, returned home in March, 1919, and

was demobilized at Camp Kearney, California, May 7, 1919.
When the Armistice was signed on November 11, 1918,
the National Guard of California consisted of six companies of Infantry, and the task of reorganizing a new National Guard confronted the state. The National Defense Act of June 4, 1916, provided the manner of procedure, and in April, 1920, permission was granted to the State of California by the Militia Bureau, to organize one regiment of Infantry to include the six companies then in existence. It was decided, however, to delay the final organization of the Regiment until all the former members of the National Guard who served in the United States during the World War were discharged from the service.

On August 23, 1921, the 160th Infantry Regiment was organized with headquarters in Los Angeles. ment was the first organization to be mustered into the new National Guard. The Adjutant General's Order of August 23, 1922, redesignated the Second, Third and Fourth Separate Battalions of Infantry as First, Second and Third Battalions, 160th Infantry Regiment. The units comprising the

Regiment, and their locations were as follows:

'Headquarters, Los Angeles; Headquarters Company,
Los Angeles; Service Company (location was to be announced later); Howitzer Company, Los Angeles; Headquarters, First Battalion, Los Angeles; Headquarters Company, First Battalion, Los Angeles; Company A, Los Angeles; Company B, Los Angeles; Company C, Los Angeles; Company D, Los Angeles; Headquarters, Second Battalion, Los Angeles; Headquarters Company, Second Battalion, Alhambra; Company E, Los Angeles; Company F, Los Angeles; Company G, Redondo Beach; Company H, Los Angeles; Company H, Lo geles.

Headquarters, Third Battalion, Los Angeles; Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, Glendale; Company I, Burbank; Company K. Hollywood: Company L. Hollywood: Company M. Glendale; Medical Detachment (location was

to be announced later).
On September 19, 1921, the Service Company was organized and stationed in Los Angeles. Eleven days later, October 1, Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, was designated Regimental Headquarters Company and stationed in Los Angeles. A new company was organized in Pasadena and mustered in as Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, on October 6, 1921, thus completing the organization of the Regiment with the exception of the Medical Detachment, which was not organized until April 4, 1922.

The first commanding officer of the new 160th Infantry Regiment was Colonel Walter P. Story, who was promoted from Major to the rank of Colonel on August 23, 1921. He joined Company E, Infantry, in 1920, and on December 4, the same year, was promoted from Private to Captain. Two months later, on February 2, 1921, Captain Story was commissioned Major and assigned to command the Second Separate Battalion of Infantry that became the First Battalion, 160th Regiment, on August 23, 1921, and Major Story became Colonel, commanding the Regiment.

In the 16 years since its organization, there have been but few changes in the Regimental units of the 160th. On September 12, 1922, the location of Company G was changed from Redondo Beach to Los Angeles. On March 23, 1924, the locations of Headquarters Company, Second Battalion, Alhambra, and Company M, Glendale, were also moved to Los Angeles. Five years passed before another change occurred. Then, on February 18, 1929, Company F, Santa Ana, and Company H, Pasadena, were transferred to the 185th Infantry Regiment and designated Companies F and H of that Regiment. A vacancy existed in Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, until June 2, 1930, when a new company was organized in Los Angeles and mustered in as Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, February 17, 1930, to take the place of Company H, transferred to the 185th Infantry Regiment in 1929, and another new company also in Los Angeles was organized and mustered in as Company F, on June 2, 1930, to replace Company F, transferred to the 185th the previous year.

The first encampment attended by the newly organized Regiment was held at Del Monte, July 15 to 29, 1922. Colonel Harold D. Coburn, United States Army, was in command of the camp and two weeks of intensive, close and extended order drills resulted in considerable improvement in the execution of these maneuvers. When the Regiment returned home on Sunday, July 30, 1922, the residents of Los Angeles had their first view of the entire 160th Infantry, fully equipped and ready for service. The fact that the Regiment was composed entirely of boys from Los Angeles or nearby towns, was a source of pride to the people

of those localities.

What was probably the first public appearance of the 160th Infantry took place on Armistice Day, November 11, 1921. In a monster parade that was part of a three-day celebration sponsored by the American Legion the 160th Infantry made its initial public appearance. Although only about two months old, the organization made a splendid showing. In the evening, the 160th held a military ball at their armory in Exposition Park.

About a month later, on December 2, 1921, the 160th Infantry participated in a reception tendered to Marshal Ferdinand Foch, who commanded the allied armies in France during the World War. The Marshal was a visitor in Los Angeles and a guest of that city for a short time.

A short while after returning from camp the following poem, written by Captain Frank C. Tillson, 160th Infantry Regiment, was adopted as the Regimental Motto:

"FOLLOW THROUGH"

When your pack is getting heavy and the road seems long and rough,

When you're weary, tired and footsore, and a soldier's life

seems tough,

Then remember that your buddy may be just as tired as you. So raise your chin and grin a bit—a soldier "Follows Through.

When the bullets clip the grass tops and your wounded com-

When you're crawling out to God knows where and you feel you're all alone,

When your cartridges are finished—then your bayonet will

For the testing of a soldier is the way he "Follows Through."

When you get a bullet through the arm and you're feeling sort o' sick,

It's a good excuse for lying down-are you going to quit

The enemy are still in front—then what are you going to do? You will never know your limit unless you "Follow Through."

When Brotherhood of Adventure meets, the lodge of the Men at Arms,

When the Strong Men sit by the great God Mars, and talk of war's alarms,

When the sentry stops you at the gate-what will you say

For the only questions he will ask you is, "Did you "Follow Through?"

This history leaves poetry and returns to action and duty. A fierce brush fire started December 10, 1923, near Burbank, where Company I, 160th Infantry Regiment, was stationed. The fire swept to the top of Sunset Canyon and on toward La Cresenta, three miles distant, where the beautiful homes of many wealthy people were located. Only a change in the direction of the wind saved the homes.

The 1924 annual encampment was held at Monterey, August 2 to 16. The two weeks of drills, maneuvers, and camp life improved the efficiency of the Regiment. Colonel Walter P. Story and his officers were highly compli-mented by Brigadier General A. J. Borree on the fine showing made by the Regiment at the encampment.

One of the highlights of 1925 was the ceremony of the adoption of the 160th Infantry Regiment by Los Angeles as its own, on March 17. On that evening the Regiment was mobilized at the Armory, entrained, and detrained at Tenth and Broadway; from that initial point, the Regiment paraded up Broadway to Fifth Street, west on Fifth Street to Olive Street, and south on Olive Street to a position in front of Pershing Square.

Another outstanding accomplishment of the 160th Infantry in 1925 was the winning of several awards during the annual encampment at Del Monte. The Third Battalion was declared the most distinguished battalion and Company A the most distinguished rifle company. The most distinguished Battalion Headquarters Company was First Battalion Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment. The most distinguished Howitzer Company was also the unit from the 160th; and the 160th Service Company and Medical Detachment also received distinguished awards. The attendance record for 1925 revealed that Company L and Headquarters Company, First Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, were two of the 10 best companies in attendance for the year.

The Regiment started 1926 with the triumph of one of its units over the 212th Artillery Regiment of New York. The incident started in February, 1926, when the 212th Artillery Regiment of New York issued a challenge in the American Rifleman, the official organ of the National Rifle Association. The challenge was to any regiment or rifle club in the United States to meet in competition with rifle, pistol or any other weapon. No organization seemed inclined to accept the challenge, but finally the National Rifle Association arranged a match with Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment. The agreement provided that Company H select its team from Company H, while the 212th Artillery Regiment would select the best shots from its entire Regiment. Ten men on each team fired; each man on the pistol team shooting 50 shots at 20 yards, and each man on the rifle team shooting 10 shots standing, 10 shots sitting,

10 shots kneeling, and 10 shots prone. The Artillery Regi-

ment was outclassed by Company H.

The pistol team of Company H was composed of Captain W. R. Jackson, Lieutenant F. C. Payne, First Sergeant S. E. Worley, Sergeant Milton Robinson, Sergeant E. B. Douglas, Sergeant L. A. Moss, Corporal Starr Baisley, Corporal Roman Piesinger, Corporal LeRoy Rusth, and Private Wheatland. The rifle team was composed of Lieutenant F. C. Payne, Sergeant Milton Robinson, Sergeant L. A. Moss, Corporal Starr Baisley, Corporal LeRoy Rusth, Corporal Roman Piesinger, Privates First Class Dennie Boots, Burleigh Putnam, J. E. Pearson, and Wheatland. In both matches the lowest men on Company H was higher than the high man on the Artillery team.

On June 18, 1926, Colonel Story was promoted to Brigadier General, when provision was made for the formation of the 40th Division and Brigadier General David P. Barrows was promoted to Major General in charge of the Division. General Story was placed in command of the 79th Brigade.

The promotion of Colonel Story was followed on July 24, 1926, by the promotion of Lieutenant Colonel Harcourt Hervey to Colonel of the 160th Infantry Regiment.

The 160th Infantry Regiment was called for duty during the visit of Colonel Charles Lindberg in his plane, the "Spirit of St. Louis," on September 21, 1927. The guardsmen performed guard duty, holding back the immense crowd that was so anxious to get a close-up view of the National Guardsman of Missouri who had succeeded in

crossing the Atlantic Ocean in his airplane. The annual encampment of the 160th Infantry Regiment was held August 12 to 26, 1928, and was their first camp at San Luis Obispo. For several years the 160th Infantry encampment was a Regimental affair, there having been no other units at the camp site on the same date with the Southern Regiment. In 1929, however, the schedule was changed. The completion of new and enlarged facilities at San Luis Obispo in that year enabled the 160th and 185th Infantry Regiments, 40th Air Service and 40th Tank Company to meet together in camp from July 21 to August 4, 1929.

On August 22, 1929, the 160th Infantry Regiment was ordered to do guard duty during the visit of the air liner Graf-Zeppelin. The Graf-Zeppelin arrived in Los Angeles on the morning of August 26, and remained until late that night. The guardsmen patroled the fences bordering the airport, holding back the immense crowds of people, who were determined to get as near to the giant dirigible as possible.

The annual convention of the National Guard Association in Los Angeles on September 17 to 19, 1929, was the occasion for considerable activity in the 160th Infantry Regiment, especially among the officers. A grand military ball at the Hotel Ambassador on Friday evening was the chief social event of the convention. The 160th Infantry Band

furnished the music for the dance.

Lack of space forbids the enumeration of the many reviews, parades and social activities of the 160th Infantry Regiment and only a few will be given. On September 8, 1930, the 160th was reviewed by General Charles P. Summerall, Chief of Staff, United States Army. Naturally, the Regiment was at its very best on such an occasion. "Splendid indeed," General Summerall said to Brigadier General Walter P. Story and Colonel Harcourt Hervey as the last rank passed by. The review was colorful as rank after rank swung by, sabers flashing and accoutrements of the soldiers gleaming, while the band played the Regiment's own stirring

From changes in commanding and staff officers our history turns back to March 10, 1933, on which date a severe earthquake rocked Long Beach, Santa Ana, and nearby towns at 5:55 p. m. The entire Regiment was soon in their armory awaiting a call or emergency order. Brigadier

General Story and Colonel Hervey arrived in Long Beach about midnight. They were followed by a detachment of 10 officers and 75 enlisted men of the 160th Infantry, who left Los Angeles at 7 a. m., March 11, and by noon that day had established kitchens and were serving meals. Later, another 100 men joined the 75; and four kitchens were established and maintained by the 160th Infantry Regiment. Kitchen No. 1 was located at the State Armory; No. 2, Bixby Park; No. 3 at Belmont Store; and Kitchen No. 4 was at North Long Beach. It was estimated that the four kitchens served approximately 57,000 meals on March 11; 62,000 on March 12, 52,000 on March 13; 51,000 on March 15.

On Sunday, November 6, 1932, the 160th Infantry Regiment inaugurated a beautiful innovation, when memorial services, dedicated to the many women who served and died in the World War, were held. The services were held in the magnificent First Baptist Church of Los Angeles. The Regiment, led by Colonel Harcourt Hervey and his staff, marched in formation to the church, where a section had been reserved for them. Many beautiful features of the service must be omitted. Major Herschel R. Griffin, Regimental Chaplain, delivered the memorial address on

"Peace Time Patriotism."

In the Ninth Corps Area Regional Rifle Match, held August 21 to September 4, 1933, the team from the 160th stood third. The 160th team was the best of the California National Guard at the meet. Further improvement in the marksmanship of the 160th Infantry was demonstrated in the 1935 National Championship Matches at Camp Perry, in which the Championship Regimental Team Match the 160th Infantry six-man team took second place, the 114th Regimental Infantry, New Jersey National Guard, being first. The State National Guard team won ninth place in the National shoot at Camp Perry. In 1936, five of the members of the 160th Infantry Regiment were on the State Rifle team to compete at Camp Pery. The team finished in 23rd place in the finals, but several members won indi-

vidual medals. On Sunday, July 15, the 160th Infantry Regiment was ordered to San Francisco for duty during the strike of the longshoremen. The need for the 160th was caused by the calling of a general strike in San Francisco of union sympathizers on that date. The efficiency and reliability of the Regiment was put to a severe test and the unit proved to be equal to the occasion. The emergency call was received in Los Angeles late in the evening of July 15 and by 6 a. m., July 16, 90 per cent of the Regiment was breakfasting at hastily set-up field kitchens. Equipment was soon loaded. the packs rolled, and all were set to go. At 8 a.m. the Regiment entrained in four sections and one hour later was on its way to San Francisco. The troops arrived in the city about 9 p. m. The time consumed in calling the men to arms, which was difficult because it was Sunday and many men were not at home, the assembling and loading of equipment sufficient for field service, and the trip to the city consumed only 22 hours. The Regiment remained on guard duty in San Francisco until Saturday evening, July 21, when they were relieved and the 160th entrained immediately for San Luis Obispo, where they spent two weeks in camp.

Perhaps the largest encampment and review held in California since the Camp Kearney days was that of the 40th Division, held July 7 to 28, 1935. The National Guard units of Utah and Nevada joined with those of California in staging a maneuver in which blue and red armies opposed each other. These maneuvers increased the efficiency of the National Guard, as conditions were similar to those which would arise during actual hostilities. On Friday, July 19, the entire 40th Division passed in review before Governor Frank F. Merriam, California; Governor Blood of Utah; Major General Paul B. Malone, Commanding General, Fourth Field Army and Ninth Corps Area; Major General

George E. Leach, Chief of the National Guard Bureau; Lieutenant General Boetticher, German military attache; Major General Barrows; and Brigadier General Walter P. Story and Wallace A. Mason. Thousands of spectators witnessed the review.

When 1937 had reached its half-way mark another of the few changes made in the Regimental commanding officers took place. On July 7, 1937, Colonel Harcourt Hervey was promoted to Brigadier General, 40th Brigade, to succeed General Walter P. Story, who had been advanced to Major General, 40th Division, California National Guard. The promotion of Colonel Hervey was followed by the transfer of Colonel Wayne R. Allen from the 159th Infantry Regiment to the command of the 160th Infantry Regiment. On September 12, 1937, Colonel Allen was presented to his new command by Brigadier General Hervey at the usual mess and drill night.

Now in Federal service again, the 160th Infantry intends to preserve and enhance the splendid record established

since its inception.

160TH INFANTRY REGIMENT

160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard (formerly Seventh Infantry Regiment). Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Originally organized as Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Disbanded December 7, 1895. Reorganized December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Seventh Infantry Regiment July 5, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 10, 1917. Redesignated 160th Infantry Regiment October 14, 1917. Organized August 23, 1921.

Seventh Infantry Regiment disbanded when Seventh and Ninth Infantry Regiments consolidated and formed three battalions, December 7, 1895.

Seventh Infantry Regiment reorganized by First, Second and Third Battalions being formed into Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 9, 1895.

Seventh Infantry Regiment mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898.

Seventh Infantry Regiment re-entered the California National Guard, July 5, 1899.

Seventh Infantry mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916.

Seventh Infantry Regiment mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 10, 1917.

Seventh Infantry Regiment redesignated 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Headquarters Company, Seventh Infantry Regiment, July 10, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 9, 1917. Redesignated Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Fourth Separate Company, Infantry, November 30, 1920. Redesignated Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921. Redesignated Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 1, 1921.

SERVICE COMPANY

Service Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Supply Company, Seventh Infantry Regiment, July 10, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 7, 1917. Redesignated Supply Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Service Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, September 19, 1921.

HOWITZER COMPANY

Infantry

Howitzer Company, Infantry, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Mustered in June 24, 1921. Redesignated August 23, 1921.

Activities: Special Order No. 53 of June 22, 1921, issued by the Adjutant General of the State of California, authorized the organization of a Howitzer Company of Infantry to be located in Los Angeles, California, and on June 24, 1921, the new organization was inspected and mustered into the service of the State. Second Lieutenant Charles W. Jessup, of the First Separate Company, Infantry, was assigned as temporary Commander of the Howitzer Company on June 24, and was relieved of that command on June 27, 1921, when First Lieutenant Ralph V. McClain was assigned to the position. The Company assembled at their head-quarters on June 30, 1921, for inspection for Federal recognition by the War Department. The Company passed inspection successfully and Robert R. Norris was assigned as Captain of the unit.

Howitzer Company, Infantry, unassigned, was redesignated Howitzer Company, 160th Infantry, August 23, 1921, and was attached to the 160th Infantry Regiment.

Howitzer Company, Infantry, California National Guard, mustered in June 24, 1921. Howitzer Company, redesignated Howitzer Company, 160th Infantry, August 23, 1921. Howitzer Company, Infantry, unassigned, redesignated Howitzer Company, 160th Infantry, August 23, 1921.

Howitzer Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Machine Gun Company, Seventh Infantry, September 30, 1913. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 10, 1917. Redesignated Machine Gun Company, 160th Infantry, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Howitzer Company June 22, 1921. Redesignated Howitzer Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Monthly Return Machine Gun Company, 160th Infantry. Regiment, April, 1917.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

First Battalion

Headquarters Company, First Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Headquarters Company, Second Separate Infantry Battalion, August 21, 1921. Redesignated Headquarters Company, First Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Headquarters Company, Second Separate Infantry Battalion, was organized August 21, 1921, in Los Angeles. Headquarters Company, Second Infantry Battalion, redesignated Headquarters Company, First Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY A

Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County.

Organized June 9, 1881. Reconstituted July 22, 1885. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1888. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 9, 1917. Redesignated Company A, 120th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Second Separate Company A, Second Separate Battalion, Infantry, November 1, 1920. Redesignated Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Eagle Corps organized in Los Angeles June 9, 1881. Company A, formerly Eagle Corps, designated Company A, Seventh Infantry Battalion, July 22, 1885. Company A, formerly Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company A, First Battalion of Infantry, December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company A, First Battalion of Infantry, designated Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company A, as part of the seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company A, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 30, 1899. Company A, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border June 29, 1916. Company A, as part of the Seventh Infantry, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 9, 1917.

Monthly return Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, for April, 1917. Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Redesignated Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY B

Company B, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized October 12, 1881. Reconstituted July 22, 1885. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Redesignated February 8, 1890. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed in Pasadena February 8, 1890. Redesignated December 9, 1893. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company B, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 21, 1899.

San Diego City Guard organized in San Diego October 12, 1881. San Diego City Guard designated Company B, Seventh Battalion, July 22, 1885. Company B, Seventh Infantry Battalion, designated Company B, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company B, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company B, Ninth Infantry Regiment, February 8, 1890. A new company organized in Pasadena, December 23, 1889, designated Company B, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company I, Seventh Infantry, Regiment, December 9, 1895. Company B, formerly Companies A and B, Ninth Infantry, redesignated Company B, Third Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company B, Third Battalion, designated Company B, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company B, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War May 9, 1898. Company

B, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 21, 1899.

Redesignated June 1, 1909. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed in Los Angeles August 4, 1919. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 11, 1917. Redesignated Company B, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as First Separate Company, Infantry, October 5, 1920. Redesignated Company B, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company B, Seventh Infantry Regiment, transferred to Coast Artillery June 1, 1909. A new company organized in Los Angeles and designated Company B, Seventh Infantry Regiment, August 4, 1909. Company B, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company B mustered out of Federal service, November 11, 1916. Company B, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 11, 1917.

COMPANY C

Company C, 150th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Company C, Seventh Infantry Battalion, October 26, 1887. Redesignated Company C, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Disbanded June 11, 1894. Reorganized and mustered in July 18, 1894. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company C, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 9, 1917. Redesignated Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Third Separate Company, Infantry, November 30, 1920. Redesignated Company C, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company C, formerly Company C, Cadets, redesignated Company C, Seventh Infantry Battalion, October 26, 1887. Company C, formerly Company C, Seventh Infantry Battalion, designated Company C, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company C, Seventh Infantry, disbanded June 11, 1894. New company mustered in and designated Company C, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company C, First Battalion, on December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company C, First Battalion, designated Company C, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company C, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company C, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company C, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, reentered the National Guard of California, April 30, 1899. Company C, as part of the Seventh Infantry, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company C, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 9, 1917. Company C and Company A, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and redesignated Company A, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917.

COMPANY D

Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County.

Organized October 28, 1887. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Ventura December 30, 1889. Redesignated February 8, 1890. Redesignated December 9, 1895. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company D, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 28, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 5, 1917. Redesignated October 14, 1917. Reconstituted October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Company L, Infantry, August 24, 1920. Redesignated Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company D, formerly Company D, Seventh Infantry Battalion, redesignated Company D, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. A new company organized in Ventura and designated Company D, Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 30, 1889. Company D, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company D, Ninth Infantry Regiment, February 8, 1890. Company D, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company H, Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 9, 1895. Company D, formerly Company D, Ninth Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company D, Second Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company D, designated Company D, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company D, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company D, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 28, 1899. Company D, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Vorld War, April 5, 1917. Companies D and B, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company B, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Companies F and H, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

Second Battalion

Headquarters Company, Second Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized August 19, 1921. Redesignated August 23, 1921.

Headquarters Company, Third Separate Battalion, organized August 19, 1921, in Alhambra, California. Third Separate Battalion redesignated Second Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY E

Company E, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized October 29, 1887. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Redesignated February 8, 1890. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Santa Paula July 22, 1893. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Mustered out July 5, 1899. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Anaheim April 28, 1900. Mustered out July 15, 1910. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Santa Monica March 1, 1912.

Company E, formerly Company E, Seventh Infantry Battalion, redesignated Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-

designated Company E, Ninth Infantry Regiment, February 8, 1890. A new company organized in Santa Paula and designated Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, July 22, 1893. Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company E, Second Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company E, Second Battalion, redesignated Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company E, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. New company organized in Anaheim and designated Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 28, 1900. A new company organized in Santa Monica and designated Company E, Seventh Infantry Regiment, March 1, 1912.

March 1, 1912.

Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 3, 1917. Redesignated Company C, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Reconstituted October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as 15th Separate Company July 25, 1918. Redesignated Company E, First Separate Battalion, Infantry, July 22, 1919. Redesignated Company E, Infantry, August 16, 1919. Redesignated Company E, Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company E, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company E, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 3, 1917. Companies E and G, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company C, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Companies E and M, Second Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company E, 160th Infantry Regiment, 40th Division, October 14, 1917.

COMPANY F

Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized December 20, 1887. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company F, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1899. Mustered out July 31, 1906. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed in Los Angeles September 24, 1906. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard.

Company F, formerly Company F, Seventh Infantry Battalion, designated Company F, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company F, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company F, First Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company F, First Battalion, designated Company F, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company F, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company F, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 30, 1899. A new company organized in Los Angeles and designated Company F, Seventh Infantry Regiment, September 24, 1906. Company F, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border June 29, 1916.

Mustered into Federal service April 11, 1917. Redesignated Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Reconstituted October 14, 1917. Demobilized

May 7, 1919. Reorganized as 17th Separate Company August 19, 1918. Redesignated Company F, First Separate Battalion, July 22, 1919. Redesignated Company F, Infantry, August 16, 1919. Redesignated Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921. Redesignated Company F, 185th Infantry Regiment, February 18, 1929. Reconstituted June 2, 1930.

Company F, Second Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company F, 185th Infantry, February 18, 1929. A new company organized in Los Angeles and designated Company F, 160th Infantry Regiment, June 2, 1930.

COMPANY G

Company G, 160th Infantry, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized February 20, 1888. Reconstituted May 5, 1888. Mustered out December 7, 1895. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company G, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916.

Company G, formerly Company G, Seventh Infantry Battalion, designated Company G, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 5, 1888. Company G, formerly Company G, Ninth Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company G, Third Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company G, Third Battalion redesignated Company G, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company G, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company G, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, reentered the National Guard of California, April 30, 1899. Company G, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916.

Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service March 26, 1917. Redesignated Company C, October 14, 1917. Reconstituted October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Company G, Infantry, June 1, 1920. Redesignated Company G, Third Separate Battalion, February 1, 1921. Redesignated Company G, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company G, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service April 10, 1917. Companies E and G, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company G, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Company G, Second Infantry Regiment, designated Company G, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917.

COMPANY H

Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized December 30, 1889. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Mustered out of State service July 5, 1899. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Talbert December 8, 1900. Mustered out August 4, 1904. Reorganized, mustered in and stationed at Long Beach December 21, 1904. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in National Guard, 1916.

Company H, formerly Company D, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company H, Second Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, on December 9, Company H, Second Battalion, designated Company H, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company H, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. New company organized in Talbert and designated Company H, Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 8, 1900. A new company organized in Long Beach and designated Company H, Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 21, 1904. Company H, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916.

Mustered into Federal service April 4, 1917. Redesignated Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Reconstituted October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Fourth Separate Company November 30, 1920. Redesignated Company H, Third Separate Battalion, Infantry, February 1, 1921. Redesignated Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921. Redesignated Regimental Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 1, 1921. Reconstituted October 6, 1921. Redesignated Company H, 185th Infantry Regiment, February 18, 1929. Reconstituted February 18, 1930.

Company H, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 4, 1917. Companies H and F, Seventh Infantry Regiment, consolidated and designated Company D, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Company H, Second Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Reorganized as Fourth Separate Company, Infantry, November 30, 1920. Fourth Separate Company redesignated Company H, Third Separate Battalion, Infantry, February 1, 1921. Third Separate Battalion redesignated Second Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921. Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, redesignated Regimental Headquarters Company, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 1, 1921. A new company organized in Pasadena and mustered in, October 6, 1921. Company H, 160th Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company H, 185th Infantry Regiment, February 18, 1929. New company organized in Los Angeles and mustered in, February 17, 1930.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY

Third Battalion

Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Headquarters Company, Fourth Separate Battalion, Infantry, August 18, 1921. Redesignated Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY I

Company I, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized December 23, 1889. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company I, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May I, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 8, 1917. Redesignated Company I, 160th Infantry, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Company I, Infantry, August, 1920. Re-

designated Company I, Fourth Separate Battalion, February I, 1921. Redesignated Company I, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

'Company I, formerly Company B, Seventh Infantry, redesignated Company I, Second Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company I, Second Battalion, redesignated Company I, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company I, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company I, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the California National Guard May I, 1899. Company I, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company I, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 8, 1917. Company I, Seventh Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Company I, Ibôth Infantry, Regiment, October 14, 1917. Company I, Infantry, designated Company I, Fourth Separate Battalion, Infantry, February I, 1921. Company I, Fourth Separate Battalion, redesignated Company I, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY K

Company K, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized October 28, 1887. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company K, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 9, 1917. Redesignated Company K, 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Company K, Infantry, August 6, 1920. Redesignated Company K, Fourth Battalion, Infantry, February 1, 1921. Redesignated Company K, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company K, formerly Company E, Ninth Infantry, redesignated Company K, Second Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company K, Second Battalion, redesignated Company K, Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company K, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company K, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 30, 1899. Company K, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company K, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service during the World War, April 9, 1917. Company K, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company K, 160th Infantry, redesignated Company K, Fourth Separate Battalion, Infantry, redesignated Company K, Fourth Separate Battalion, Infantry, redesignated Company K, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY L

Company L, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized January 6, 1890. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Reorganized as Company L, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 13, 1899. Mustered out June 15, 1904. Reorganized and mustered in December 19, 1904. Mustered into Federal service June

29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 6, 1917. Redesignated Company L, 160th Infantry Regiment. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Company M, Infantry, October I, 1920. Redesignated Company L, Fourth Separate Battalion, February I, 1921. Redesignated Company L, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company L, formerly Company F, Ninth Infantry, redesignated Company L, Third Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company L, Third Battalion, redesignated Company L. Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company L, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company L, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, re-entered the National Guard of California, April 13, 1899. A new company organized, mustered in and designated Company L. Seventh Infantry Regiment, December 19, 1904. Company L, as part of the Seventh Infantry, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company L, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 6, 1917.

Company L, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company L. 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917. Reorganized as Company M, Infantry, October 1, 1920. Company M, Infantry, designated Company L, Fourth Infantry Battalion, February 1, 1921. Company L, Fourth Separate Battalion, redesignated Company L, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

COMPANY M

Company M, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Angeles, Los Angeles County. Organized January 3, 1890. Reconstituted December 9, 1895. Mustered into Federal service May 9, 1898. Mustered out of Federal service December 2, 1898. Registrated out of Federal Service December 3, 1899. Registrated Decembe ized as Company M, Seventh Infantry Regiment, April 30, 1899. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered

into Federal service April 6, 1917. Redesignated October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as Fifth Separate Company, Infantry, February 2, 1921. Redesignated Company M, 160th Infantry Regiment, August 23, 1921.

Company M, formerly Company C, Ninth Infantry, designated Company M. Third Battalion, December 7, 1895. Two days later, December 9, Company M redesignated Company M. Seventh Infantry Regiment. Company M. as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty during the Spanish-American War, May 9, 1898. Company M, as part of the Seventh Infan-try Regiment, re-entered the California National Guard, April 30, 1899. Company M, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Company M. as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty in the World War, April 6, 1917. Company M. Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Company M. 160th Infantry Regiment, October 14, 1917.

MEDICAL DETACHMENT

Medical Detachment, 160th Infantry Regiment, California National Guard. Location: Los Ángeles, Los Angeles County. Organized as Sanitary Corps, Seventh Infantry Regiment, June, 1901. Mustered out May 1, 1905. Re-organized as Detachment Hospital Corps, Seventh Infantry Regiment, May 2, 1905. Mustered into Federal service June 29, 1916. Mustered out of Federal service November 11, 1916. Resumption of service in the National Guard, 1916. Mustered into Federal service April 5, 1917. Redesignated Medical Detachment, 160th Infantry, October 14, 1917. Demobilized May 7, 1919. Reorganized as

Medical Detachment, 160th Infantry, April 4, 1922. Sanitary Detachment, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, mustered into Federal service for duty on the Mexican Border, June 29, 1916. Sanitary Detachment, as part of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, was mustered into Federal service for duty during the World War, April 5, 1917. Sanitary Detachment, Seventh Infantry Regiment, redesignated Medical Detachment, 160th Infantry Regi-

ment, October 14, 1917.



160 th Infantry

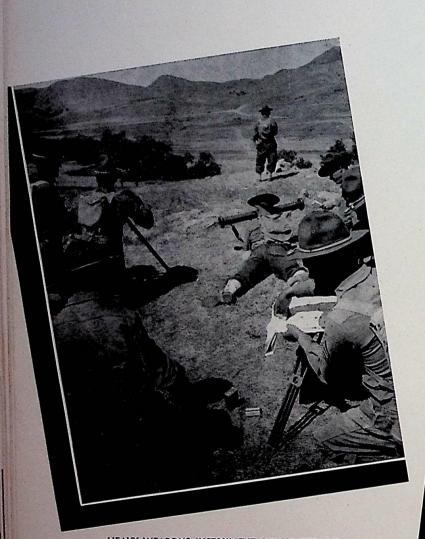


In action

MAPS AND INSTRUMENTS



MAP READING WITH THE ANTI-TANK COMPANY



HEAVY WEAPONS INSTRUMENT GROUP OBTAINS FIRING DATA

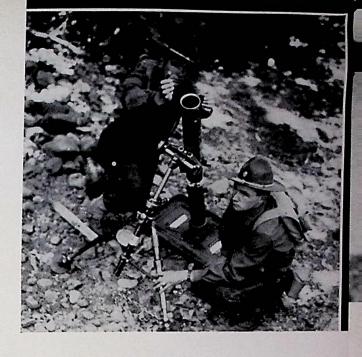




81-MM. MORTAR



81-MM. READY FOR ACTION



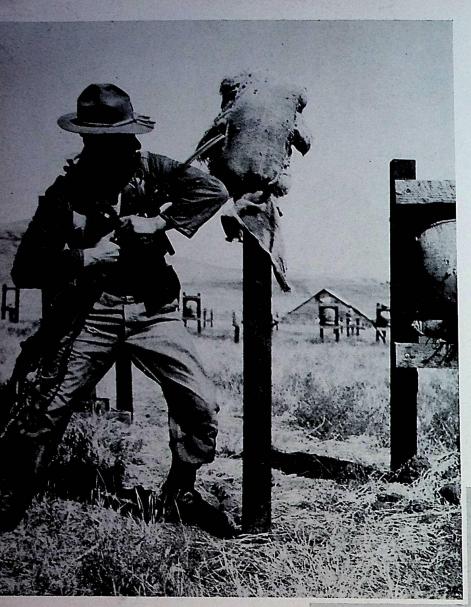


FIRING MORTAR FROM CREEK BED



CREW LAYS MORTAR





Bayonet

Straw-filled sacks, held in position by big posts, give the Infantryman something substantial for bayonet practice.



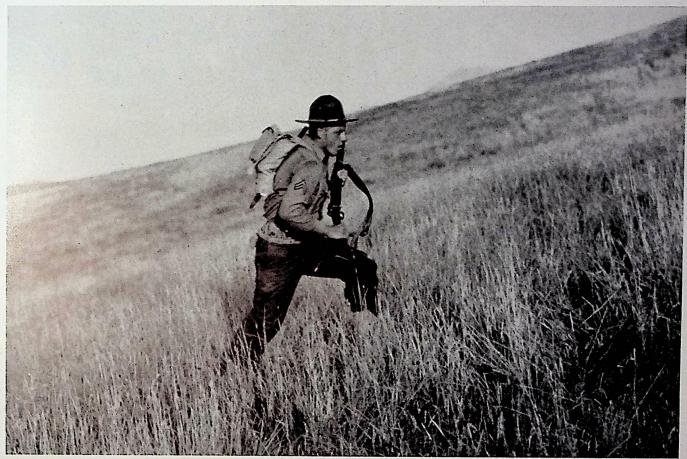


Drill .



Right: Doughboys have bayonets fixed in their advance.



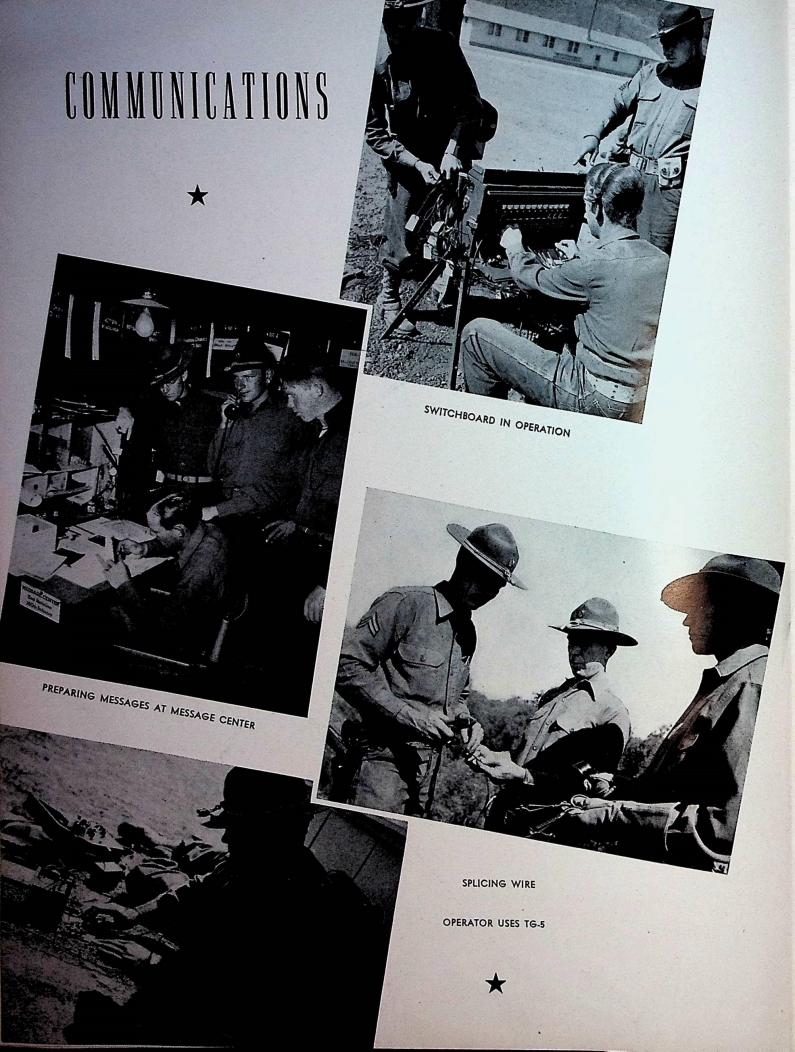


Above: Advancing up the hill.



Right: Bayonet practice keeps soldier on the alert.





Personnel

160TH INFANTRY

80th Infantry Brigade

40TH INFANTRY DIVISION

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES



CAMP SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA

1941



GEORGE R. SMITH Captain Commanding



HAROLD H. HEYNEN First Lieutenant



GLENN R. JACKMAN Second Lieutenant

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

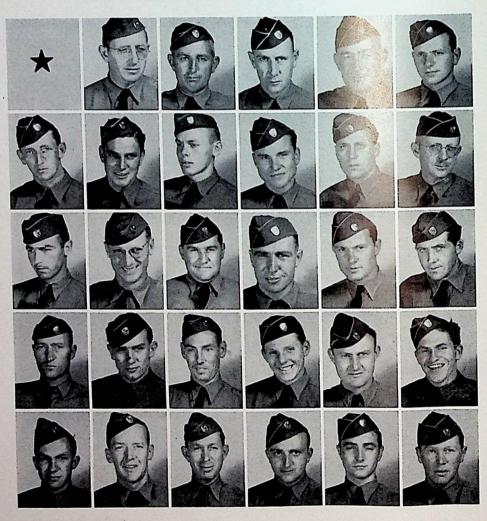
First Row: First Sergeant Dowden, Clarence E.; Master Sergeant Mulrine, William B.; Technical Sergeants Fredericks, David P.; Hays, Virgil; Richardson, Herbert W.

Second Row: Technical Sergeants Rose, Roy V.; Schreiner, William A.; Staff Sergeants Chesbro, Bill J.; Forester, Charles F.; Technical Sergeant Parkins, Earl; Staff Sergeant Peck, Lester L.

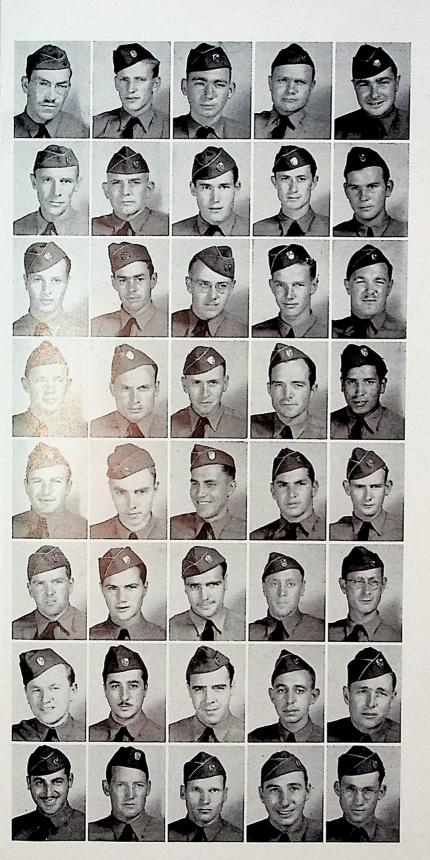
Third Row: Staff Sergeant Small, Newton S.; Sergeants Ferguson, Owen R.; Pelton, Austin H.; Stevens, Eugene H.; Vose, Charles S.; Walker, Allen J.

Fourth Row: Corporals Atkins, Billie B.; Burke, William R.; Butler, Fred A.; Humason, Roland S., Jr.; Ingle, Joseph S.; Kirk, L. G.

Fifth Row: Corporals McMahon, William R.; Newton, Robert C.; Parrish, Jack W.; Slisz, Chester J.; Sterger, Albert H.; Thompson, Raymond L.



HEADQUARTERS COMPANY





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Bigham, R. G.; Bird, Lester G.; Buchanan, Jesse R.; Deuel, Joseph R.; Dewig, Stanley F.

Second Row: Privates First Class Dieball, Wilbert; Duffy, Ernest M.; Dunn, Douglas J.; Dunn, G. M.; Eaton, T. W.

Third Row: Privates First Class Farlow, Lewis V.; Fattig, Ray; Gessler, William A.; Gibson, William E.; Guenther, Joseph J.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Heine, Ervin F.; Herrick, G. J.; Lynch, Eugene E.; McCurry, Kenneth L.; Montoya, D.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Myers, K. B.; Paup, John W.; Pifer, John C.; Potter, Robert E.; Prittie, Thomas H.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Rea, D. J.; Weiss, Joseph; Williams, Donald R.; Privates Bailey, L. R.; Barker, L. A.

Seventh Row: Privates Barnett, F. J.; Biancheet, N. F.; Bierk, Leland J.; Bowley, J. F.; Braley, R.

Eighth Row: Privates Bruno, J.; Brustod, M. P.; Bunk, F. F., Jr.; Butler, R. A.; Callander, G. A.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Carlson, Douglas D.; Cedarblade, F. F.; Cooper, Rex C., Jr.; Davis, F. L.; Dunn, William J.

Second Row: Privates Ebert, N. A.; Economy, Harvey J.; Ermet, D. L.; Ferkel, C. W.; Foust, D. L.

Third Row: Privates Fujimoto, M.; Ganong, R. W.; Gary, C. P.; Gideon, E. F.; Gillen, Robert E.

Fourth Row: Privates Hacker, J. H.; Hammond, Philip V.; Hanson, H.; Herrick, Kenneth W.; Hutchins, Donald S.

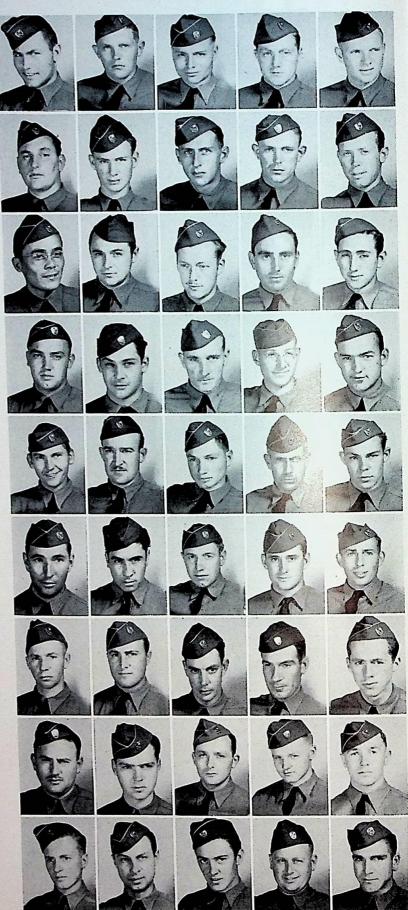
Fifth Row: Privates Kepple, Max A.; Lewis, D. R.; Levy, Mitchell; Lobdell, Kenneth L.; Lummus, T. L.

Sixth Row: Privates McKay, P.; Mestas, J. B.; Michaelis, A. L.; Miller, Vernon L.; Milliken, W.

Seventh Row: Privates Monke, W. H.; Pinto, John; Reardon, W. J.; Roth, T. E.; Schrandt, R. E.

Eighth Row: Privates Simon, H.; Snyder, W.; Solomon, H.; Spaulding, Frank T.; Spaulding, H. C.

Ninth Row: Privates Taylor, Donald H.; Traucht, Earl N.; Vose, James B.; Walters, B.; Warner, R. G.



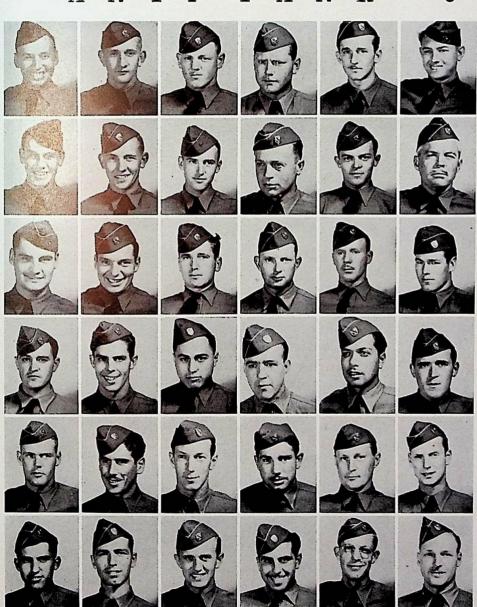


HARRY S. CHITTICK, JR.



WILLIAM J. GRAYSON Second Lieutenant

ANTI-TANK COMPANY





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Stephens, Manuel W.; Sergeants Berthold, Adolph G.; Buell, Paul; Ehlers, Richard A.; Feierlein, Otto E.; Johnson, Milton E.

Second Row: Sergeants Kiley, James E.; LeFebvre, Henry E.; Maier, Benjamin M.; McDanel, Roy A.; Parker, Leroy W.; Rhodes, Jack.

Third Row: Sergeant Scarlet, John L.; Corporals Bassett, Richard F.; Clark, Harold L.; Fish, Stephen L.; Glesenkamp, Louis T.; Glover, John C.

Fourth Row: Corporals Hambly, Fred B.; Jones, Robert A.; Jordan, Benjamin J.; Kain, Earl V.; Lardizabal, David D.; Leffler, Loyal E.

Fifth Row: Corporals Mawhinney, Fred D.; Morganella, Donald; Oglesby, Wilfrid E.; Parque, Fred; Patterson, Mahlon S.; Radford, James G.

Sixth Row: Corporals Reyes, Henry L.; Riley, James W.; Schreyer, Milton M.; Sudano, Paul; Watts, John B.; Wiese, John H., Jr.

ANTI-TANK COMPANY



RICHARD H. GOSSAGE Captain On Special Assignment

(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Bravo, Quinto; Currie, James D. W.; Dugan, Rex J.; Haproff, Alex; Jugan, Michael.

Second Row: Privates First Class Kale, Charles A.; Kamas, Michael; Kinnamon, Charles E.; Madrid, Benjamin S.; Marzullo, Donald.

Third Row: Privates First Class Merritt, Bruce F.; Mizuno, James Y.; Mothershead, Stan. P.; Orr, Roy R.; Smith, Sidney J.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Vaughn, Carmon; Warnock, Roy E.; Privates Abel, George; Andrade, R. G.; Blakeslee, David W.

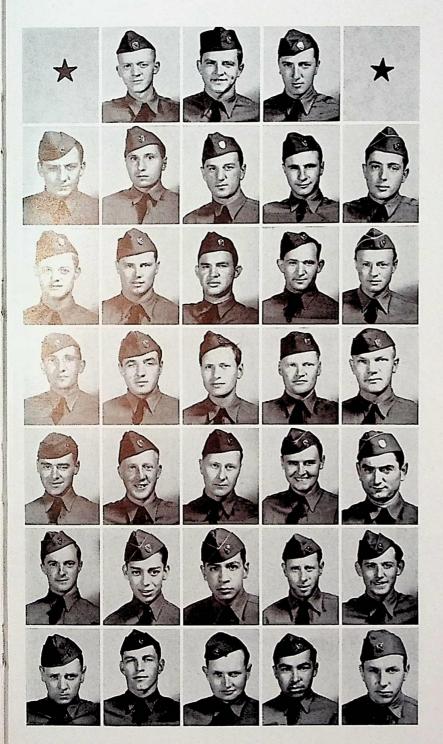
Fifth Row: Privates Boll, Frederick R.; Brandell, Charles A.; Brenner, Walter L.; Buss, Irvin M.; Deller, Howard A.

Sixth Row: Privates Doherty, Robert E.; Elliott, Marvin H.; Filpi, Frank J.; Flesch, Oscar E.; Frei, Peter P.



ANTI-TANK COMPANY





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates French, Cornelius F.; Harkness, Jack H.; Hayes, Norman R.

Second Row: Privates Heffner, Peter J.; Hoelzel, Anthony J.; Hrabovsky, Frank M.; Johnston, Robert R.; Lee, Henry H.

Third Row: Privates Lozsinski, Joseph; Markin, James F.; Marx, Joseph M.; Mathews, Joseph E.; Meikle, Robert G.

Fourth Row: Privates Messer, Armand; O'Connor, James P.; Olson, Glenn S.; Olson, Joseph; Olsen, Lawrence M.

Fifth Row: Privates Olson, Robert E.; Ornberg, Percy C.; Page, Carl H.; Papesh, Richard R.; Paulon, Conrad S.

Sixth Row: Privates Pearson, Delno H.; Reyes, David M.; Salcido, Paul; Shubin, Sam P.; Silverstein, Jack.

Seventh Row: Privates Stone, Stanley J.; Van Faasen, Elmer J.; Van Zoeren, Leon J.; Willie, George; Woicik, Chester.







EDGAR G. DAYIS
Captain
Munitions Officer
THEODORE J. ROE
First Lieutenant
KENYON R. SKINNER
First Lieutenant











SERVICE COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Master Sergeants Marsh, William T.; Merritt, Ray A.; Miller, Barney; First Sergeant Brown, Harley C.; Staff Sergeant Barth, William H.

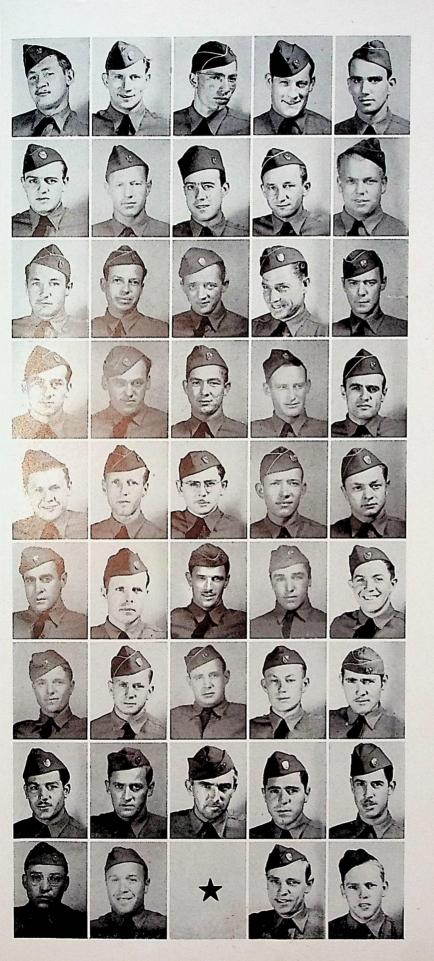
Second Row: Staff Sergeants Bowen, Douglas M.; Crockett, Charles W., Jr.; Golden, Joseph A.; Pallette, Don W.; Sergeant Gustafson, Charles W.

Third Row: Sergeants Jacks, Morris W.; Maloney, James C.; Pearson, John C.; Schneider, Otto W.; Stevenson, John H.

Fourth Row: Corporals Glenn, Douglas M.; Fricker, Norman K.; Seder, Nolan W.; Shick, Harold L.; Sisson, Dale A.



SERVICE COMPANY





ARTHUR J. PANCOCK Captain



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Bohlwahn, Carl F.: Dean, Edward T.; Durbin, Homer L.; Full, George W.; Fuller, James E.

Second Row: Privates First Class Garton, Clyde J.; Goyer, Theron W.; Haigwood, John E.; Jorgenson, John H.; Kreil, John.

Third Row: Privates First Class Larsen, Ford P.; Ludwick, James A.; Oliver, Robert C.; Orendorff, Earl F.; Scott, William H.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Seder, Clarence J.; Seder, Robert W.; Smith, Arthur D.; Spellman, Nelson Z.; Stein, Jack H.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Tampa, Michael S.; Underwood, Julian M.; White, Edward N.; Privates Adams, John J.; Adams, Richard.

Sixth Row: Privates Alviso, Frank A.; Austin, Edward G.; Barnes, William R.; Baer, Henry A.; Blackburne, Louis H.

Seventh Row: Privates Blackwood, Charley E.; Bowman, Roy A.; Canaday, George E.; Carkey, Charles G.; Cleary, Homer E.

Eighth Row: Privates Colosimo Vincent A.; Cox, Don O.; Creedon, Dan T.; De Marchi, Don B.; Digirolamo, Alexander F.

Ninth Row: Privates Duran, Toby P.; Elgood, Ennis J.; Grimm, Eldon; Guy, Eric L.

SERVICE



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Hague, Charles H.; Hail, Roger G.; Hanson, Merrill W.; Hays, Clyde W.; Herman, Edwin H.

Second Row: Privates Hope, Leland L.; Horwath, Frank H.; Hrtanek, Rudolph; Johnson, James H.; Joseph, Haig R.

Third Row: Privates Kubelka, Jerome C.; Lawson, Aubrey L.; Laz, John A.; Lee, Leonard W.; Mahaley, Louis B.

Fourth Row: Privates Marchington, Arthur F.; McFarland, David H.; Morrisette, Morris L.; Moss, Edwin; Myr, Earl L.

Fifth Row: Privates Nowak, Theodore N.; Olea, Raymond M.; Osuna, Robert C.; Padilla, Louis H.; Payne, Harold T.

Sixth Row: Privates Popham, Fred G.; Rickson, Harry: Rucker, Paul J.; Schneider, Edwin C.; Shanks, Max.

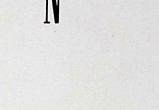
Seventh Row: Privates Soo Hoo, George O.; Sorenson, Sam; Spaulding, Robert L., Jr.; Spille, Marin A.; Tolliver, Gene A.

Eighth Row: Privates Turk, Carl C.; Vollman, Richard M.; Walker, Howard W.; Watson, Herbert W.; Welsh, Claude E.

Ninth Row: Privates Whitaker, Charles O.; Wilkerson, John C.; Witt, Harry O.; Wright, Thomas W.

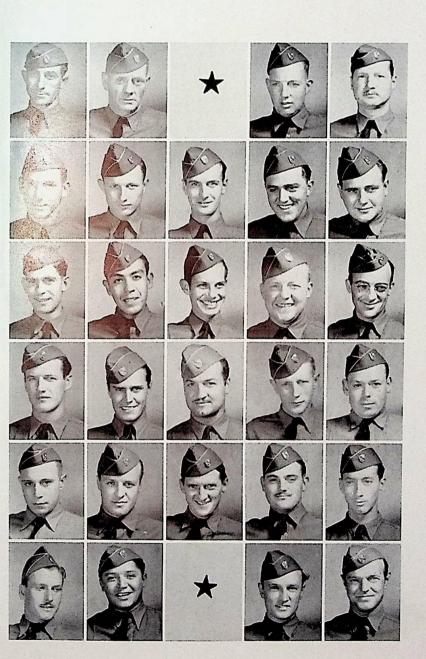


B A N





WILLIAM B. JENNER Warrant Officer





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Technical Sergeant Bunton, Harry H.; Staff Sergeant Blackwell, Herbert E.; Sergeants, Bear, William A.; Howard, Kellogg.

Second Row: Sergeant Reece, Donald P.; Corporals Bailey, Richard K.; Field, Edwin H.; Privates First Class Arthur, Jesse F.; Beeks, Richard M.

Third Row: Privates First Class Bressler, Bryce P.; Casarez, Paul E.; Davis, Jack A.; Dodge, Edward M.; Fisher, Robert D.

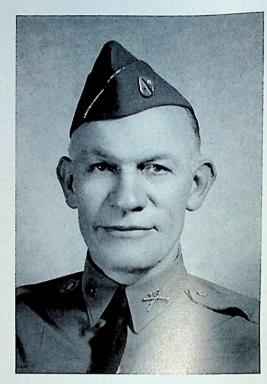
Fourth Row: Privates First Class Forbes, Arthur G.; Fuller, John M.; Harwick, Hillel; Hayes, Eugene M.; Hooper, Stanley.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Key, Lyman N.; Marsh, Jack O.; McConaghie, Bruce T.; Meader, William M.; Monzingo, Robert A.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class, Reed, Robert S.; Ruedas, Manuel P.; Sanders, Griffith T.; Sullivan, Harlow.



CHARLES W. HOFFMAN Lieutenant Colonel Commanding



ARTHUR F. LaROUCHE
Major
Executive Officer

HEADQUARTERS

Girst Battalion

EDWARD B. CROSSMAN First Lieutenant S-2



GEORGE W. SCOTT First Lieutenant S-I





DOUGLAS G. ALEXANDER Second Lieutenant



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Berryhill, Roy L.; Staff Sergeants Stephen, James E.; Corey, James W.; Sergeant Hodges, Charles C.

Second Row: Corporals Foster, George D.; Harris, Donald L.; Hilton, Walter R.; Moore, Carl E.; Rowland, Carl E.

Third Row: Corporal Woodill, Gilbert S.; Privates First Class Anderson, William E.; Blackburn, Howard W.; Cunningham, Kenneth G.; Ellis, Arthur M.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Fishman, Alfred L.; Guenther, John C.; Hilsenhoff, Jerry P.; Kane, Leroy E.; Nunnally, William F.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Teel, Max A.; Whitener, Coy E.; Privates Bullington, Curtis E.; Butts, Lauren E.; Coenen, Matthew M.

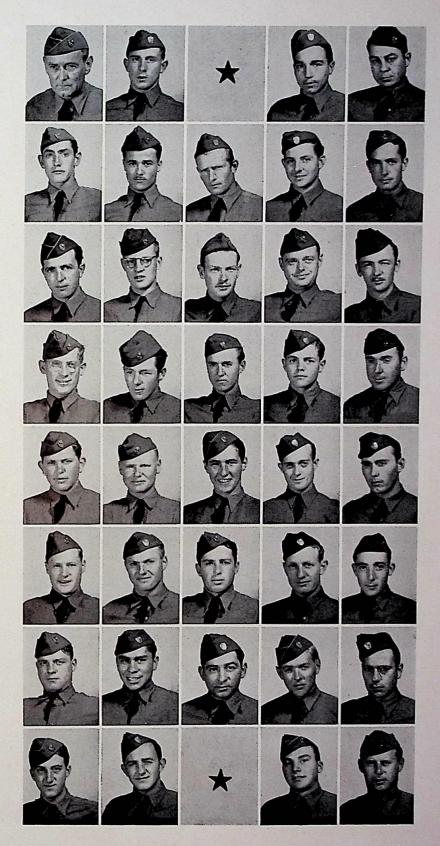
Sixth Row: Privates Cooks, Wilbur J.; Dankert, Alfred H.; Douglas, Hyman W.; Edwards, Thomas H.; Hays,

Seventh Row: Privates Hemenway, Joseph R.; Hernandez, John; Hernandez, Peter C.; Jacobson, Lawrence P.; Kyle, Leland P.

Eighth Row: Privates Lantz, Verle L.; Raper, Raymond H.; Thorn, George R.; Uditske, Frederick J.

HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT

FIRST BATTALION





PAUL C. BYRNE Captain Commanding



WALTER S. ROSSEAU First Lieutenant



SAMUEL A. BOWMAN Second Lieutenant



WALKER CARLTON Second Lieutenant



ROBERT McMAHON Second Lieutenant

(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Staff Sergeant Birch, Ralph S.; Sergeants Ashley, Hallar B.; Bates, Frank J.; Bloch, Humbert.

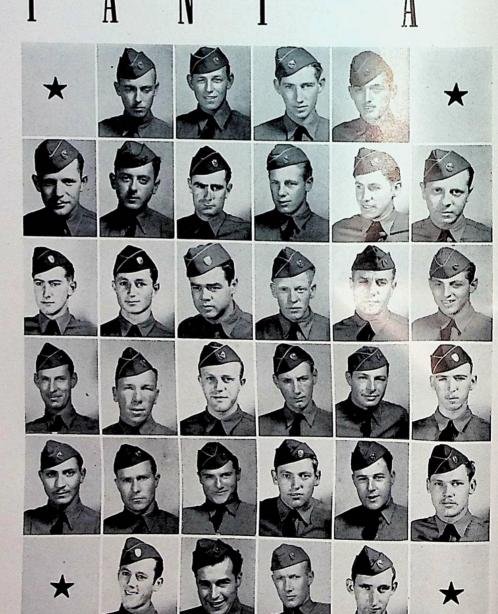
Second Row: Sergeants Brookman, George G.; Cameron, Fred N.; Crow, Herman D.; Dickerson, Leonard F.; Evenson, William; Glass, Bernard L.

Third Row: Sergeants Lubarsky, Palmer O.; Murawski, Frank J.; Palomino, Joseph J.; Reynolds, Sylvester J.; Shaw, Scott N.; Steier, Arthur H.

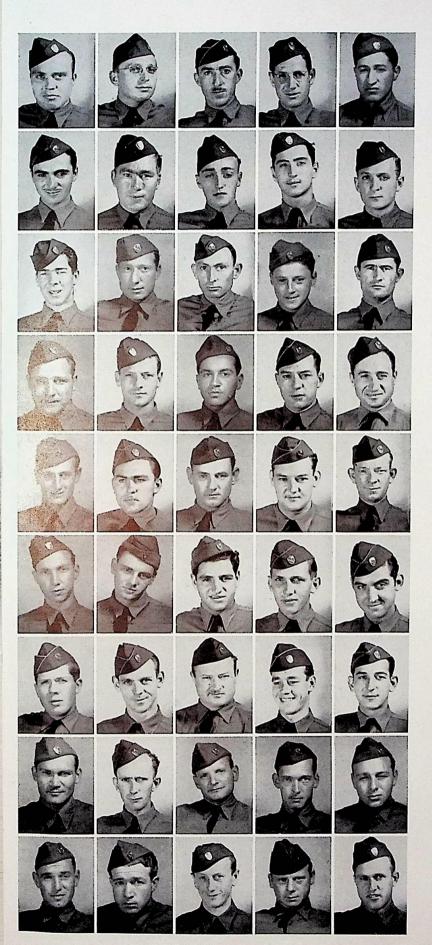
Fourth Row: Sergeants Tinkham, LeRoy B.; Wadstrup, Robert C.; Corporals Bacigalupi, Walter P.; Carroll, Clayton T.; Curry, John R.; Francis, Donn M.

Fifth Row: Corporals Glass, Alvin W.; Haines, James D.; Hague, Harold L.; Hooten, Earl F.; Kieffer, George W.; Lanphear, Eldon H.

Sixth Row: Corporals Maddox, James J.; Marino, Geroge S.; Ott, George J.; Stromberg, Nils W.



COMPANYA





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Albaugh, David J.; Ashcraft, Abbott R.; Balla, Steve J.; Benner, Herbert W.; Contreras, Alfonso J.

Second Row: Privates First Class De Santis, Pete J.; Edmund, Donald R.; Gamst, Arthur T.; Clanzmann, George H.; Grant, Davis B.

Third Row: Privates First Class Houghton, Gilbert V.; Howell, Theodore E.; Huff, Chester L.; Kieffer, Robert J.; Lawrence, Jasper C.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Lesar, Michael J.; Link, Jesse E.; Lopes, Edward; Lorton, Norris J.; Lotta, Eriasemio.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Machinga, Robert F.; Makshanoff, John; Mason, Joseph F.; Matsler, Anderson G.; Milligan, William.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Oakes, Ralph Q.; Perry, Floyd; Pinizzotto, Angelo S.; Robb, Warren S.; Robinson, Frank A.

Seventh Row: Privates First Class Roderick, Harold E.; Silverthorn, Clifford E.; Wick, Claude A.; Worthen, Max L.; Zouras, John P.

Eighth Row: Privates Adamson, Noble W.; Aker, Arnold M.; Allen, Leroy; Applegate, Howard H.; Arndt, Edward F.

Ninth Row: Privates Baranowski, Joseph A.; Barefield, Joe H.; Barkley, Ben E.; Bean, George M.; Berger, Walter E.

COMPANYA

(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Bigelow, Kenneth H.; Blackwood, Forrest F.; Blue, Lawrence C.; Burkland, R. M.

Second Row: Privates Campbell, Curtis H.; Crawford, Harvey; Dembski, Casimer L.; Demairrio, C. V.; De Meneces, Dagoberto V.

Third Row: Privates Demyan, Frank J.; De Palma, Philip; Durfee, Mark J.; Eckholm, Oke; Edinger, Gordon J.

Fourth Row: Privates Elwell, Richard C.; Eng. Clifford W.; Fesser, Robert A.; Fideler, Louie A.; Fisk, Lynn W.

Fifth Row: Privates Flygare, John E.; Foreman, Charles D.; Fulgham, Charles H.; Gailey, Howard W.; Gartner, Joseph P.

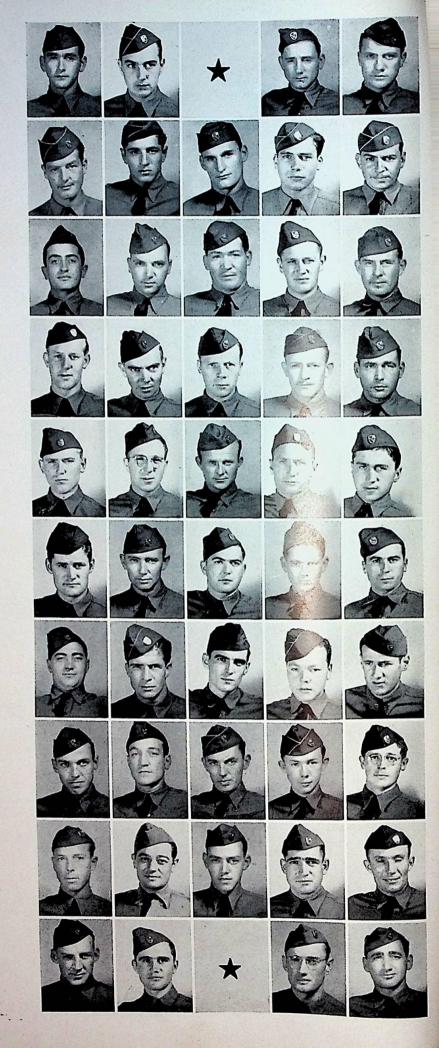
Sixth Row: Privates Gehrels, George F.; Gibson, Robert G.; Halligan, Harry H.; Hamilton, Gerard S.; Hansler, Lawrence E.

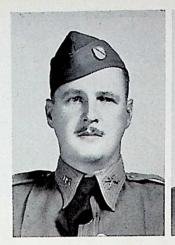
Seventh Row: Privates Henry, William E.; Hughes, Thomas J.; Kapor, Peter L.; Kidman, Serh S.; Kokalis, Alexander.

Eighth Row: Privates Mace, Dean L.; McLane, John F.; Meade, Carl S.; Miller, Howard A.; Mindrum, Vernon O.

Ninth Row: Privates Moore, Arley J.; Picco, Paul; Scott, James A.; Sewald, Frank J.; Short, William.

Tenth Row: Privates Weeks, Otto F.; Woehl, Herbert J.; Wood, Austin J.; Wood, Lloyd D.; Yorgan, Howard P.





HERMAN A. E. JONES
Captain
Commanding



CLARENCE F. HAUBER First Lieutenant

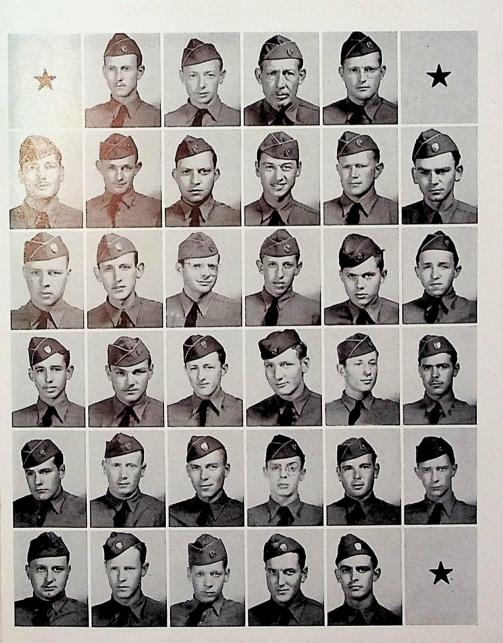


JOHN B. HUMPHREYS Second Lieutenant



VINCENT S. TABOR Second Lieutenant

COMPANY B





WILLIAM A. BEAR Second Lieutenant

(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Fernald, Charles W.; Staff Sergeant Armbruster, Joe H.; Sergeants Careswell, Athol B.; Gaddis, Everett H.

Second Row: Sergeants Garza, Robert R.; Haynie, Stuart O.; Meskimen, Alan D.; Negrette, Gilbert J.; Phillips, Glen R.; Pierce, Robert L.

Third Row: Sergeants Roberts, Paul J., Jr.; Schulz, Lynn W.; Wilson, Robert M.; Corporals Arver, Marvin A.; Brown, Charles E.; Cox, John H.

Fourth Row: Corporals Frink, Donald E.; Gamrel, D. W.; Haynie, Stanton H.; Henderson, Rodney J.: James, Tylee N.; Johnson James E.

Fifth Row: Corporals Lietzow, Dale R.; Lundgren, Robert H.; Michalkovich, Adam; Shinn, Robert M.; Simmons, Wesley T.; Slater, Marion R.

Sixth Row: Corporals Slemp, Waldo L.; Thill, William R.; Westfall, Benjamin G.; Watters, W. R.; Wickett, William F. *

(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Bohlinger, Thomas A.; Contreras, Robert O.; Doblinski, J.; Galey, Jack H.; Goubert, John B.

Second Row: Privates First Class Harkins, Jolly J.; Hood, Richard C.; Jacobi, Robert W. E.; Johnson, Ralph; Lytton, Harry L.

Third Row: Privates First Class Madon, Arnold L.; Najera, Richard; Oertli, Charles E.; Oliver, Edward M.; Reilly, Vincent E.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Rowley, LeRoy E.; Thompson, Robert E.; Utter, Le Roy L.; Wade, Gerald J.; Wells, Kenneth H.

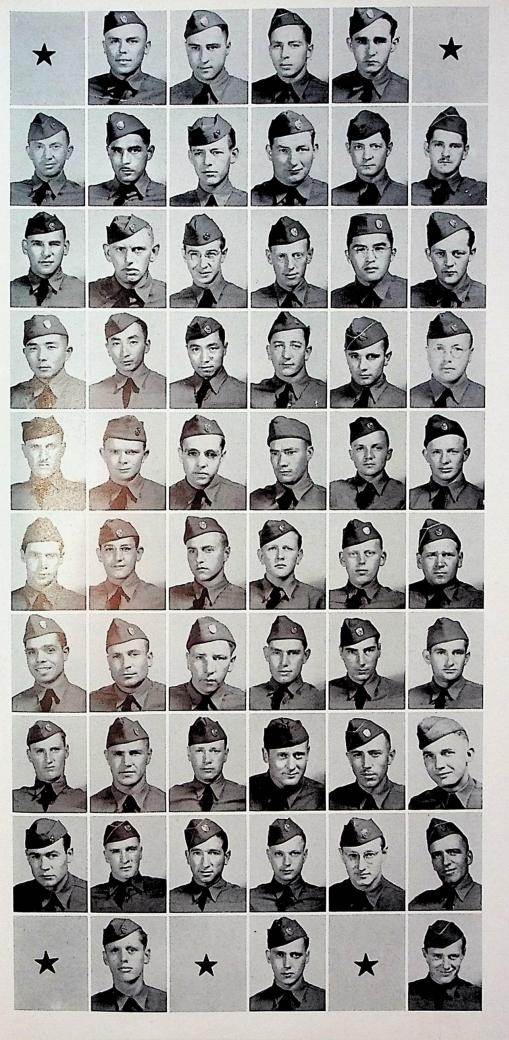
Fifth Row: Privates First Class Wible, Joe W.; Wooden, Tex M.; Privates Armstrong, Emile R.; Asplund, Hilding; Bahnsen, Lorand F.

Sixth Row: Privates Barker, Homer C.; Berg, Carl R.; Berg, Erick G.; Blaine, James G.; Bombik, Michael.

Seventh Row: Privates Bradford, Sherman R.; Broerman, Edward J.; Brookman, Irvin C.; Brooks, Louie U.; Brummell, Earl L.

Eighth Row: Privates Brunworth, Paul; Cavalli, Arthur M.; Cavitt, Hardin T.; Conneighton, Frederick M.; Cosby, William J.





COMPANY B



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Dick, Seward G.; Di Domenico, Nicholas A.; Eilenstine, Raymond M.; Fancher, Homer L.

Second Row: Privates Fisch, Bernard; Flores, Luis L.; Folk, Charles L.; Gabel, Wilbert G.; Garrett, Byron H.; Gonderman, Carl L.

Third Row: Privates Grawbarger, Erwin D.; Greenlee, Cleo H.; Hahn, Roy G.; Hakeman, George; Hamataka, Toshio; Hanson, Vernon.

Fourth Row: Privates Harada, Masao; Hashimoto, Masateru; Hayashi, Torao; Hegler, Frank S.; Hoffman, Emil C.; Hoiles, James M.

Fifth Row: Privates Howard, Ben H.; Hughes, Richard S.; Illian, Donald C.; Jansen, Albert J.; Johnson, Clair M.; Jones, Vernon.

Sixth Row: Privates Junker, Norbert J.; Kirchner, Leo C.; Kobs, Daniel E.; Corporal Korpi, Guy T.; Privates Kroll, Floyd H.; Kucharski, Edward F.

Seventh Row: Privates Lentine, Joseph F.; Maier, Harold L.; Markkula, Toivo E.; McMahon, Leo F.; McNamar, Frank L.; Maynard, Carroll L.

Eighth Row: Privates Mohler, Paul D.; Mramor, Felix J.; Mueller, Herbert E.; Owen, Virgil W.; Penrod, Charles F.; Petersen, Clarence W.

Ninth Row: Privates Roberts, Marion A.; Schell, Raymond J.; Silva, John P.; Skaggs, Robert L.; Skierka, Max A.; Smith, Charles C.

Tenth Row: Privates Smith, Lester H.; Stein, Elbert G.; Wing, George W.



THOMAS F. HOYNE Captain Commanding



LESTER D. BRADY, JR. First Lieutenant



BERT C. ENGEL Second Lieutenant



IRA L. HEARNE Second Lieutenant

COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

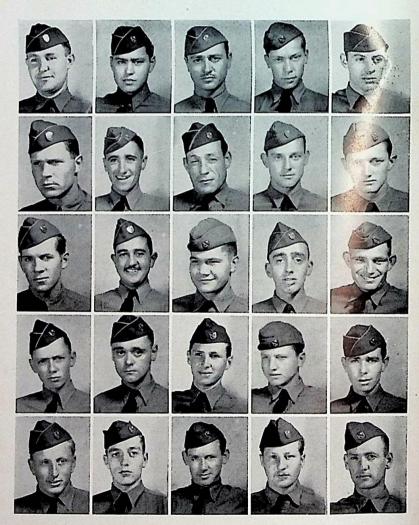
First Row: First Sergeant Dent, Raymond A.; Staff Sergeant Fuller, Lee E.; Sergeants Bertussi, R. J.; Clemens, Otto W.; Darst, B. H.

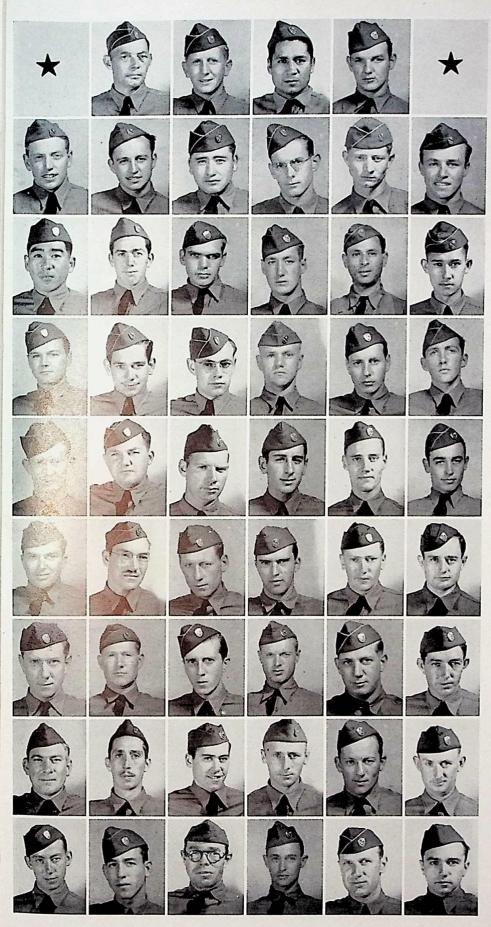
Second Row: Sergeants Dotson, Charles C.; Feigenbaum, Jean P.; Hughes, C. G.; Iverson, James R.; Steele, Robert C.

Third Row: Sergeants Styer, Irvine M.; Verghis, George W.; Walker, Robert O.; Weiler, Herbert J.; Corporal Barney, Jay D.

Fourth Row: Corporals Booth, Karl M., Jr.; Callan, James M.; Dowling, R. E.; Goddard, Homer D.; Peck, James M.

Fifth Row: Corporals Price, Doyle; Reynolds, H. E.; Stenehjem, Edwin C.; Varenas, Stanley; Wessel, P. C.





COMPANY C



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Antwilder, Barney J.; Apffel, Edmund R.; Calvary, Albert W.; Davis, Bob P.

Second Row: Privates First Class Doner, George A.; Emmet, William P.; Espinoza, John N.; Garcia, Keith; Crim, William E.; Grimont, Leon R.

Third Row: Privates First Class Komoto, Kazuo; McCarthy, Justin T.; McGuire, William M.; McInturff, Roy G.; Milton, Raymond; Nakamichi, Arthur.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Nelson, John L., Jr.; Schanafelt, John J.; Schmitz, Elmer J.; Strand, Clifford T.; Weber, Ronald H. J.; Williams, Eugene F.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Wright, Clifford E.; Privates Alden, John R.; Allen, Kenneth F.; Azevedo, John A.; Bailey, Robert E.; Barnes, Wallace B.

Sixth Row: Privates Behrhost, Donald C.; Bigham, Richard G.; Brown, Donald; Buchner, Elmer G.; Butterfield, Vernie D.; Casey, Robert W.

Seventh Row: Privates Carey, Edward T.; Cavin, Vern F.; Clover, William J.; Davis, Roy O.; Downing, Raymond; Dunn, Paul F.

Eighth Row: Privates Dustman, Lellion B.; Farquharson, Vincent; Fehner, Kennet C.; Fetter, Daniel R.; Fisher, Henry C.; Fleetwood, Ralph.

Ninth Row: Privates Flick, Ray R.; Flippen, James C.; Fuller, Donnel R.; Gaffney, William C.; Garratt, Edward J.; Genasci, Melvin E.

COMPANY C



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Gray, Frederick L.; Grinstead, William A.; Haugen, Helmer E.; Heil, Philip F.; Hendricks, Robert J.

Second Row: Privates Henry, James C.; Herron, Norman M.; Hill, Carl E.; Hobson, Fred G.; Hogan, Martin W.

Third Row: Privates Hoshi, Ted T.; Ishii, Donald S.; Iwanaga, George; Janecke, Martin R.; Johnson, Edwin F.

Fourth Row: Private Kadunc, Tony J.; Knight, Edward A.; Kodama, Tadao L.; Kohrmann, Virgil J.; Koros, Johnnie B.

Fifth Row: Privates Kosirog, Clemens J.; Kues, Oscar G.; Kunishi, Tom H.; Lewis, George R.; Long, Charlie C.

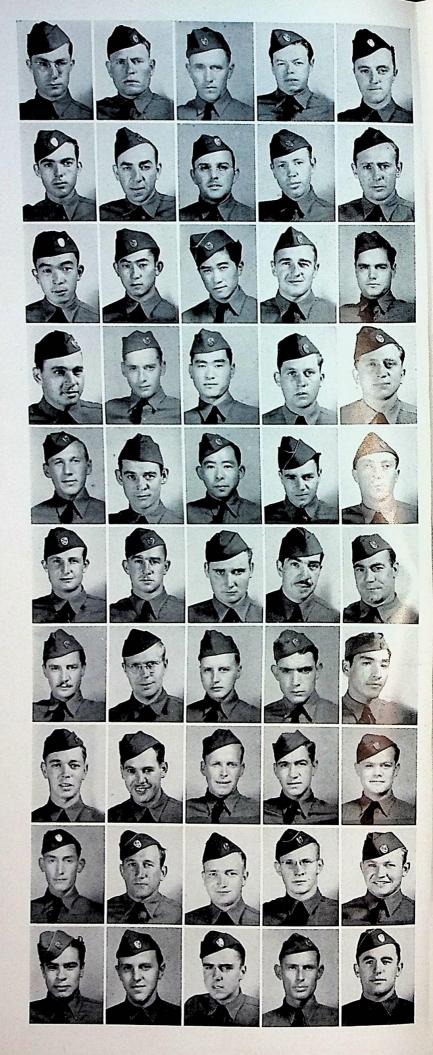
Sixth Row: Privates Lonie, William R.; Lowers, Ivan H.; Loy, Theron F.; Madole, Nobert C.; Mangiaracino, George J.

Seventh Row: Privates Martens, Elmer H.; Meier, Emil A.; Mikolajewski, Edward J.; Mulay, Samuel J.; Munoz, Tomas C.

Eighth Row: Privates Neuman, Walter L.; Nuber, Edward N.; Peters, Leo E.; Peterson, Leslie G.; Powell, Thomas J.

Ninth Row: Privates Runyon, Alvin M.; Rutowski, Ray V.; Schlichenmayer, Herbert; Smith, Raymond T.; Squire, William.

Tenth Row: Privates Torres, Cipriano; Tylinski, John A.; Vackers, Harold J.; Young, Frederick L.; Young, Will A.





EDWARD L. STILLWELL First Lieutenant Commanding



JOHN DEGHETTO First Lieutenant



FREDERICK J. REES First Lieutenant



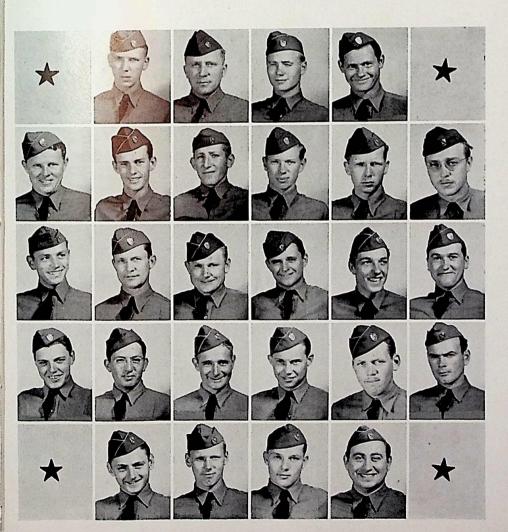
ROBERT E. LEE Second Lieutenant



WILLIAM E. BARTLEY Second Lieutenant

COMPANY I





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Alexander, Thomas A.; Staff Sergeant Beck, George S.; Sergeants Alexander, Robert O.; Collins, Trevor O.

Second Row: Sergeants Feldmeier, Lawrence H.; Johnson, Alford W.; Marks, Nathan M.; Mays, LaVerne H.; Randall, Forrest W.; Reynolds, Edolyne J.

Third Row: Sergeant Sullivan, Roy W.; Corporals Alexander, Alphonsus C.; Bond, L. H.; Brock, Raymond I.; Fablinger, William D.; Fedoroff, John V.

Fourth Row: Corporals Keyes, Charles G.; Labrador, Edward J.; Maddox, Clyde K.; Patriquin, Charles R.; Porter, Henry J.; Rodgers, Joesph W.

Fifth Row: Corporals Spence, Norman D.; Strand, Arthur M.; Tomes, Richard E.; Wollis, Milton.

COMPANYD



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Barker, Robert M.; Beard, Ernest Clay; Belli, Joseph John, Jr.; Burns, Hubert; Chorak, Joseph A.

Second Row: Privates First Class Elliott, Jack L.; Gazeley, Frank N.; Gibson, Norris W.; Henderson, Stanley E.; Hoffman, George H., Jr.

Third Row: Privates First Class Holman, James C.; Jensen, Alton F.; Jensen, Otto L.; Johnson, Forrest N.; Jones, Thomas W.

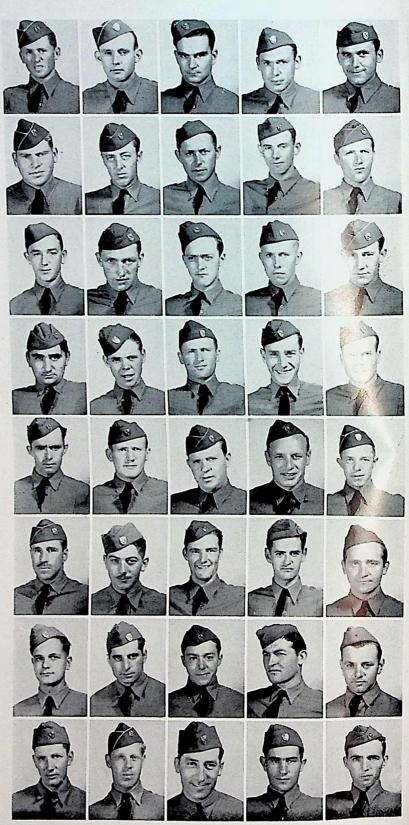
Fourth Row: Privates First Class Kavonian, Joseph A.; McIntosh, William L.; Moses, Millard T.; Motto, James E.; Mulligan, James H.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Nusbaum, Joseph E.; Olson, George M.; Reed, Lester W.; Rogers, Thomas F.; Sarazin, Roy A.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Smith, Francis L.; Vassios, George W.; Webb, John E.; Privates Arce, Tony; Beutlich, Albert R.

Seventh Row: Privates Brown, Harry L.; Cavalier, Domineco; Chellin, Robert; Ciceroni, Mario; Eide, Arthur.

Eighth Row: Privates Enes, Earl W.; Forsberg, Roger M.; Garnero, James J.; Garrett, Morrison, J.; Gibbs, Elmore J.



COMPANY D



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Gibbs, Paul C.; Grudzien, Stephen F.; Guerra, Ernest; Hale, John; Hanlon, Roy W.

Second Row: Privates Hart, Leslie B.; Hatton, Hubert R.; Hawkins, Arel B.; Henke, Carl A.; Herring, Marion E.

Third Row: Privates Higgins, Tom J.; Hill, Herman E.; Hoffman, Harold P.; Holtschlag, Simon J.; Hurguy, John, Jr.

Fourth Row: Privates Hurst, William M.; Jarshaw, George A.; Jenkins, William A.; Johnson, Archie L.; Johnson, Guy G.

Fifth Row: Privates Kelly, William M.; Kirkpatrick, William J.; Kress, Fred; Leura, Eleazar H.; Maggiolo, John L.

Sixth Row: Privates Mayfield, Iven F.; Mc-Guire, Avery W.; McKenzie, Dewey K.; Metzler, Carl J.; Mineo, Ralph E.

Seventh Row: Privates Navis, Sam; Nelson, Paul H.; Ogden, Virgil M.; Ogden, William L.; Ophus, Cecil M.

Eighth Row: Privates Patch, Robert E.; Riley, William E.; Scanlan, Joseph F.; Sutton, Robert E.; Tanner, William L.

Ninth Row: Privates Toran, Frank W.; Tsubota, Minoru: Warpole, Taylor F.; Wolak, Matthew L.; Yen, Melvin L.



HENRY H. VICKREY Lieutenant Colonel Commanding

HEADQUARTERS

Second Battalion

FRANCIS E. TREDGET
First Lieutenant
S-I



DONALD N. MOORE First Lieutenant S-2



LAURENCE P. RHODES First Lieutenant S-4





MARC P. CHOTARD First Lieutenant Commanding



CHARLES R. GLASS Second Lieutenant

Second Battalion



























































(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Staff Sergeant Holmes, S. I.; First Sergeant Wycoff, A. J.; Private First Class Jones, W. K.: Privates Garcia, S.; Luoma, D. W.; Pahare, J. A.

Second Row: Staff Sergeant Abramson, Clifford R.; Sergeant Reynolds, Leonard J.; Corporals Basham, Frank G., Jr.; Burkett, Jesse J.; Joiner, Phillip M.; Quinn, Stanley G.

Third Row: Privates First Class Bent, Karlton M.; Fleming, Bueford B.; Ford, Rodney L.; Hickey, Thomas A.; Lenack, Maurice; Lind, Loren C.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Monroe, George L.; McCarty, John H.; Nichols, Edward J.; Pickering, Andrew M.; Privates Bernards, Robert; Bowen, John W.

Fifth Row: Privates Foresman, Orville G.; Jacobs, Lloyd P.; Jepsen, William C.; Kirkland, John R.; Maf-fei, Tino A.; Martin, Harold

Sixth Row: Privates Mc-Dermott, Thomas F.; Richmond, Franklyn V.; Rorick, Floyd J.; Stanfield, Emery W.; Van Welde, Henry J.







JOHN A. BARTLEY Second Lieutenant



ALBERT L. CASEY Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Sergeants Caudrec, Peter J.; Fabian, John H.; Gillies, John A.; Houghton, William J.; Hurst, William G.

Second Row: Sergeants Ithomitis, Kresphondis A.; Johnson, Hughie; Oltmann, Oscar F.; Quinn, James W.; Wright, Robert S.

Third Row: Corporals Bullard, Gilbert R.; Calfee, William A.; Carlson, Arne A.; Cunningham, Donald J.; Kleine, Irving H.

Fourth Row: Corporals Kovner, Leo M.; Lebow, Arthur; May, Harold, Jr.; Primeau, Donald H.; Slawson, Fred H.



COMPANYE





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Bailey, Gerald P.; Barlow, Melbourne H.; Bertolino, John P.; Carnes, Clyde M.; Diltz, Clyde V.

Second Row: Privates First Class Felton, Donald M.; Geery, Woodrow W.; Graves, Charles L.; Greer, Robert L.; Grove, Harry R.

Third Row: Privates First Class Kalman, Mike D.; Lambert, Dale J.; Lewis, Walter R.; Lydon, John E.; Lydon, Vincent T.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Maekawa, Tom K.; Mercer, Robert J.; Merz, Paul E.; Nye, Lee D.; Ogilvie, John N.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Parrish, Homer T.; Powell, Fred C.; Robrock, Paul A.; Stockton, Orville F.; Sweezey, Robert J.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Terheggen, Robert P.; Turner, Robert L.; Valdez, Modesto; Waltz, James M.; Bennett, Jack T.

Seventh Row: Privates Carmony, Douglas; Edgar, Harold R.; Geer, James H.; Gerns, Robert E.; Green, Frank R. D.

Eighth Row: Privates Inouye, Masami C.; Jacques, Ralph E.; Jewell, Francis C.; John, Sigel E.; Johnston, Edson B.



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Jones, Daniel E.; Jones, Redford; Kawamura, Takeshi J.; Ketterling, Gilbert; Kinkaide, L. J.

Second Row: Privates Kinoshita, Charles T.; Kitagawa, Samuel S.; Kloeker, Kenneth E.; Krambeer, William G.; Korokis, Christo.

Third Row: Privates Krug, Frank P.; Kurimoto, Takumi; Kvasnica, Rudolph; Lake, Burton M.; Larkins, John W., Jr.

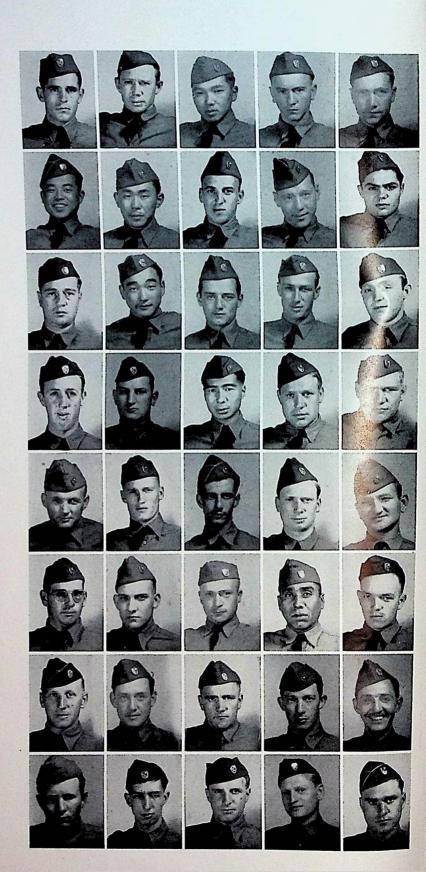
Fourth Row: Privates Loggains, Elmer D.; Lund, Victor; Mark, Hung M.; Martindale, Dick; Massoth, Homer E.

Fifth Row: Privates Maxwell, Everett J.; Mc-Intyre, Everett; Moniz, Edward J.; Neumann, Earl G.; Newell, Virgil R.

Sixth Row: Privates Nichols, Bernard A.; Nix, Charles L.; Payton, Nile; Peerville, Vavages; Posey, Jerome W.

Seventh Row: Privates Printz, August J.; Ramaker, Kenneth E.; Ranum, John; Rideout, David M.; Roles, Rollo R.

Eighth Row: Privates Sanders, Arvie M.; Smith, Gerald C.; Soeffner, John F.; Soiney, Merlin K.; Templeton, Earl A.





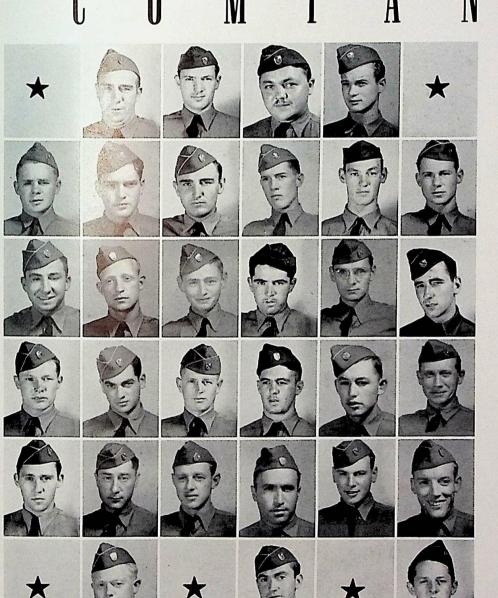
ERNEST E. HANOR First Lieutenant Commanding



WILLARD R. FOLLMER Second Lieutenant



CLARENCE A. SMITH Second Lieutenant





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Gentry, Edward L.; Staff Sergeant Kintner, Floyd M.; Sergeants Abel, Carl M.; Ambrecht, John F.

Second Row: Sergeants Carter, Robert L.: Cendejas, Edward A.; DeCremer, Marshall C.; Goebel, William H.; Goforth, Denzil F.; Goforth, LeRoy F.

Third Row: Sergeants Hasson, Wilson; Holland, Charles W.; Jones, Ralph W.; Rutledge, Francis; Shaffer, Clyde E.; Turrell, Horace S.

Fourth Row: Sergeants Willis, James R.; Wexler, Howard H.; Corporals Adams, Albert G.; Adams, Mereland P.; Chappell, Kenneth I.; Davis, Alfred E.

Fifth Row: Corporals Davis, Hilliard L.; Evans, Vaughn O.; Fuhrmeister, William R.; Ioppolo, Gaetano; Levin, Maurice A.; Lendelius, Ward H.

Sixth Row: Corporals Mason, William C.; Rittmayer, John A.; Wyatt, Robert W.

COMPANY F



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Baker, Charles E.; Borgens, Harold E.; Brown, Robert J.; Bridger, James R.

Second Row: Privates First Class Criss, Ralph A.; Denning, Cecil L.; Dumke, Herbert W.; Dunham, Thomas A.; Ellis, Alfred G.

Third Row: Privates First Class Figueroa, Edward M.; Fuhrmeister, Elmer B.; Gibbs, Monford M.; Gigliotti, John R.; Gregg, Wiliam I.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Hodges, Clarence H.; Ice, Aura J.; Isbell, John R.; Izumizaki, James Y.; Johannes, Henry A.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Kellerian, Viha; Love, Frank A.; Mason, Goyette; Matzkin, Richard W.; Miles, Charles B.

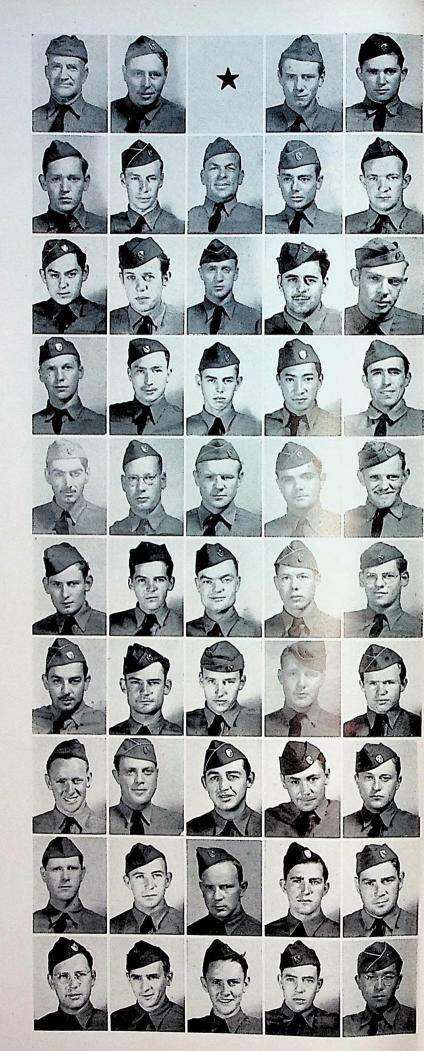
Sixth Row: Privates First Class Perine, Victor J.; Petersen, Carol M.; Rosson, Gerald L.; Schneider, Raymond G.; Semkowicz, Leonard F.

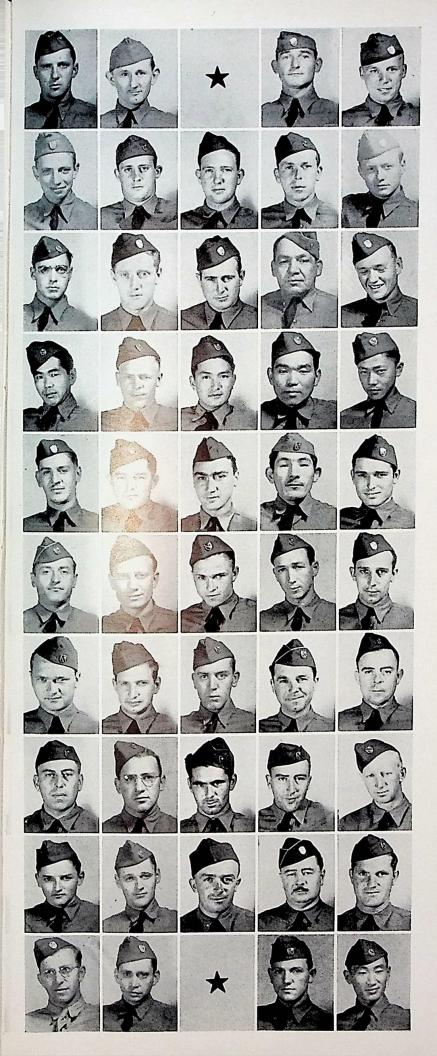
Seventh Row: Privates First Class Strimpel, Louis W.; Tally, Olan R.; Wells, Robert M.; Werstlein, Gordon A.; Williams, George W.

Eighth Row: Private First Class Willis, LeRoy E.; Privates Abel, Frank; Arnoux, George M.; Baca, Lee; Beeghly, Harold R.

Ninth Row: Privates Black Marvin L.; Bray, Thomas C.; Carroll, Robert E.; Ellis, Ewing Andrew; Fahrenholz, Lawrence K.; Gebert, Charles F.

Tenth Row: Privates Heimerman, Wilbur; Herzog, Alfred; Jacobi, William E.; Johnson, Dale E.; Kawami, Kiyoto.





COMPANY F



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Konecka, Alphonse; Lane, Charles A.; Large, Andrew; Lazuran, Peter.

Second Row: Privates Lintner, Elvin L.; Lister, Otho; Lorentz, Lloyd M.; Ludwick, Howard E.; Ludwig, Jacob F.

Third Row: Privates Marrison, James R.; Mc-Conkey, Elmer J.; Miller, Cecil F.; Miranda, Pedro; Mitchell, Jesse L.

Fourth Row: Privates Miyake, Edwin K.; Moore, Carl N.; Nakano, Hiroshi H.; Nakano, Smith J.; Nakaya, Kihoshi C.

Fifth Row: Privates Nasci, Armardo G.; Nickel, Edward; Nichols, William M.; Nolan, Ralph C.; Ogolini Leo S.

Sixth Row: Privates Oksas, Leo E.; Orsag, Louis; Orsburn, Cleo A.; Owens, Herbert H.; Perkins, Robert G.

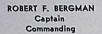
Seventh Row: Privates Peterson, Paul O.; Prochaska, Jerome J.; Pryatel, Paul J.; Rebello, Theodore R.; Rice, Lloyd D.

Eighth Row: Privates Rossow, Leo A.; Sykora, Lavern F.; Rutledge, Edward S.; Terry, Eugene L.; Jr.; Thoreson, Lester R.

Ninth Row: Privates Timmons, Lester J.; Vilhauer, Eugene; Volek, Harry H.; Walsted, George F.; Webb, Forrest A.

Tenth Row: Privates Walsh, Leo F.; Wells, Robert E.; Wise, Jack W.; Yamamoto, Shigeto.







RODNEY S. ELLIOTT Second Lieutenant



BOLLING S. MACH Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Bass, J. A.; Staff Sergeant Bickmore, John H.; Sergeants Beliakoff, David M.; Cannon, Ralph H.; Johnson, Ernest L.; Kremer, Kadell J.

Second Row: Sergeants Shea, E.; Smart, Robert J.; Corporals Burgess, Albert H.; Dusenbury, William N.; Dusich, Steven P.; Lawrence, Marvin G.

Third Row: Corporals McDonald, Virgil F.; Marquette, Raymond W.; Sheckler, William R.; Sullivan, Donald D.; Witherspoon, George.



COMPANY





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Brown, Albert A.; Challenger, Henry A.; Chapel, Russell L.; Crockwell, Leland M.; Earl, Clyde H.

Second Row: Privates First Class Ehrlich, Sheldon; Halberg, Victor C.; Hurst, Fred; Olazabal, Abel V.; Osuna, Ralph.

Third Row: Privates First Class Rendon, Manuel J.; Shepard, L.; Stewart, Harold M.; Swartz, Harvey L.; Thompson, Gail W.

Fourth Row: Private First Class Vance, Harold D.; Privates Barbre, Thomas R., Jr.; Bernier, Robert L.; Bintz, Willis H.; Blend, Carl F.

Fifth Row: Privates Bosch, Henry C.; Brohm, Norman H.; Brush, Beverly D.; Conner, Charles F.; Craig, Luther W.

Sixth Row: Privates Elmore, John W.; Ferguson, Garland B.; Foley, Patrick L.; Junker, Andrew S.; Kieffer, George B.

Seventh Row: Privates Knabenshuh, Kenneth C.; Koklich, Victor; Kolber, Leonard; Kunibe, Thomas S.; Lang, Leonard.

Eighth Row: Privates Lund, LeRoy; McConnell, James W.; Mahurin, Aaron E.; Martin, Marion W.; Matson, Delbert A.

COMPANY G



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Mattingly, Cecil E.; Mayes, Homer H.; Nagy, Louis, Jr.; Norton, Bruce C.; Ochoa, Jose M.

Second Row: Privates Okamoto, Haruo; Oyama, Masa H.; Pagel, John F.; Paule, Chester; Pendergraft, Clarence L.

Third Row: Privates Remlinger, Orville J.; Richard, Harry J.; Rieken, Raymond J.; Robinson, Clarence A.; Rosales, Frank.

Fourth Row: Privates Rossi, Ambrose; Rubach, Homer H.; Rudolph, Philip J.; Sanchez, Dionisio; Sato, Kiyoji.

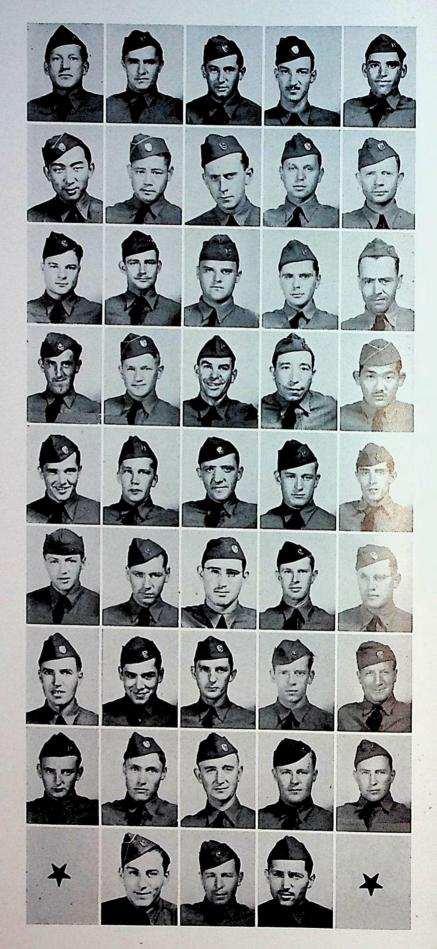
Fifth Row: Privates Scherrer, Earl J.; Scott, Alexander C.; Shaw, Robert S.; Shuck, Homer A.; Snelsire, James H.

Sixth Row: Spann, Clarence V.; Sparks, Raoul; Stevens, Lyle M.; Storhoff, Gordon J.; Sturm, Edward L.

Seventh Row: Privates Strand, Wayne; Theis, Conrad S.; Varnes, John A.; Vlahos, Paul; Watters, Charlie E.

Eighth Row: Privates Webber, Virgil R.; Wendel, Louie H.; Wiertzema, Harry L.; Wittrock, Melvin; Witzel, Sterling H.

Ninth Row: Privates Wolkowitz, Sylvan: Yousefovitch, Nicholas; Zydek, Andrew B.





FREDERICK S. PUTMAN, JR. First Lieutenant



HERBERT E. GEORGE First Lieutenant



EDGAR H. BAILEY Second Lieutenant



DONALD P. REECE Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y H





HAL RANDALL Captain Commanding



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Staff Sergeant Casarez, Amador L.; Sergeants Bower, Hayden M.; Chavez, Rosario.

Second Row: Sergeants Disch, William R.; Ibe, David; Lindorf, Roy K.; Olsen, Jack N.; Quinn, John P.

Third Row: Corporals Berry, William A.; Buckles, Clayton G.; Chavez, Jacob; Clegg, George P.; Diaz, Amador.

Fourth Row: Corporals Graney, James P.; Hodge, Edward G.; Kaun, Francis H.; Keller, Walter; Milton, Ross H.

Fifth Row: Corporals Schieffelin, Elliott; Sito, John A.; Thompson, Elmer B.



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Allen, William A.; Boldt, William W.; Chivas, Emerson H.

Second Row: Privates First Class Conduracki, Peter; Correll, Ernest K.; Curtsinger, Carl; Esper, Stanley J.; Ferriss, Charles W.

Third Row: Privates First Class Hastings, Robert G.; Hisey, Fred W.; Kelemen, Mathias E.; Kordik, George A.; Laughlin, Wayne P.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Lomblad, Arthur S.; Lum, Jack; Malinowski, Edward M.; McKinnon, Alan E.; Minshall, Charles, Jr.

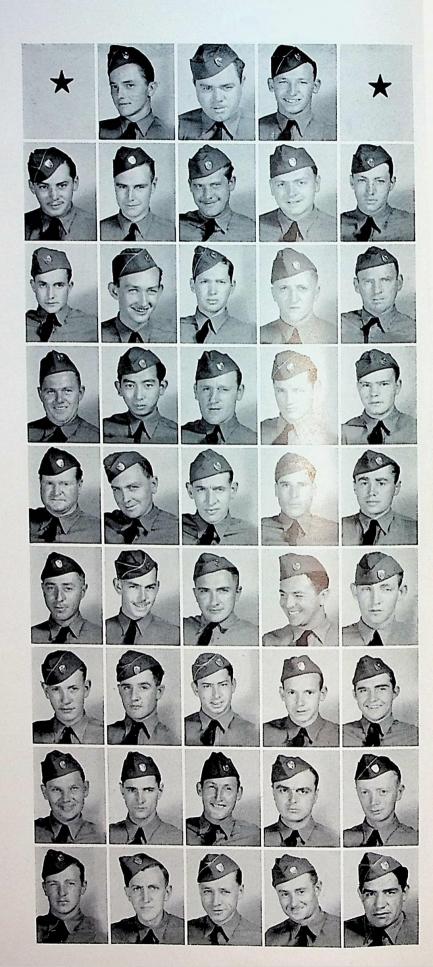
Fifth Row: Privates First Class Mitchell, Robert M.; Nilsson, S. O.; Rifkin, Milton; Rodriguez, Yelario C.; Sandrene, Peter J.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Schueler, Carl W.; Smith, Benjamin; Sonderman, George; Stangler, Rudolph C.; Young, Marshall L.

Seventh Row: Privates Adams, Clark; Benbrook, Jack C.; Breitweg, Robert J.; Bushman, Carl F.; Cooke, Harry W.

Eighth Row: Privates Dowiatt, Louie W.; Foege, Richard A.; Ford, Louis; Frankoviah, Walter F.; Gilbertson, Robert E.

Ninth Row: Privates Glander, Harold D.; Golzniak, John F.; Grabowski, Vincent V.; Grauf, Paul J.; Guteirrez, Ramon R.





COMPANY H



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Hartmann, Earl B.; Hesse, Edwin L.; Ichino, Frank; Imroth, Clarence; Jeske, Clifford E.

Second Row: Privates Kolda, Emil A.; Lyen, Jack; Maughermar, Jack W.; McAndrews, John J.; McCorkle, James W.

Third Row: Privates McCoy, Edward J.; McDonald, Clarence W.; Mihok, Joe N.; Mikulak, Mike; Miller, Charles O.

Fourth Row: Privates Miller, Ellis W.; Miller, Merlin L.; Min, Lee J.; Misiak, Casimir J.; Mordish, Matt.

Fifth Row: Privates Morgan, William; Morrison, Clyde A.; Mowery, Francis B.; Nader, Michael L.; Nakata, Tomio.

Sixth Row: Privates Naparty, Joseph; Nardinelli, Harry J., Jr.; Newlin, R. P.; Nishita, Daniel S.; Norman, Alvin B.

Seventh Row: Privates Pace, Nichael M.; Patten, Douglas S.; Peirce, David R.; Pett, Merlyn J.; Pienta, Frank J.

Eighth Row: Privates Provencio, Joe B.; Ragle, Eugene B.; Rahmel, Herbert H.; Rios, Robert A.; Rivera, Elias C.

Ninth Row: Privates Robinson, Orin K.; Rodriguez, Jose P.; Stoddard, Wilbur H.; Sylliaasen, Pershing A.; Szito, Joseph S.

Tenth Row: Privates Tobias, William J.; Turpin, Marvin D.; Vining, Ernest F.; Waechter, Herbert M.; West, Joseph T.



WILLIAM B. ZELLER Major Commanding

HEADQUARTERS

Third Battalion

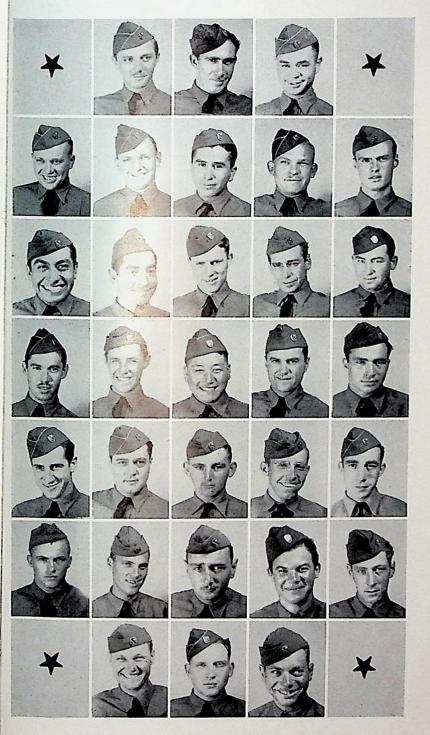
JAMES W. SCHMUCK Second Lieutenant Adjutant



*

HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT









CHESTER E. FOXE First Lieutenant Commanding

FRANCIS J. BYRNE Second Lieutenant



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Sergeant Knowles, R. H.; Corporals Burton, J. L.; Guayante, Joe A.

Second Row: Corporals Pierson, D. G.; Von Ruden, F. A.; Urbino, F. R.; Wood, P. E.; Private First Class Benedict, L. A.

Third Row: Corporal Ceniceros, J. M.; Privates First Class Geck, R. M.; Gordon, C. W.; Jenkins, L. K.; Logan, Wm.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class McIntyre, C. L.; Oland, J. M.; Nishida, T.; Norris, C. C.; Smith, L. E.

Fifth Row: Privates Winslow, L. F.; Black, E. L.; Castleman, J. C.; Private First Class Finner, R. O.; Private Gabriel, T.

Sixth Row: Privates Hamar, C. O.; Jones, B. A.; Privates First Class Maslov, W. E.; Mesch, A.; Private Moen, N. V.

Seventh Row: Private First Class Mills, A. E.; Privates Nelson, B. H.; Smith, J. A.



GENARD W. ROSSEAU First Lieutenant Commanding



JAMES A. HOPKINS First Lieutenant



HARRY L. LOGAN Second Lieutenant



HENRY R. PETERSON Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Canning, Rex W.; Sergeants Barnes, Howard W.; Cameron, Alan D.; Carr, Melvin L.; Colyer, Samuel J.

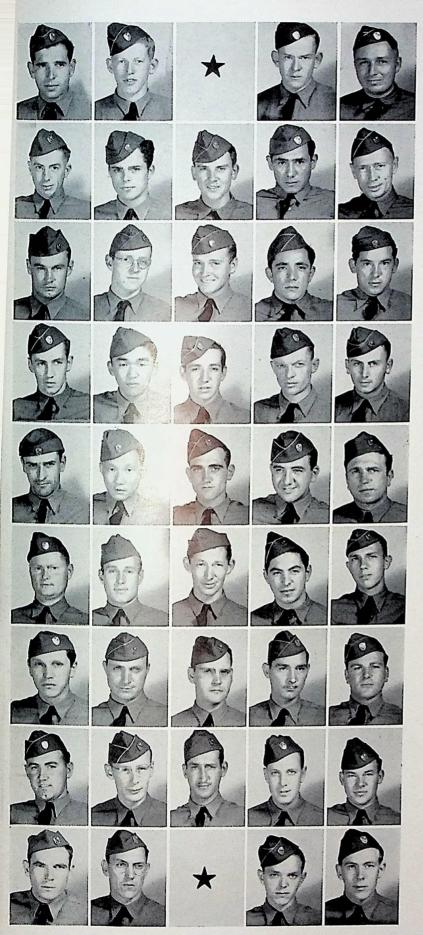
Second Row: Sergeants Culjak, William J.; Fornaseri, Angelo J.; Haney, Wayne M.; Kammerer, C. W.; Knoblock, Robert J.; Mach, B. S.

Third Row: Sergeants Mitchell, Richard F.; Perez, Julio V.; Pico, Alfred J.; Rowlinson, Ledford W.; Corporals Dean, Jerome D.; Duggan, Robbie R.

Fourth Row: Corporals Farrell, Jerry H.; Foerstel, Norbert J.; Halaas, Eugene M.; June, Coleman A.; Melkersman, Fred B.; Rawson, Clayton E.

Fifth Row: Corporals Robbins, James C.; Royden, Robert F.; Scholey, Robert L.; Semion, William; Teodo, Marco.





COMPANYI



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Alegria, Joseph F.; Arneson, Leslie W.; Blackwood, Waves F.; Book, Walter M.

Second Row: Privates First Class Bowen, Louis E.; Carter, Norvle H.; Casey, Edward J.; Castillo, Albert G.; Clark, Aubrey E.

Third Row: Privates First Class Cooley, Everett M.; Erwin, Tommy A.; Gray, Jess E.; Gutierrez, Ray; Hamala, Edward.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Hogan, Melvin L.; Kato, Minori; Koenig, Vernon A.; Kuhlenbeck, Max F.; Larsen, Marion W.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Meyer, Alfred G.; Michisaki, Henry I.; Parkhurst, Frank A.; Paolillo, Ciro A.; Peri, Charles P.

Sixth Row: Privates First Class Porter, Arthur M.; Prows, Leland J.; Rodman, Sherby M.; Ruiz, Louie; Sampson, Earl.

Seventh Row: Privates First Class Schneider, John J.; Segar, Ervin H.; Smedstad, Trygve N.; Swinehart, Ira L.; Washneiski, Frank W.

Eighth Row: Privates First Class Wilger, Robert F.; Wilkins, Donald J.; Privates Altergott, Henry; Bergevin, Andrew J.; Betts, Leonard J.

Ninth Row: Privates Bevill, John R.; Brooke, James E. W.; Bush, Richard M., Jr.; Busse, George E.

COMPANYI



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Cooney, Joseph P.; Day, Travis E. B.; Erickson, Lief B.; Fisher, Ame E.

Second Row: Privates Fisher, Horace F.; Fleisch, Stanley G.; Gorman, Howard B.; Harris, Robert A.; Jolicoeur, Edward L.

Third Row: Privates Kloth, Harry H.; Koch, Eugene D.; Kojiro, Bert Y.; Korpi, Arne A.; Markulis, John F.

Fourth Row: Privates Newman, Alvin C.; Noel, Freeman; O'Connor, George L.; O'Neil, Leonard J.; Orr, Robert I.

Fifth Row: Privates Otto, John F.; Overnack, Thomas A.; Page, Vodrey C.; Parker, Steve; Parsons, Joseph B.

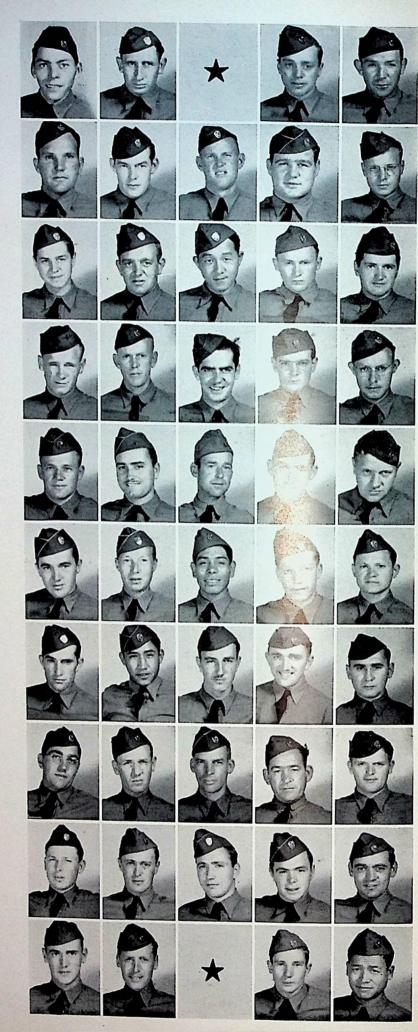
Sixth Row: Privates Pathuis, Henry; Patterson, Elmore A.; Perez, Lorenzo A.; Peterson, Ervin E.; Polak, Andrew F.

Seventh Row: Privates Reiman, Rudolph D.; Randoll, Edward C.; Repinski, George C.; Richards, John M.; Riemersma, Harvey.

Eighth Row: Privates Riemersma, John W.; Robb, Jesse A.; Robinson, Samuel S.; Robles, Leanardo S.; Roelofs, John.

Ninth Row: Privates Roether, Hulyn G.; Salisbury, Kenneth W.; Smith, Lauren M.; Smith, Winslow E.; Theroux, Albert P.

Tenth Row: Privates Viera, D. R.; Valerius, Gregory P.; Wessels, John; Wong, Mar.





MAURICE D. STRATTA Captain Commanding



JOHN N. MacDONALD First Lieutenant

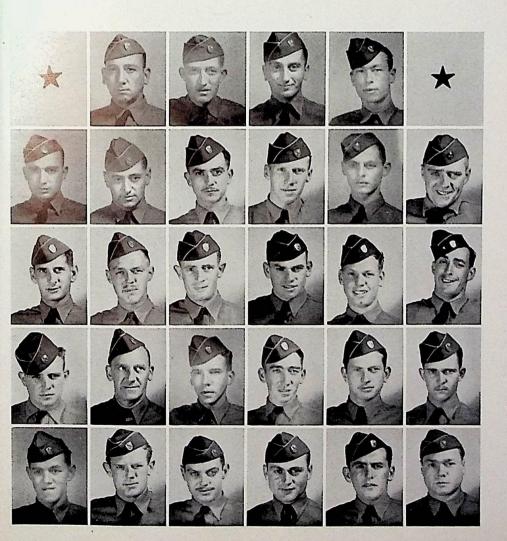


JOHN P. PHILLIPS Second Lieutenant



ROBERT J. HILLS Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Hodges, Henry H.; Staff Sergeant Mannell, Robert S.; Sergeants Carter, Rolland O.; Dick, Robert C.

Second Row: Sergeants Dulin, Dottice O.; Fiore, Guy R.; Frederico, Anthony J.; Freppoli, Aldo J.; Goss, Geoffrey H.; Hamilton, Ralph E.

Third Row: Sergeants Harrison, De Wayne; Harvey, Francis W.; Lamb, Louis J.; Mason, Joe F.; Miller, Robert E.; Olivas, John M.

Fourth Row: Sergeants Pierson, Charles E.; Smith, Fred; Corporals Benway, Donald H.; Bonus, Lawrence M.; Buchanan, John A.; Clement, John D.

Fifth Row: Corporals Ham, Leon K.; Keef, Fred H.; Lease, Milton R.; Lewis, John; Mueller, Robert W.; Weaver, John H.

COMPANYK



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Atkinson, Jack D.; Banks, Glen H.; Cook, Fred W.; Davis, Burtis E.; Franks, Robert M.

Second Row: Privates First Class Froschauer, Albert F.; Hamilton, John A. W.; Hockett, Victor D.; Leake, John L.; Mantecon, Frank.

Third Row: Privates First Class McCue, Martin G.; McDaniel, William D.; McMahon, John B.; Menden, Richard H.; Norwood, Richard H.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Obergfall, Rudolph C.; Ott, Charles J.; Pryor, Benjamin W.; Rowe, Merritt G.; Ryan, Frederick H.

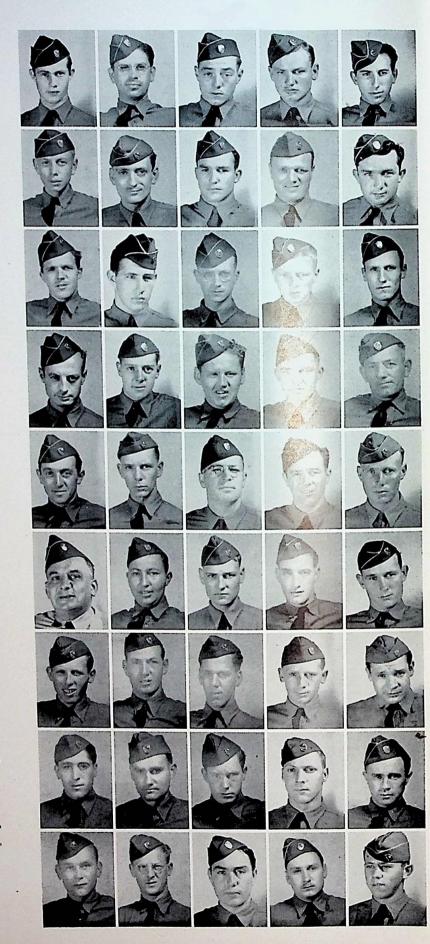
Fifth Row: Privates First Class Samuels, Winfield H.; Schiebelhut, Roy H.; Sheehan, Harry F.; Sheehan, Jack E.; Simmons, Richard G.

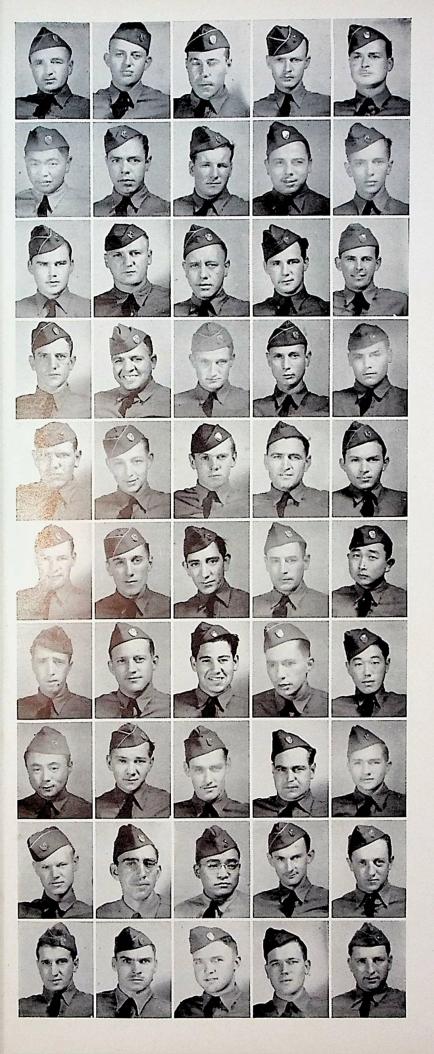
Sixth Row: Privates First Class Stanley, Jack; Weigandt, Howard C.; Wells, Walter T.; Werner, Eric G.; White, Hubert.

Seventh Row: Privates First Class Williams, Donald L.; Young, Arthur R.; Younkin, Ralph C.; Privates Carpenter, Harold R.; Chavez, Joe O.

Eighth Row: Privates Chavez, Roman; Christensen, Herman A.; Cochran, Leroy; Cooper, Carl W.; Cummings, Alfred T.

Ninth Row: Privates Daft, Henry W.; Forrester, Robert B.; Giebler, Victor J.; Glesmann, Fred H., Jr.; Hansen, Hubert W.





COMPANY K



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Helmer, Harry D.; Hoffman, Clarence J.; Johnson, Carl A.; McCann, Floyd E.; Mills, Douglas W.

Second Row: Privates Nakagawa, Charles N.; Olguin, Joe R.; O'Malley, John J.; Paulus, Denis E.; Peak, Charles R., Jr.

Third Row: Privates Pfeiff, Edward H.; Polaczynski, Stanley F.; Poppe, John G.; Porter, Clyde F.; Pracher, Peter P.

Fourth Row: Privates Pream, Donald K.; Rabeeh, David J.; Radabaugh, Orlie E.; Rader, Harry W.; Reams, Arthur D.

Fifth Row: Privates Riley, Roy R.; Rose, Claude A.; Rozmaryn, Ted; Ruf, Pete; Rust, John G.

Sixth Row: Privates Rutkowski, Charles J.; Ryan, Maurice A.; Sanchez, Charles; Sanftner, Leonard A.; Sasashima, Chester.

Seventh Row: Privates Schwanek, John J.; Shaw, James S.; Shaw, John C.; Shearer, Leonard E.; Shiga, Kiichi.

Eighth Row: Privates Shimakawa, George J.; Slogar, Bernard J.; Smith, Otto A.; Smith, Wardie W.; Strain, Paul W.

Ninth Row: Privates Swanson, Wilfred L.; Swickard, Ralph C.; Takahashi, William M.; Taylor, Carl L.; Travis, Edward R.

Tenth Row: Privates Tuccitto, Corrado J.; Walle, Clarence R.; Walle, Everett E.; Webb, Weldon W.; Wilson, Charlie R.



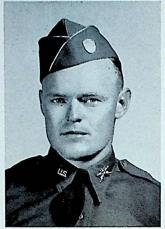
SILAS W. BASS Captain Commanding



JOHN M. MOORE First Lieutenant



RICHARD D. McDOWELL First Lieutenant



THOMAS P. LYNCH Second Lieutenant

C O M P A N Y



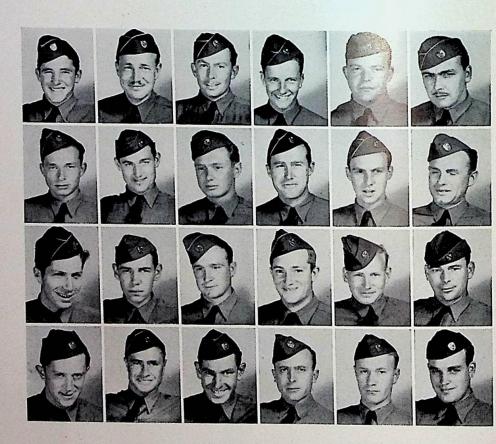
(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Sergeants Clegg, Lyle A.; Deardorff, Raymond A.; Erskine, Henry E.; Hamilton, Ian M.; Holcomb, Verne M.; Hunt, Jack E.

Second Row: Sergeants Ilnicki, Alex N.; May, Everett H.; Mc-Cready, Burton; McCready, Albert W.; Olson, Gerald R.; Roberts, Morris E.

Third Row: Sergeant Tevis, Jack M.; Corporals Anderson, Wilford; Bobbitt, William E.; Collins, Leland S.; Grevin, Herman J.; McCauley, James C.

Fourth Row: Corporals Reilly, John A.; Smith, Ralph C.; Turner, Roy A.; Van DeVelde, Victor B.; Walker, Harry W.; Wood, Edgar M.



COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Ballinger, Arthur B.; Barager, Lynne L.; Cox, Alvord L.; Feldman, Bernard G.; Fogle, Harold C.

Second Row: Privates First Class Giza, William S.; Graham, Thomas E.; Gustafson, Anton U.; Karstens, Harry E.; Martin, William B.

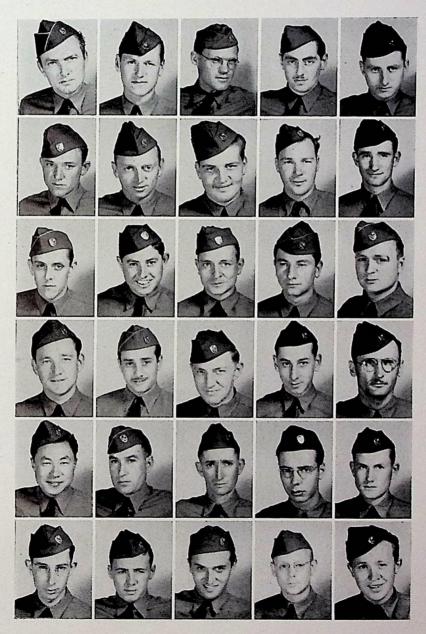
Third Row: Privates First Class Quinn, John B.; Reid, Lloyd B.; Rhine, Charles W.; Seely, Ralph S.; Sohrakoff, Paul J.

*

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Stull, Melvin A.: Sunseri, Joseph J.: Tipperreiter, Charles J.: Velasco, Earle L.: Wasco, Peter J.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Yamani, Michio; Yows, Calvert A.; Privates Allison, John H.; Booth, Alfred O.; Cooper, Arthur H.

Sixth Row: Privates Dickerson, Phillip B.; Domka, Johnny; Finkelstein, Leo; Fischer, Arthur E.; Fleming, Don R.



COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Fultz, Everett L.; Gadecki, Henry T.; Giger, Clarence W.

Second Row: Privates Greeb, Allie K.; Gusewelle, Walter E.; Hafford, Dudley A.; Hasting, Harold L.; Hayna, Walter G.

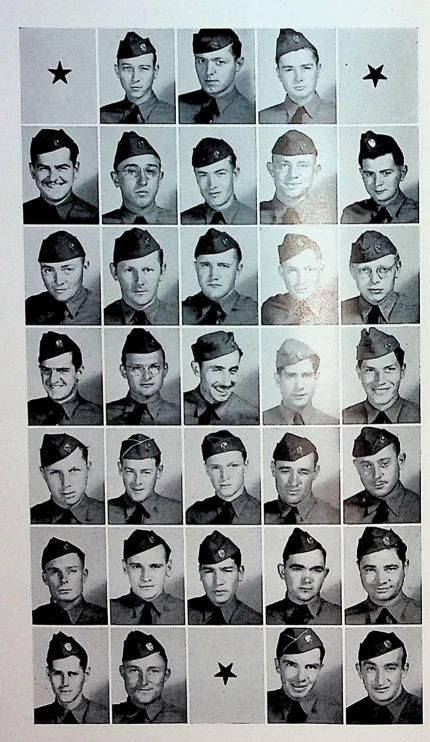
Third Row: Privates Knutson, Rueben L.; Kopecky, Joseph; Likes, Eldon L.; Maxwell, Lynn M.; McClure, Rexford H.

Fourth Row: Privates Nowak, Ted C.; Rudman, Frank; Sabo, John; Santone, Charles; Schneider, Wesley P.

Fifth Row: Privates Sesplankis, George; Slane, Austin F.; Stephens, Frank D.; Stupar, Rudolph; Szigeti, Ernest A.

Sixth Row: Privates Talley, Leonard O.; Tarnowski, Flory; Torres, David E.; Towell, Fred R.; Vidmar, Joe P.

Seventh Row: Privates Walker, William T.; Weiss, Frank J.; Yencsik, George; Zwick, Carl.





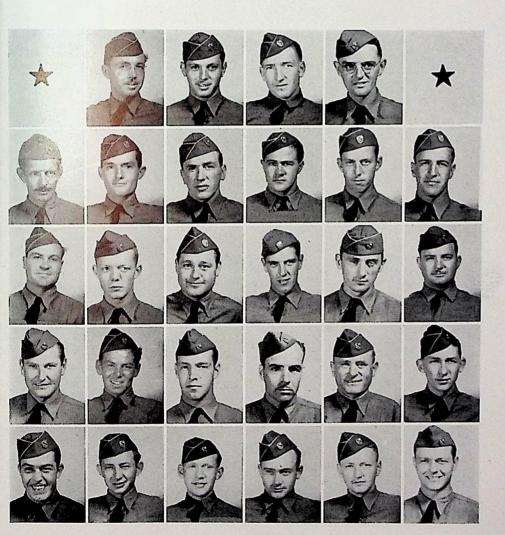
MICHAEL C. MATTIS
Captain
Commanding



DAVIS T. BRAMSON Second Lieutenant



CHARLES W. BROWN Second Lieutenant





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: First Sergeant Neiswender, Carl H.; Sergeants Arnold, Jean H.; Coots, John W., Jr.; Gorton, Charles R.

Second Row: Sergeants Hammerslack, Richard M.; Hoover, Robert E.; Howell, William O.; Mabry, William S.; Nuttmann, Theodore R.; Roser, Dean.

Third Row: Sergeant Webb, John H.; Corporals Brunton, Wendell L.; Caldwell, Lewis A.; Cooke, Richard A.; Duncan, Harold W.; Ellyson, Vern E.

Fourth Row: Corporals Gaines, Jack H.; Gillam, Clyde L.; Hopper, Byron A.; Keach, Lambert G.; Le Marr, Helmar; Lowry, John R.

Fifth Row: Corporals Mallon, Robert K.; Ogg, Glenn L.; Petersen, Fred H.; Russell, Mark J.; Thilgen, Gerhard W.; Tinsman, Lee I.

COMPANY



(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Davis, Bert; Francis, William D.; Freauf, Edward T.; Gardner, Walter; Gierwiatowski, Henry.

Second Row: Privates First Class Giffin, Ralph G.; Goodsell, Merl W.; Halstead, Robert M.; Loes, Edwin B.; Lynch, Frank J.

Third Row: Privates First Class McGuire, Robert E.; Moore, Monroe M.; Newman, Art C.; Romero, Alfonso E.; Stautihar, John J.

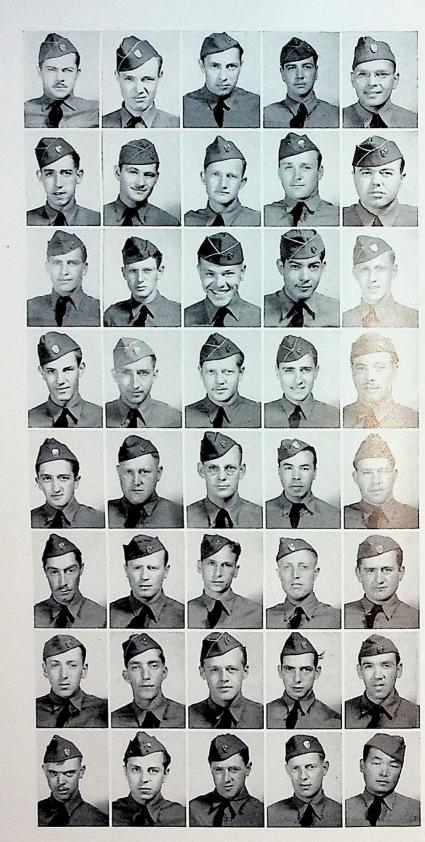
Fourth Row: Privates First Class Sonntag, Frederick H.; Tate, Ira G.; Vogel, Roy G.; Walsh, John R.; Warnick, Alonzo W.

Fifth Row: Private First Class Witzke, Richard W.; Privates Beach, Lawrence H.; Crittenden, Rex A.; Davilla, Rudolph B.; Dodgion, Orville S.

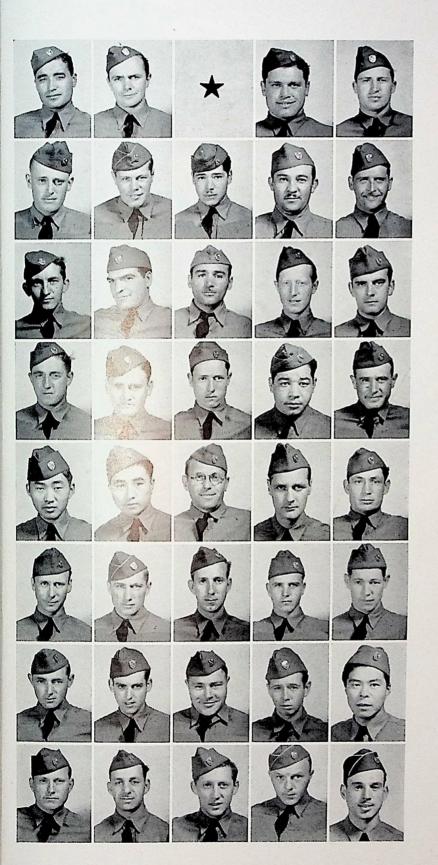
Sixth Row: Privates Eberlein, Louis A.; Frandsen, Kenneth D.; Freres, Frederick B.; Frerichs, Walter L.; Gaul, Roman A.

Seventh Row: Privates Gavreen, Louis M.; Goss, Leo E.; Harfst, Harold F.; Hart, Harry; Hartung, Christian A.

Eighth Row: Privates Hawley, Clayton J.; Headon, Richard L.; Jankowski, Edward; Jones, Leslie W.; Matsuoka, James T.



COMPANYM





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Moomaw, Robert L.; Oblad, Arthur E.; Ortega, Jesus M.; Pohle, Robert A.

Second Row: Privates Riggs, Warren E.; Roth, Harry W.; Salazar, Emilio; Sanchez, Clovis; Sauck, Alfred R.

Third Row: Privates Secka, Joseph F.; Serritella, Sam J.; Silletto, Raphael; Slack, Lester R.; Slapke, Richard E.

Fourth Row: Privates Smalley, Marion S.; Smole, Chester R.; Souder, Ross D.; Stevens, Anthony; Szoke, Steve.

Fifth Row: Privates Tanaka, Wilbert T.; Toma, Takeyuki; Trepel, Walter G.; Triebel, Charles F.; Trujillo, Sisto T.

Sixth Row: Privates Verrette, Earl N.; Vos, Dick; Wagner, Elmer K.; Watts, Joseph W.; Wencke, John.

Seventh Row: Privates West, Lee W.; Willson. Glenn R.; Wilt, Woodrow P.; Wolf, Charles W.; Yamauchi, Masao.

Eighth Row: Privates Yates, John R.; Yazegy, George C.; Zussman, Louis A.; Zmuda, Theodore; Zulim, Vinco J.



MEDICAL DETACHMENT



LARENCE S. SINGLETON
Major, D. C.



MELYYN R. MIRANDA Captain, M.C. Detachment Commander



DREW B. MEILSTRUP Captain, M.C.



GLEN E. JONES Captain, M.C.



A. V. ANDREWS First Lieutenant, M.C.



(Reading from Left to Right)

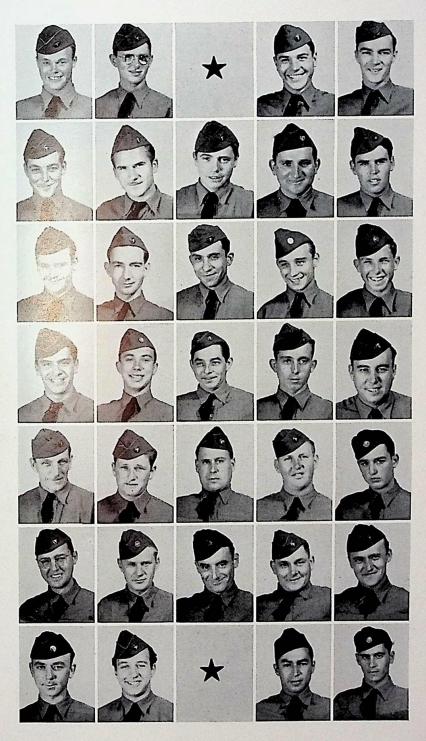
First Row: Technical Sergeant O'Donnell, Terence M.; Staff Sergeants DeRyk, Overton D.; Smith, Ralph.

Second Row: Sergeant Beuer, Herbert A.; Corporals Hall, Richard C.; Mandella, John C.; Private First Class Seaman, Kenneth F.



MEDICAL DETACHMENT





(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates First Class Adcock, James M.; Anthony, Ray G.; Butcher, Joseph H.; Carteri, Jack.

Second Row: Privates First Class Clark, LeRoy A.; Coffey, Alvin F.; Davis, Leland L.; Fehringer, Louis L.; Hand, Robert W.

Third Row: Privates First Class Johnson, Wallace J.; Litsinger, David W.; Martinez, Mack C.; McArthur, James E.; McMullan, Robert J.

Fourth Row: Privates First Class Mendiaz, Leo C.; Murray, William C.; Snay, Maynard J.; Snyder, Dale R.; Thomas, John L.

Fifth Row: Privates First Class Topel, Henry T.; Zuckerman, Sam W.; Privates Berg, Charles B.; Bertsch, Ephraim; Boerbon, Robert B.

Sixth Row: Privates Bromfield, Ernest R.; Broten, Edwin O.; Brown, John J.; Buske, Melvin E.; Butkiewicz, Leonard.

Seventh Row: Privates Cecan, Edward I.; Dalton, Jack R.; Dendtler, Knud L.; Dodd, Frank.

MEDICAL DETACHMENT







(Reading from Left to Right)

First Row: Privates Douglas, Charles E.; Eda, George; Endress, Robert C.; Forshee, Lloyd.

Second Row: Privates Freitag, John L.; Hilborn, Thomas F.; Hinton, Ora A.; Holmstrom, Robert W.; Lamb, Deedy I.

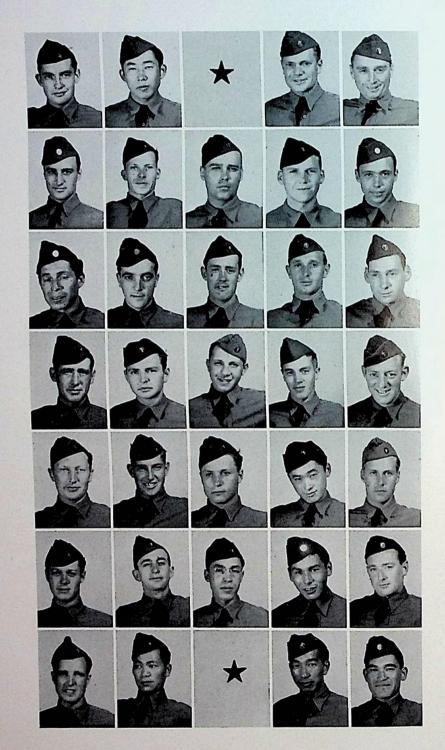
Third Row: Privates Ordunez, Robert Cadena; Quilici, Moriano; Raymond, Woody S.; Renaud, Lyle; Rich, Wilber L.

Fourth Row: Privates Riggs, William E.; Riley, Stanley D.; Rovner, Bernie L.; Ruble, Oscar A.; Saliou, Raymond A.

Fifth Row: Privates Sauer, Norman A.; Sellers, Lawrence W.; Senti, Charles E.; Shintaku, Wataru; Sjoblom, Sigrud A.

Sixth Row: Privates Smith, Curtis L.; Sonday, Floyd F.; Taniguchi, Frank H.; Warren, Howard W.; West, George.

Seventh Row: Privates Williamson, George Bud; Wong, Doo D.; Wong, Wah O.; Yamane, Kiyoto.





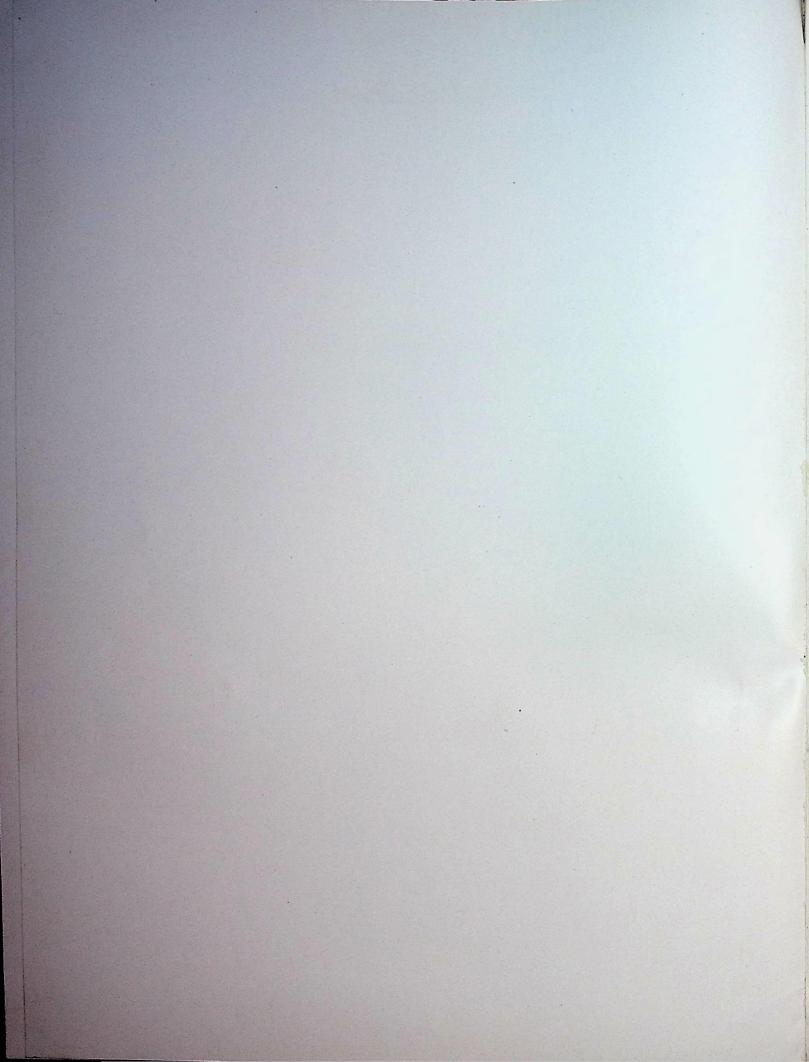
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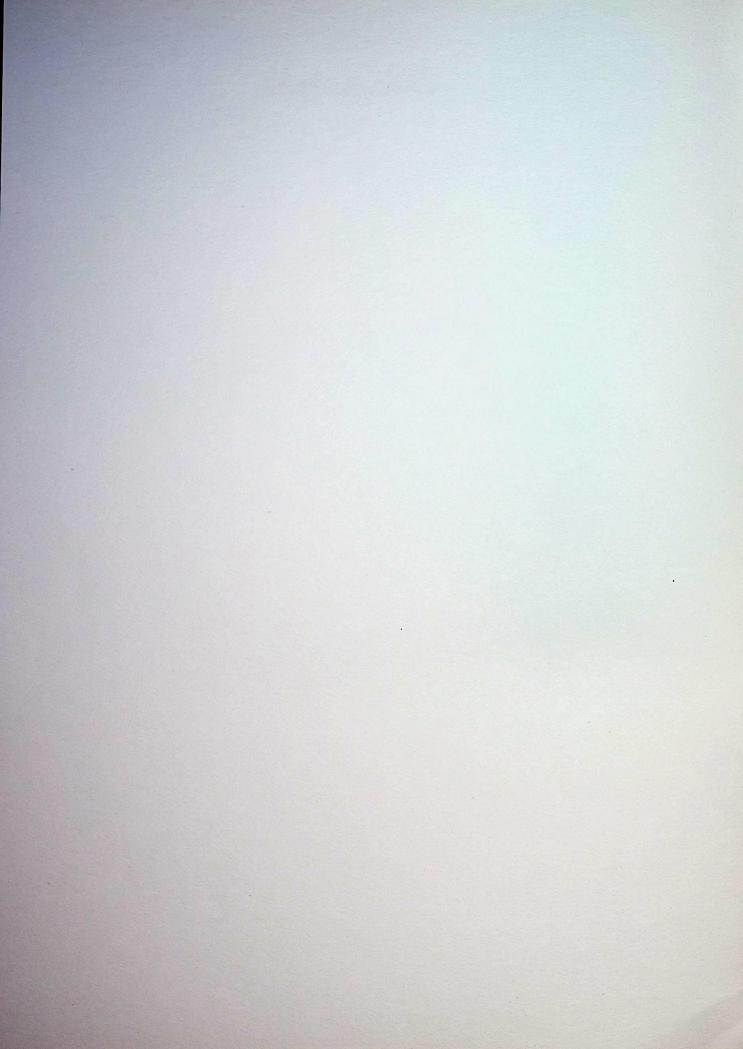
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA SHREYEPORT, LOUISIANA NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

WEST COAST OFFICE

Room 211, 700 S. LaBrea Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.



Autographs



Snapshots

